"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Thursday, rising temperature; southeast winds.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXVI...NO. 21,781. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1917.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

MARTINDALE SHORT $300,000 AS HEAD OF CHEMICAL BANK

United States Controller Finds That Late Financier Was a Systematic Defaulter.

BEGAN SIXTEEN YEARS AGO

Depositor's Account Found to Have Been Falsified by Charity Gifts.

ENTIRE LOSS IS MADE GOOD

Discovery Came When Martindale Was In Hospital During His Last Illness.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The office of the Controller of the Currency tonight announced that J. B. Martindale, President of the Chemical National Bank of New York, who died in July, was a defaulter to the amount of $300,000 or more. It was stated that the defalcation ran over a period of sixteen years while Mr. Martindale was Vice President and President of the bank.

The discovery of the crime was made at the end of June, when Martindale was in a hospital. He had usually been present at the bank at the end of each month, manifestly to attend to the balancing of the deposit account from which, according to the Controller of the Currency, he had systematically taken funds. On Martindale's first absence Vice President Twitchell found that a practice existed by which, under Martindale's orders, the teller would bring to him the statements of the account. This aroused suspicion at once, and resulted in an investigation which determined finally the fact of the defalcation and its extent.

The Chemical National Bank arranged immediately to make good every dollar that had been stolen. Under the direction of W. H. Malburn, Chief Bank Examiner, formerly Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, the regular examination of the condition of the bank had been made with great care, and it has now progressed so far that Mr. Malburn was able today to telegraph to Controller Williams that the Chemical National was in fine condition.

The discovery that the head of such a strong financial institution—which is rated as one of the one hundred largest banks in the United States, with resources amounting to $49,945,000—could be guilty of the crime of defalcation made it of the highest importance that the most drastic steps should be taken to prove the good name of the institution, and weeks were spent in going over the books and approving the history of every transaction occurring in the period during which Martindale was connected with the bank.

With deposits amounting last year to $38,000,000, and aggregating billions in the long period of Martindale's responsible services, this was a task of great magnitude.

Used a Friend's Account.

It was found that the defalcation occurred in a single account which was made by a personal friend of Martindale. The way he did it was to inform the teller that his friend wanted to make a contribution to a hospital, but did not want his name known in the matter, and so he would check out the amount and take care of the transaction himself. Then he would take care to have the depositor's stamp brought to him, and he would falsify it, according to the Controller, and pass it on to his friend the depositor.

This unusual course was followed in making the announcement of the defalcation from Washington and by the Controller of the Currency. The Controller seems not to have had knowledge of the affair until within a few days ago. The supposition is that the officials of the Chemical National desired to make good the amount taken by their former President before any publicity was given to the scandal. Controller Williams declined to discuss this phase of the matter. He would not comment on the alleged crime of the President of the Chemical Bank and simply stated that he could only say what was necessary in the performance of his official duties.

Embezzled $300,000.

The Controller issued the following statement:

"Investigations recently made show that J. B. Martindale, the late President of the Chemical National Bank of New York City, who died in July, 1917, was an embezzler and forger to the extent of about $300,000. He had been President of the bank since December, 1910, and prior to that had been for a number of years its Vice President.

"The loss will not impair in the slightest degree the capital and surplus of the Chemical Bank, which amounts at this time to $10,000,000, but will be charged out of its 'undivided profits,' which at the present time amount to over $1,500,000 after charging off the $300,000.

"The suspicions of the bank's officers were aroused while Martindale was absent from the bank, ill in a hospital, shortly before his death; and the embezzlement was discovered as a result of an inquiry instituted by Vice President Twitchell, who was recently elected President of the bank to succeed Martindale. The money was not stolen directly from the bank, but was obtained

Continued on Page 3.

"Drink Sun-Ray Water Purest Water in the World."—Advt.

Dr. von Sandt Is Dismissed From His Post in Belgium

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Dr. von Sandt, the civilian Governor of Belgium, has been dismissed, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Amsterdam today.

"The dismissal is incomprehensible," adds the dispatch, "as the Government had trusted him to write the history of the occupation of Belgium. He was the only German official in Belgium who ever gave any evidence of humanity in treatment of the people."

TAGEBLATT RAID DISCLOSES PLOT

Evidence of Nation-Wide Conspiracy Found in Office of Philadelphia Paper.

FUNDS SENT FROM MEXICO

Received from Supposed German Agent — Two More Editors Appear in Court.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 11.—Evidence seized by the Government agents in their raid on the Philadelphia Tageblatt office at 107 North Sixth Street on Monday evening is alleged to show a nation-wide conspiracy against the United States.

In the books and records of the Tageblatt is evidence that it received regular money contributions from a person in Mexico, supposed to have been a German agent. The books also show that the Tageblatt was not supported by the German labor organizations, for which it professed to be the official organ, but had entirel different sources of income

At the same time, the Tageblatt employed a man who came to this country after the war began, whose whole family is in Germany, and who got an important position in the editorial department as a sort of German censor to see that the paper was kept in the right German and anti-American tone.

In the correspondence of the paper letters were found from several prominent Congressmen, including Senator La Follette.

While the Tageblatt editors were drawing on their imagination to manufacture German victories and American distress, food scarcity, military impotence and disaster, the official information sent to the paper by the United States Government departments was thrown into the wastepaper baskets. The Tageblatt editors didn't even take the trouble of opening the envelope containing true information sent out by the United States Government to all newspapers. This kind of news was found in sealed envelopes, just as it was received, in the wastepaper bales recovered in the raid.

The records seized in the Tageblatt raid also indicated that it was in constant communication with Germans throughout the country, and that its serial stories were syndicated German propaganda assembled and sent out in matrix form from the office of the New York Staats-Zeitung. These long syndicate stories were all part of national German propaganda and contained rarely anything except arguments in favor of Germany and twisted historical reviews attacking England, France and Italy, also blaming them for the war, in which Germany was the innocent, inoffensive victim of brutal attack and unscrupulous intrigue.

Besides the two editors arrested at the time of the raid, Herman Lemke, the business manager, and Dr. Martin Darkow, the managing editor; two other editors surrendered today, and their bail was fixed at $10,000 each. The men held today were Louis Werner, editor in chief, and Waldemar Alfredo, an editorial writer. Peter Schaefer, President of the company which publishes the Tageblatt, and Paul Vogel, Treasurer, the other men wanted, were in Cincinnati, it was said, and their counsel promised they would be here Thursday.

SCOUTS SCHEIDEMANN'S VIEW OF WILSON PLAN

Anglo-American Domination Over Europe Is Sought, Says Vossische Zeitung.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 11.—The Berlin Vossische Zeitung today denounces Philipp Scheidemann's assertion to an American interviewer that the peace resolution of the Reichstag majority amounts to much the same as President Wilson's proposals.

The paper says that the Wilson "peace terms" mean the supremacy of the Anglo-Saxon powers over "defenseless Europe," while the Reichstag resolution means that the continental European powers should come to an agreement so as to be able together to resist the future Anglo-American interference. This, it says, would establish a balance of power in the world to replace the British system of a balance of power in Europe.

The Vossische Zeitung denies that the Reichstag attitude on domestic reforms has the remotest resemblance to the "sham democracy" with which President Wilson would endow Germany. "It is entirely false and clearly contrary to the intentions of most of the supporters of the liberal evolution in Germany," it says, "to read the slightest connection between this attitude and Wilson's dubious demands."

Vorwärts, which recently asserted that Chancellor Michaelis in no wise possesses the complete confidence of the Kaiser, who had never dreamed of making him Chancellor until three hours before the appointment was signed, draws out on this point the Vossische Zeitung, which says the reason for Michaelis's sudden and unexpected appointment was the fact that the Socialists opposed the candidacy of the man who, up to the last moment, had been the most probable Chancellor.

The opinion is growing, says Vorwärts, that Michaelis hopes presently to use the support of the Pan Germans, Agrarians, and other opponents of the Reichstag resolution. It calls Michaelis the "darling of all enemies of the Reichstag plan of peace by agreement and of political progress."

Your family will be safe at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C., finest summer resort in the world. Not a cure, sick guests not admitted. —Advt.

TALES OF U-BOATS SUNK IN BATTLES BY OUR FLEETS

Letter from an American Boy Which Reaches The Times Says Nine Were Destroyed.

"BODIES OF 47 HUNS" IN SEA

Writer Says Five Transports, Six Destroyers, and Two Airplanes Attacked the Enemy.

ERROR IN NAVY BULLETIN

Department Reports "All" U-Boats Lost in Recent Fight When "One" Was the Fleet's Toll.

Two reports of attacks on American transports by German submarines became current here yesterday. One was a dispatch from Washington given out by Secretary Daniels, which first contained the information that six U-boats had been sunk in the encounter, and later corrected by the Secretary to state that only one submarine had been destroyed; the other, a report in the form of a letter which reached THE TIMES from an American boy now serving at the front.

According to the corrected statement given out by Secretary Daniels from Washington, the American steamer Westwego reported to Paris that on Sept. 5 several American ships were attacked "while cruising" by a massed force of six submarines. One of the submarines was probably sent to the bottom.

The American boy's letter, dated Aug. 25, told of the sinking of four U-boats on one day after an attack on transports, and the finding of the bodies of forty-seven drowned Teuton seamen. Then, the letter continued, the next day a fleet of destroyers sank five more submarines. His letter follows:

On Active Field Service With the American Expeditionary Forces.
Aug. 25, 1917.

Dear Dad: This is deep stuff. This is the positively last letter you will get except censored field postcards. One of the garbs (sailors) on a returning transport will get it to you.

The news I have is big. We came over on the ——, a —— Line tub. But we had a very good passage, only two days' rain. On the last morning, when twenty miles from land, we were attacked by twelve submarines. There were five of us transports, six destroyers, and two airplanes. We got four subs—forty-seven dead Huns floated in next morning—and we didn't lose a ship or man. Yesterday the destroyers went out and surprised the subs at their base, getting five more while they were up for air. The prisoners are just coming in. Kids about 16-17 years old and old men. Some army.

But we have lost some freight steamers lately. Result our army Y. M. C. A. is short of candy, cigars, &c. We have been buying very good cheese, bread, and white wine, however, so don't worry about our insides.

We are in —— now, in a camp of infantry, cavalry, artillery, &c. Our section goes first again, next Thursday to ——, and then —— miles from the front. Some class to us.

We do not get our salary for two months. That's the overseas system. Pay every second month. And, believe me, things are high. The French storekeepers tell us frankly they have no desire to cheat us, but are charging double so they can live through the Winter. Believe me, they need it. So you send along some dough, and it will go for a good cause.

I am in excellent health as are all the boys. We might be in Flatsburg if it were not for the different language. Conditions are almost identical. Seacoast, bathing, (this was once a swell watering place—French cafés open on the boulevard—all that sort of thing.)

I shan't write any more now. You know everything there is to know. I'm taking no chances. I have just enough sense to keep clean all around so you need not worry on that score. Or for that matter you need not worry on any score. This is a safe place, believe me.

I am not writing to mother ——, —— or any of the boys. This will have to be a sort of circular letter because I can only get one through. But you pass the news, dad.

Give my dearest mother all the love in the world. I can't express my feelings, as you know. All my emotions get clogged up and choke when I try to write them. But I know ma is being brave and not worrying. And as for my fat kid vampire sister, dad, well, if she doesn't stay healthy and send me lots of candy I'm going to tell Ol Jemimah. Give my love to ——. Tell her she will hear from me soon. Write to —— or somebody in the frat. Their addresses are all in the ——. Tell them all to send tobacco and cigarettes. If I don't use them, some of the poor fellows will.

That's about all, pa, except for love and kisses and all those pretty things for my relations, friends, enemies, &c. Your loving son,

It must be understood that the writer of the above letter might have been reporting mere fleet rumor, as he had no facilities for investigation.

Officials of the steamship company that owns the transport said last night the Captain reported upon his arrival a week ago at an Atlantic port that he had not sighted anything on the second

Continued on Page 4.

The Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, West Va. Ideal time for the cure. Only one night from New York.—Advt.

Says Germany Keeps Coal From Holland to Force Loan

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 11.—Germany has stopped her export of coal to Holland. No coal trains have arrived here since Saturday, and the supply available in this country is so small that the sudden stoppage is making itself severely felt already.

It is stated on good authority that Germany is employing this method with a view to exerting pressure in order to induce Holland to fall in with the German desire to raise a loan here. It will be recalled that Germany put similar pressure on Switzerland a short time ago.

A German financial syndicate has been in Holland for some time endeavoring to raise money. So far its efforts have been in vain.

By the Associated Press.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 11.—The Telegraaf says it learns that England is prepared to deliver to Holland 180,000 tons of coal monthly, provided Holland places 180,000 tons of shipping at the disposal of the Belgian Relief Commission.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—An official dispatch from Berlin denies that Germany has prohibited the export of coal to Holland, according to the Reuter Amsterdam correspondent.

7TH MARCHES OFF AS CITY CHEERS

Thousands Join in Tribute to Regiment on Way to Spartanburg Camp.

VETERANS LEAD THE WAY

Major Gen. Appleton, on Foot, Escorts Col. Fisk and His 1,800 Fighting Men.

The Seventh Regiment has gone. It matters little that its members, speeding to the camp at Spartanburg, S. C., are still in this country. So far as New York's heart is concerned the Seventh has gone to France, and the one dominant note that throbbed all through the great farewell of yesterday afternoon was the unspoken question in every mind, "Will they come back—and when—and how?"

Led on foot by Colonel Willard Clinton Fisk, the soldiers of the Seventh marched out of their armory at Sixty-sixth Street and Park Avenue with the alert and eager step of men who had a duty to perform and knew how to perform it. As they swung into Park Avenue and later into Fifth, they were greeted by a rolling wave of cheers, which brought a flush of pride to the face of their Colonel and made every man feel as though he were living through the greatest moment of his life.

Promptly at 2 o'clock the regiment left the armory, preceded by an honorary escort of some 200 veterans led by Major Gen. Daniel Appleton. Never was a leader prouder of his men than was this tall, erect, gray-haired soldier with two stars on his shoulders, as he marched down Fifth Avenue afoot for the first time since he was Captain of Company F—"Big Six"—twenty-eight years ago. Behind him was Samuel W. Fairchild, prominent in the Union League, who marched with the step of one ready to march right on to France. Following the veterans came the Police Band, then Colonel Fisk and his staff, and then the men of the regiment, 1,850 of them, with full heavy service equipment.

Reviewed by Mayor.

There was a halt of nearly five minutes just before the procession reached the Union League Club. The bugle call "Forward, March!" was followed by the police band bursting into Cappa's old "Seventh Regiment March," and it seemed as if at least twenty years rolled from the shoulders of every veteran in the ranks and the hundreds watching and cheering from sidewalks and windows.

Mayor Mitchel, surrounded by officers and prominent men of the city, reviewed the regiment from a grand stand in front of the Union League Club. As the regiment passed the club every company in its turn was given an ovation by the spectators on the grand stand. Mayor Mitchel, admiring the appearance and marching order of the men, invariably led the others in the applause. With the Mayor were Colonel J. W. Vrooman, Captain Andrew Mills, August Belmont, General Rush C. Hawkins, Lieutenant W. L. Rich, Colonel W. B. Kip, the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, General James Lester, Cornelius N. Bliss, Captain Paul T. Thiebaud, Richard Delafield, Joseph H. Emery, George F. Kunz, Colonel John H. Foote, Frank H. Norton, and many other members of the club.

When the regiment turned into Twenty-third Street it found the veterans lined up on either side, and as the men in khaki marched between the police band played "Auld Lang Syne." That was the last official word of farewell.

The entire regiment was transported to the Jersey shore on the big West Shore ferryboat, the Cincinnati. As the men stepped on the boat the regimental band broke into "Auld Lang Syne." Colonel

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SWEDEN DECIDES NOT TO RECALL ARGENTINE ENVOY

Foreign Minister Says Lowen Did Not Know Contents of Luxburg Messages.

IN GOOD FAITH, HE ASSERTS

Legation Never Had Guarantee Against Misuse of Facilities, Paper Explains.

"POSTBOX FOR GERMANY"

Branting Denounces "Unpardonable Scandal"—Panic Averted on Stock Exchange.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 11.—Baron Lowen, the Swedish Minister to Argentina, will not be recalled, according to a statement made to the press tonight by Admiral Lindman, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The Foreign Minister told the newspapermen that Baron Lowen was not blamable for the tenor of the messages which passed through the Swedish Legation, sent by the German Chargé to the Berlin Foreign Office, and as he had acted in good faith and did not know the contents of the dispatches he would not be recalled.

Foreign Minister Lindman told newspaper editors also that he would not be astonished if Secretary of State Lansing had more documents of a similar nature in store, emanating from the European side and in good faith and with the consent of Great Britain forwarded to German official representatives in South America.

The public showed great interest in the statement of the Foreign Office regarding the Swedish-Argentine revelations. The statement was made public late this afternoon and was eagerly awaited by the populace, which purchased special editions of the evening papers publishing it or read it from the bulletin boards in front of the telegraph offices.

During the day no officials of the Foreign Office were available for expressions of opinion on the situation. The Cabinet was in session from 2 o'clock in the afternoon until 5 o'clock, after which the Foreign Office communication was made public.

Public Opinion Stirred.

It is the general impression, even among the strongly oposed political parties, that Sweden acted in good faith in the matter of the German telegrams, but public opinion, nevertheless, is stirred by the fact that code telegrams of German origin were permitted to be forwarded without giving the Swedish officials the key to the code, so that they might control the contents of the dispatch.

The incident is expected to place the late Cabinet in an unfavorable light and also to have a great bearing on the general elections now in progress. In these elections the Conservatives already have lost seven seats and the Socialists and Liberals are gaining steadily.

All the newspapers print long editorials on the situation arising from the telegrams sent by Count Luxburg.

"We deeply lament the fact that our neutrality seems to have been infringed by Germany through misuse of our facilities," the Dagbladet says. "The lack of caution displayed by our Foreign Office casts doubts upon our impartiality, which, though they are perfectly justified, must damage and humiliate us. One cannot, however, help feeling that the manner in which the charge has been made points more in the direction of seeking to influence public opinion than to any desire to state the matter for fair consideration. And one wonders whether there is any connection between this and Lord Robert Cecil's interview prophesying that the whole of Europe would arm against Germany."

The Liberal Dagens Nyheter and the Tidningen both assert that they are certain the Swedish authorities knew nothing of the manner in which their facilities were being used and emphasize the point that the revelations afford fresh evidence of the ruthless and scandalous German war methods. The Dagens Nyheter adds that public opinion in the United States and Great Britain is ready to believe the worst about Germany's remaining friend among the neutrals, and that this doubtless will increase the difficulties in the way of Swedish imports from America.

Sweden Issues Defense.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—The Swedish Foreign Office, according to a dispatch from Copenhagen to the Exchange Tele-

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Attack on London by 500 Air Raiders Predicted by American Officer

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—London contemplates the great event in Russia and the crisis in France with less concentration of attention, perhaps, than they deserve. She has troubles of her own. The average citizen of the English metropolis goes to bed wondering at what hour he will be hauled out by German air raiders.

The people are not alarmed, but they suspect the Germans are specializing on London, and that before the raiding season is over they will make an effort on a very large scale to inflict damage.

Nor are they alone in this opinion. I talked today with an American aviation officer who expressed the opinion that some time within the next few months a fleet of 500 Gothas would come to London. "And the irony of it," he continued, "is that they stole the idea of their Gotha from England."

"How can they afford such a diversion of material and men as raiding on a large scale would require?" I asked.

"They can use their regular pilots from the Flanders front without serious inconvenience. These men are put on Gothas when their services are not required in regular war work. Whether the raiding is militarily sound or not the Germans are evidently determined to spoil London's comfort and symmetry. They are probably convinced that they can produce enough demoralization to make it worth while."

KORNILOFF'S ARMY BEGINS ATTACK; KERENSKY SAYS ADVANCE IS HALTED AND HE HOPES TO AVOID CIVIL WAR

Premier Kerensky Sends Message to America Expressing Confidence Government Will Win

PETROGRAD, Monday, Sept. 10.—In answer to a request, Premier Kerensky has made the following statement to The Associated Press for transmission to the American people:

In view of the fact that the Cabinet is sitting uninterruptedly, discussing measures, the premature announcement of which is impossible, I am obliged to withhold a general statement until later, when conditions and prospects may be clearer than now. You may, nevertheless, announce the following:

The situation with respect to the conflict between the Provisional Government and the revolting Commander in Chief is more serious than we earlier contemplated, and it is impossible to predict what developments may ensue in the next few hours. But as regards the fundamental position there is no doubt. The fundamental position is that the Petrograd Supreme Government is absolutely unanimous in favor of all decisive measures which we have prepared and are preparing against the present attempts by a military rebel, in alliance with the reactionary elements of the country, to exploit the fatherland's internal troubles in order to effect a counter-revolution, with the design of robbing the Russian peoples of their hard-won liberties.

So much for the Government. Regarding the nation, I declare that I have no doubt whatever that the mass of the population is behind the Government in its new fight for freedom, and, that being so, I have no doubt whatever about the triumph of our cause. In that triumph I have absolute and unqualified faith.

PRESS MICHAELIS TO YIELD BELGIUM

Important Declaration on That Subject in German Reply to Pope Is Predicted.

CENTRISTS ARE INSISTENT

Elements in Other Parties Unite to Force Change—Reichstag Committee Confers.

Kaiser Confers on Peace; Said to Have Severe Chill

LONDON, Sept. 11.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Amsterdam says:

"Emperor William returned to Potsdam today to receive Dr. Georg Michaelis, the Imperial Chancellor, and Foreign Minister von Kühlmann, when the final decision will be reached regarding the answer to the Pope's peace proposal and the status of Poland.

"The Emperor is said to be suffering from a severe chill contracted on the Riga battlefields."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 11.—The Bayerische Kurier says it has good grounds for stating that Germany's reply to the Pope was considered finally at yesterday's meeting of Chancellor Michaelis's recently created special committee of the Reichstag and Bundesrat. It will contain important declarations regarding Germany's attitude toward Belgium.

The Weser Zeitung's Berlin correspondent, in a dispatch printed in that paper this morning, says that in political circles in the capital it is stated that the Centre or Roman Catholic Party is striving to obtain from the Government a definite statement of renunciation of annexationist claims on Belgium. The Cologne Volkeszeitung today says that Belgium is the cardinal point of the whole war position.

It is interesting to recall in this connection that the Augsberg Postzeitung has declared, on behalf of the Bavarian Centre Party, for the abandonment of all thoughts of the annexation of Belgium. For some time now the Socialist Vorwärts, the radical Berliner Tageblatt, and the National Liberal Frankfurter Zeitung, three of the greatest and most influential papers in all Germany, have been insisting strongly on the vital need for a statement from the Government that Belgium will be fully restored. Many other minor journals have followed this lead.

Meanwhile, throughout Germany every description of Pan German association is passing protests against President Wilson's reply to the Pope and declaring in favor of a peace by German victory only. All this noise is being indulged in with a view to making the Chancellor believe, or strengthening him in the belief, that the Pan Germans are a much greater force in the country than their slight numbers in the Reichstag would suggest, and that he must rule in accordance with the policy of the annexationists or go.

FAIL TO SHAKE WAR ENERGY.

German Peace Tactics Believed by Washington to be Decoys.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—In spite of ironical statements by German officials and in the German press, the German Government is fully aware of the extensive preparations that are being made by the United States for participation in the war. In the view of the State Department, the current efforts to impress the world that Germany is willing to make liberal concessions to bring peace with her enemies are the result of inspiration from Berlin and are intended mainly to give the American Government and people the idea

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Big Comedy Hit, "A Tailor-Made Man," Cohan & Harris Theatre, W. 42d St.—Advt.

BRITISH TURNING TO GEN. KORNILOFF

Convinced Russia Can Be Ruled at Present Only by a Military Dictator.

PLACE HOPE IN COSSACKS

Future of Democracy Regarded as Unavoidably Adjourned Until After the War.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—I have talked with a good many people today about conditions in Russia, and I have not found anybody without a certain goodwill toward Korniloff and his movement. Academically, England is sincerely democratic, but recent experiences in Russia have convinced most people that the country can be got up solidly against Germany only by the strong hand of a military dictator. Korniloff commands confidence in military circles, not only on his record as an officer, but because he is a Cossack. This is the tribe around which intelligent opinion in Western Europe has been clustering hopefully for several months past. The Cossacks are stable and they are fighters. The Cossack leader would have a strong, compact military organization to begin with. Actually there are about twenty divisions of Cossack fighting men who do not need death penalties to keep them in the trenches. It is said by those fresh from Russia that the Cossacks constitute the only one among fifteen or twenty factions that can be tied to in such uncertain conditions as now exist. More than once I have heard Russia likened to the Mexico of a year ago on a magnified scale—a shapeless whole composed of heterogenous parts.

With Riga in German hands and Germans headed toward Petrograd, the discussion of Kerensky's leadership and the future of the democracy are regarded by many as unavoidably adjourned until after the war. The spectacle in Russia during the past few months has not added to the prestige of democracy in the world, and the military ring in Germany has pointed to it constantly as an object lesson to discourage democratic aspirations.

The crisis in France is not regarded as serious. On the contrary, it is hoped that stronger government and better conditions generally will supervene. Within three months there has been steady improvement in public feeling in France, largely growing out of the appearance there of the American advance guard. Pétain's victorious strokes at the Germans have put new spirit into the French Army, and nowhere on the French front are there any conditions that might give aid and comfort to the sinister forces active in politics.

LONDON PRESS OPINION KINDLY TO KORNILOFF

View Taken That He Is Acting to Restore Order, Not in Interest of Monarchists.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Kerensky has the Russian wireless and line telegraph at his disposal and is the first to reach the outside world with his version of what is happening. Korniloff's story has not yet been heard, but though he may be without means of communicating with the outside world he may control the major portion of the disciplined military forces still existing in Russia.

Kerensky's announcements indicate that forces under command of Korniloff are advancing on Petrograd, and there

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"BETTER NOW—than later! You'll be much better, soon——." See last of page 8.—Adv.

PEOPLE WITH THE PREMIER

Loyalty of Troops Being Manifested Everywhere, It Is Declared.

UPHELD BY BALTIC FLEET

Gen. Denikine, Commander on Southwestern Front, and Entire Staff Arrested.

POWER IN PREMIER'S HANDS

Conservative Members Quit the Cabinet and Remaining Members Give Him Full Control.

Armies Reported Fighting; Korniloff Using Big Guns

PETROGRAD, Sept. 11, (10 A. M.)—General Korniloff's march toward Petrograd continues, according to a statement circulated at the Winter Palace this morning and which is repeated in today's newspapers, but which has not been officially confirmed or denied.

The first collision between the troops and the Government forces already has taken place, the followers of Korniloff having begun the hostilities by bombarding Government positions with heavy guns.

The Government is still withholding news concerning the military situation.

A further report is that at 10 o'clock last night two columns of Korniloff's troops entered Gatchina, thirty-five miles from Petrograd, without opposition, and that other forces are moving on Tosno with the aim of cutting the Petrograd Railroad.

The army of General Korniloff operating against the capital is believed to consist of the following: several Cossack regiments, the First Cavalry Corps, "The Savage Division," Telke-Turcoman horsemen, a so-called "Striking Battalion" of picked men organized to fight against Germany, so-called Korniloff battalions, railroad and sapper units, heavy artillery of four divisions, and some batteries of light artillery. All the troops are under command of General Klimoff.

PETROGRAD, Wednesday, Sept. 12, (British Admiralty per Wireless Press.)—An official announcement issued here says:

The superior officers everywhere are acting in agreement with the revolutionary Commissionaries of the Government and the committees at the front. General Denikine, (commander on the southwestern front) and the whole of his headquarters staff have been arrested. General Erdelli, (former Military Governor of Petrograd,) who disobeyed army commands, has also been arrested, together with several members of his staff.

The Baltic fleet, with its officers, has unanimously placed itself on the side of the Provisional Government.

Only small detachments of troops have been moved toward Petrograd by Korniloff. Through deception they have remained deluded regarding their position. The further advance of these echelons has been arrested and the bonds between them broken. Individual units of them have sent delegates to Petrograd with the request that they be furnished with orders to arrest those commanders who have betrayed the Provisional Government.

The Government has taken measures to put Petrograd in a state of defense against attacks, and the hope is entertained that all bloodshed or civil war will be avoided.

Evidence of the loyalty of the troops and people to the Provisional Government is being received from all the provinces, while all public organizations have announced their determination to support the revolutionary Government by every possible means.

It is essential to the safety of the fatherland that complete unity of action be preserved. The Government enjoins absolute calm and urges complete submission to the Government and its representatives.

(Signed.) KERENSKY.

Approach of Korniloff's Army.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 11.—General Korniloff's forces supporting the revolt of the Conservative element against the Provisional Government and the conditions of anarchy in the army are rapidly nearing Petrograd, and the Government infantry is pouring out of the capital to oppose them.

The besieging troops appear to be advancing from several directions.

Korniloff's "Sikaya" division, which was formerly stationed at Pskov, and consists of Georgians and other Caucasus tribemen, is reported to have already occupied Writsa, or Little Vyrayn, on the Perograd-Rybinsk Railway, fifty-four versts (about thirty-five miles) from Petrograd. Twelve versts nearer the capital Government officials

...re tearing up the railroad tracks to impede their progress.

Kerensky is in hourly communication with his Commissionaries at the front, who are instructed firmly to oppose the pro-Korniloff agitation among the soldiery, and in particular to prevent the infection spreading among regiments which are known to be on the side of the Government.

M. Nekrasoff, Minister of Finance, today told The Associated Press that the towns of Pskoff and Duga and the railroad station at Dno were all in the hands of the Government troops.

In the chancellery of the Council of Ministers the correspondent was informed unofficially that at the front the troops loyal to the Government have in many cases arrested their Korniloff commanders, and that therefore there are indications that the revolt will fail.

The Government has suppressed the Novoe Vremya, a prominent Petrograd newspaper, as a punishment for printing prominently M. Korniloff's proclamations, while publishing those of M. Kerensky in contracted form.

General Klembovsky, the commander on the Riga front, has not yet been commissioned chief of all the armies of Russia, "on account of the impossibility of reaching Grand Headquarters," according to the explanation given.

Conservatives Quit Cabinet.

The Constitutional Democratic Ministers having relinquished their portfolios on the ground that the crisis was one for decision by the entire Cabinet and not a directorate, the Socialist members also resigned, in order to give the Premier full liberty of action, but will remain at the head of their departments for the time being, subject to his orders. These Ministers today discussed as an alternative or complement to a directory the formation of a permanent national assembly on the lines of the Moscow conference, to be summoned immediately.

Aside from the defection of the Conservatives in the Cabinet, various prominent politicians and Generals are going over to the Korniloff movement. Alexander J. Guchkoff, the Octobrist leader, who formerly held the positions of President of the Duma, Chief of the Munitions Bureau and Minister of War and Navy ad interim, left Petrograd on Saturday to join the General at Field Headquarters.

General Korniloff in his second proclamation declared that he was the son of a simple Cossack; that he could not tolerate Russia's shame and preferred death. The proclamation accused the Government of acting in the interests of the German General Staff. The Government, it is said, General Kaledines, Ataman of the Cossacks, telegraphed to Premier Kerensky threatening that if he did not accede to General Korniloff's demands the Cossacks would cut the Moscow railway, thus isolating Petrograd.

General Denikine, commander of the Russian armies on the southwestern front, has also telegraphed to Premier Kerensky that he intends to support General Korniloff.

General Vasilkovsky, Military Governor of Petrograd, has resigned and has been succeeded by General Savonkoff, who has issued a proclamation urging the people to be calm, and declaring that every person caught acting against the revolution will be treated as a traitor.

Lieut. Gen. Dmitri Stcherbatcheff, commander of the Russian forces on the Rumanian front, is said to have ordered his armies and also the Odessa military district to take no part in the conflict, at the same time remaining true to the Provisional Government.

Premier Kerensky, it is further declared, has received a telegram from the commander of the Baltic Fleet promising support.

The Isvestia says that, contrary to expectations, the influential Union of the Cavaliers of St. George, the members of which demonstrated against the Government at the Moscow conference, will support Premier Kerensky, and that yesterday at their congress they passed a resolution in this sense.

Meanwhile it is stated officially that detachments of the rival armies have met near Luga and communicated with each other without hostilities breaking out. The bulk of Korniloff's army is understood to have reached Dno, the junction point of the Petrograd-Vitebsk Railroad, eighty miles east of Pskov, General Korniloff's headquarters, and 120 miles from the capital. It was here that the deposed Czar Nicholas was halted while on his way to Petrograd during the revolution.

According to the Bourse Gazette, when the advance guards of cavalry reached Dno they were met by emissaries of the military section of the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates sent from Petrograd to give the council's version of the mutiny to the officers. The delegates delivered Premier Kerensky's Order of the Day and the advance was halted to await further orders.

At the Premier's request, a deputation of Petrograd Moslems proceeded on a locomotive to meet a "Savage Division" of Caucasus tribesmen and Turcomans, who are mostly their coreligionists, and implored them to abandon Korniloff, whom they look upon as the enemy of the revolution. The spokesman of the division answered that they would obey only General Korniloff's orders and denied that they were against the revolution, adding that the real enemies of the revolution were the Petrograd Bolsheviks and the Council of Deputies, who must be suppressed.

Premier Kerensky has sent instructions by wireless telegraphy to all railroad organizations requiring the officials to refuse to obey any order from General Korniloff. In conversations with The Associated Press today leaders of the Petrograd Council of Deputies declared that the Provisional Government's trump card was that the railroad employes were entirely on its side and that obduracy by General Korniloff would result in a general strike, depriving Korniloff of all supplies and of all means of imposing his will on the rest of Russia.

It is declared that Korniloff's emissary, Vladimir Lvoff, is one of the chief organizers of the revolt. It is added that Korniloff is under his influence, and that, in order to make a breach inevitable, he exaggerated to Premier Kerensky Korniloff's demands.

Early Developments of Revolt.

Following, as far as is ascertainable, appear to have been the early developments of the counter-revolution:

After the exchange of telegrams between Premier Kerensky and General Korniloff, on Saturday night, in which the Commander in Chief confirmed his demands made through his envoy, the Duma Deputy Vladimir N. Lvoff, the Provisional Government was unable to get further news from headquarters, but early Sunday morning some telegrams were received. The most important among them was from the Supreme Commissary, Filpanko, who reiterated categorically that the higher command of the army had determined to seize all power and that a sanguinary conflict probably would result.

Another message came from the Chief of the General Staff at the front, General Lokomsky. According to statements made to The Associated Press, General Lokomsky is the real brains and soul of the revolt. His telegram declared that if the Government refused to accede to General Korniloff's demand the results would be serious.

The Cabinet then discussed measures necessary for the security of Petrograd, deciding to declare martial law and to appoint a new commander of the Petrograd military district in place of General Vasilkovsky. Next the Cabinet debated a series of measures necessary for the protection of the Petrograd Government buildings and the defense of the city in case General Korniloff sent against it part of his army.

Besides arresting the envoy Lvoff the Government took eighty other persons into custody.

On the afternoon of Sunday Premier Kerensky again was in communication with the headquarters in the field, speaking with both Generals Korniloff and Lokomsky and reiterating his demands that Korniloff surrender his post as Commander in Chief to General Klembovsky.

On General Korniloff giving an evasive answer, Premier Kerensky categorically ordered him to come to Petrograd. To this Korniloff gave an emphatic refusal. He declared in general that he would not accept orders from the Premier.

Premier Kerensky then made to the Cabinet a prolonged report on the situation, repeating his proposal to form a directory composed of a small number of persons. Here the Premier met his first opposition from the Constitutional Democratic Ministers, who declared they were unable to accept the dictatorship of the directory and would consent to remain in the Cabinet only if all the material concerning the revolt and all the plans for the liquidation thereof were submitted to the Cabinet in full.

After a heated debate, during which M. Kerensky and the Socialist Ministers held to the concentration scheme, the Constitutional Democratic Ministers announced that they would resign. Among the Socialists at the Winter Palace their action was commented upon as indicating their dubious attitude, which was said to be natural in view of the fact that a majority of their party emphatically supported General Korniloff during the Moscow Conference.

When the Cabinet Ministers discussed, as an alternative to or a complement to a directory, the formation of a permanent national assembly on the lines of the Moscow Conference, the Socialists insisted that representatives of the bourgeois interests, which were assumed to be in sympathy with General Korniloff, should be excluded from the national assembly. They also demanded that members of the Duma and cavaliers of St. George and other organizations suspected of counter-revolutionary leanings be barred. The Provisional Government declared that if the assembly was convoked it would consider itself responsible to that body.

While the Cabinet was debating the form the new Government should assume, the Central Executive Committee of the All-Russian Councils of Deputies held an excited session, at which the opinion was unanimously expressed to support the Kerensky Government. Speeches were delivered in behalf of all the parties represented and resolutions as to necessary measures were passed.

A social revolutionary speaker proposed to send a delegation to Kerensky, advising him to retain the system of Government in its present form and to replace the Constitutional Democratic Ministers who had resigned with nominees of his own.

A Minsheviki speaker proposed the creation of a special committee representing the different parties in the Councils of Deputies with the object of fighting the counter-revolution by every possible means, and added that so long as the Provisional Government stood fast on the revolutionary platform of June 21 it would have the unanimous support of the revolutionary democracy.

A Bolsheviki speaker, M. Sokolnikoff, declared his faction solid with the Government in suppressing the revolution. He reproached the Government, however, for not sooner heeding the party's warnings and for not taking measures against General Korniloff long ago, when first it had certain knowledge of his conspiracy.

The leader of the Labor Party appealed to all the democracy to rally in the life and death struggle around the Government, but emphatically opposed the plan to create a directory, as it was considered dictatorial. Government by a directory, he said, would only feed the counter-revolutionary flame. The Government must, instead, rely on independent action by the masses of the people. The Labor Party approved the plan to create a democratic assembly, from which all reactionaries were excluded, the centre of the assembly to be the Councils of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates.

After further debate, the committee accepted unanimously the proposal of the Social Revolutionaries to retain the present form of government, replacing the Constitutional Democrats with more democratic elements. The plan to create a directory was then vetoed by a large majority.

M. Tcheidse, President of the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates, thereupon went to the Winter Palace and reported the resolutions to Premier Kerensky.

A council of all Ambassadors, including those representing neutral countries, was held in the afternoon at which the situation was discussed. All information concerning it was carefully refused. Following the meeting the Ambassadors from the Entente nations held a separate conference.

Korniloff's Military Precautions.

Regarding the military prospects of the revolt, it was stated today that weeks ago General Korniloff began under various pretexts to take tactical administrative measures in order to concentrate troops for action against Petrograd. Declaring that he desired to prevent military congestion, he withdrew from the capital and its environs troops devoted to the Provisional Government, but at the same time sent to Petrograd various units, particularly cavalry, which he considered certain to support himself.

General Korniloff, however, had not had time to remove all the Governmental troops, it appears from this account, and though there are believed to be pro-Korniloff troops in and around the city, and particularly on the railroad between Pskov and Dno, the superiority of the forces in Petrograd is believed to be on the side of the Provisional Government.

It is stated also that the pro-Korniloff troops in Petrograd had no prior knowledge of the plot. They have so far been quiet, but among them is proceeding a dangerous ferment, primarily directed against the Balshiviki majority of the garrison. The Government party declares that no troops at the rear will support the revolt.

In this connection the Council of Deputies declares that General Verkhovsky was recently summoned to headquarters at Mohilev by General Korniloff, who expounded the details of the plot and invited the General to join. On his giving a categorical refusal, General Korniloff threatened to arrest him, to which threat General Verkhovsky responded:

"If I am not allowed to return immediately all the railroad officials on the lines connecting Mohilev with Moscow will declare a strike, thus cutting you off from the rest of Russia."

Thereupon, the account states, General Verkhovsky was allowed to leave.

FILLS WINTER PALACE WITH ARMED FORCES

Kerensky Government Strongly Guarded—Commanders at Front Join Korniloff.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 11.—The interior of the Winter Palace was a remarkable sight, owing to the extraordinary precautions first taken early yesterday, when hope of a compromise was lost finally. Inside the newly erected partition in the grand corridor and outside M. Kerensky's offic were poted two hundred sailors of the Second Baltic corps. During the afternoon students of the School of Marines were brought into the palace, as well as parts of the Preobrashensky and Litovski regiments, while in the courtyard were armed motor cars.

Elsewhere in the city there was little military show, but all through the night posts of five and six infantrymen paraded the streets and occupied the courtyards. The city so far has been quiet.

Generals Denikine and Valuveff, commanding the Southwest and Western fronts respectively, have joined General Korniloff, according to announcements in the Petrograd newspapers given out by the semi-official news agency. An earlier report said that General Denikine had been placed under arrest.

All through the night M. Kerensky received resolutions from army and navy units promising to support him. The Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates sent telegrams to the Telegraph Operators Unions declaring that the operators by refusing to work for Korniloff could help to crush the revolt.

Premier Kerensky issued an order to the Petrograd garrison denouncing General Korniloff for opening the front to the Germans and for sending a division of Asiatics against the capital, while professing to defend liberty.

General Kozmin, now commanding the Petrograd city garrison, declared before the meeting in the Winter Palace of the representatives of the different organizations: "No negotiations are possible with traitors. Our only future conversation will be carried on through cannon."

"Only bayonets can now decide the conflict," was the declaration of Vice Premier Nekrasoff.

M. Tchernoff, Minister of Agriculture, has resigned from the Cabinet.

Ninety arrests were made in Petrograd last night. General Micheveff was arrested at Moscow.

Premier Kerensky has ordered the Procuror of the Petrograd Court to put General Korniloff on trial under the historic one hundred and fifth statute for "conspiring to overthrow the existing order."

During the night Premier Kerensky held a conference with the Procuror and dictated a lengthy description of the details of the conspiracy.

Moscow Remains Loyal.

MOSCOW, Sept. 10.—The Municipal Council of Moscow has issued a proclamation intimating that the inhabitants of the ancient Capital of Russia ought to rise as one in defense of the revolution and prevent civil war. The proclamation appeals to all cities of Russia to support the Provisional Government.

The Moscow garrison, the associations of workers of professional classes, and the railroad workmen have passed resolutions of loyalty to the Provisional Government.

PETROGRAD CURBED BY MARTIAL LAW

Stern Measures Taken to Repress Risings as General Korniloff Approaches.

PREPARATIONS TO RESIST

Arrest of Commander at Moscow Is Reported — Members of Duma Are Held.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 11, (via London.)—A division sent from the front to Petrograd has been stopped by the Government at Dno, 150 miles south of the city.

Several persons, including three members of the Duma Right, were arrested here last night. Petrograd was declared to be under martial law, and a Governor General has been appointed. All possible measures have been taken in the event of disorders.

The Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates, the Cadets and the Constitutional Democrats support the Government. General Alexieff, former generalissimo, has been appointed commander in chief.

It is reported that General Korniloff has arrested the commander at Moscow and several commissaries who happened to be at headquarters. The Government is assured of support from Moscow and considers it has force enough at its disposal to quell any possible disorder in the capital. The latest step on Korniloff's part was wholly unexpected and does not comport with what has been hitherto known of his character.

Exodus from City Ceases.

The panic which led to the hurried departure of several thousands of people from Petrograd is now dying down. The rush for railway tickets slackened yesterday. In view of the food scarcity and also of possible emergencies the Government is taking steps to facilitate passengers from Petrograd by rail and water, and has recommended that persons leaving the city make for the Eastern and Southern Governments and Siberia, where food is still plentiful.

This method of sending people to food instead of continuing the almost hopeless struggle of bringing food by an enfeebled transport system to an enormous population in a remote northwestern corner of Russia is one of those unexpected and startling solutions of difficult problems of which the revolutionary period is so full.

HEARD KERENSKY WAS SLAIN.

Russian Embassy in London Got Unconfirmed Rumor from Sweden.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—The Swedish Aftobladet, says the correspondent at Copenhagen of the Exchange Telegraph Company, publishes a rumor emanating from persons who have arrived at the Danish capital from Petrograd, that Premier Kerensky has been killed by a member of the Bolshiviki. The rumor could not be confirmed.

At the Russian Embassy this evening it was stated that no cable messages had been received there from Petrograd since Monday morning.

"We are absolutely in the dark concerning what is taking place and are now dependent upon the press for information," said one of the Secretaries.

Asked whether the report that Premier Kerensky had been murdered could be confirmed, he replied:

"We have received the report from Sweden, but we know nothing about it."

A Russian message received here this afternoon with the name of the Russian Prime Minister appended states that the entire Baltic fleet, together with its staff officers, has unanimously placed itself on the side of the Provisional Government. In an Order of the Day, the Commander of the Baltic Station urges the fleet to watch the enemy, to avoid discussion, and to submit to the orders of the Provisional Government.

A dispatch emanating from the Russian Official Press Agency says the Central Committee of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates and the Committee of Peasants have addressed an appeal to the army, railway men, and telegraph operators, urging them not to obey orders issued by General Korniloff and to accept only the orders of the Provisional Government. The dispatch says Premier Kerensky has addressed a similar appeal to the railway men.

The Fourth Cossack Regiment of the Petrograd garrison, it is asserted, has announced its loyalty to the Government. The Union of Wounded Soldiers and the Kronstadt Council of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates have declared themselves on the side of the Government.

RUSSIANS ATTACK TEUTONS IN SOUTH

Begin New Offensive in Bukowina—Sharp Fighting on the Riga Front.

BERLIN, Sept. 11, (via London.)—Russian forces have begun an offensive against the Austro-German forces in the southeast section of the Austrian crownland of Bukowina. The German General Staff reports that the Russians obtained only local advantages near Solka. The text of the statement reads:

Eastern War Theatre—Front of Prince Leopold: Between the Russian positions and our own, from the sea to the Dvina, there were numerous encounters between advanced troops. The enemy lost a number of prisoners. Advances by Russian raiding parties in the forest region north of Huslatyn and on the lower Zbrocz were repulsed.

Front of Archduke Joseph: In the southeastern corner of Bukowina the Russians have begun an attack, but they have only obtained local advantages near Solka.

Between the Trotus and Oituz Valleys the enemy has not repeated his fruitless attacks up to the present.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 11, (British Admiralty per Wireless Press.)—The official communication issued today says:

On the Gulf of Riga coast our advance detachments moved to the line of the River Indupeloisapauske, meeting with slight opposition. Between the Pskov Road and the Dvina there were encounters between advance units, most of which ended favorably for us. On the remainder of the front there have been artillery duels and fusillades.

Rumanian Front — In the region south of Radautz the enemy undertook an offensive on a sector of our positions near the village of Solko. The attack was repulsed. In the region east of Kimpolung our troops captured a height east of the village of Strihuetura. In encounters in the region west of Okno there were violent bombardments. An enemy offensive northwest of the village of Slonik has been repulsed.

Caucasus Front—At Kocha Bongonon and in the region east of Wanne there have been encounters between our scouts and strong masses of Kurds. Our scouts recaptured 87 head of small cattle and 500 head of horned cattle. On the remainder of the front there is nothing to report.

Aviation—A squadron of our airplanes consisting of five machines has bombarded enemy depots and huts in the region of Dobrova, southeast of Kovel. Ten loads of bombs were dropped. In the same region an airship dropped bombs on enemy convoys. On the Rumanian front four aerial combats tok place on Sunday, as a result of which four enemy machines were forced to descend within their lines. Enemy airplanes have dropped bombs on the stations at Zamirie and Radsivilov.

General Von Wenninger Killed.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Amsterdam says the Bavarian General, von Wenninger, former Bavarian Military Plenipotentiary at Berlin, was killed Sept. 8 on the battlefront along the Dvina.

COSSACKS PROTESTED SHIFTING OF COMMANDS

Served No Purpose, They Said, But to Help Bring Victory to Germans.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept 11.—A Petrograd dispatch to The Morning Post filed before Saturday's developments says:

"The Kuban Cossacks at the front have sent back orders to their organizations to put a stop to the wearisome changes of higher commands, saying: We have had enough of these kaleidoscopic changes. The results are as plain as are the wishes of those who bring about the changes, which serve nothing but the triumph of Germany.

"This is a frank warning to the Ministers and is a reply to the attempts made to remove General Korniloff by means of political intrigues within the ranks of the Government and of its supporters, and also by more violent methods. While the higher military command is energetically trying to remake the Russian Army into what it was until six months ago, it is only too plain that these well meaning efforts.

"Promptitude is of the very essence of success, as the high military command has made plain, yet anxiety lest the power brought by restoration of discipline in the fighting forces should rob the triumphant proletariat of their victory of unlimited license, which is called freedom in Russia, continues to prolong the fatal delay.

"The Government agents at the front have named Commissionaries, whose object is to watch the commanders, and the ubiquitous and multiplied committees—company committees, regimental committees, army committees, and committees of the front—introduce political strife with endless speechifying into the stern business of war. As if this were not enough, they have now ordered the formation among the troops of a new s teof organizations, namely, 'Unions of Peasantry in the Army,' on much the same lines as those on which the previously mentioned committees have been established. As nine-tenths of Russia's armies consist of peasants, it is possibly hoped that these new organizations will eventually overpower the pernicious committees, whose leading has been largely in the hands of German hirelings from Petrograd.

"Meanwhile mass divisions are openly fostered inside the army and the demands of the higher command that the army should be set free from politics are flouted. A guard officer of ten years' service said to me: 'Perhaps twenty per cent. of our men have some elementary education with the introduction of political rights piecemeal, and very gradual in any case.'

"One may add that midway in a world war is not a suitable time for socialistic experiments. The net result is that 90 per cent. of the population of all Russia is wishing itself again in the days of firm rule, of security of life and property and of the square meal. The remainder is made up of working classes who do not work, hooligans, and the riffraff of towns, who are celebrating a grand harvest of crime, similar to that which in Paris, Vienna and Rome, visions of the Jewish proletariat—for the superior classes of Jews are believed to be already washing their hands of the movement—the whole led and driven by dupes and hirelings of Germany."

WASHINGTON'S VIEW OF KORNILOFF'S CHANCES

Probable Elements of Support Both the General and Kerensky Can Muster.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Whether Russia faces anarchy and a reign of terror as the fruit of General Korniloff's revolt against Premier Kerensky's Provisional Government depends largely, in the opinion of officials and diplomats here, on the speed with which the situation develops.

If the deposed Commander in Chief, now reported marching on Petrograd with troops personally loyal to him, makes a spectacular show of strength within the next few days, it is believed strong political influences, now secretly wavering in allegiance to the Government, may swing over, give him a preponderance of authority, and pave the way for a powerful dictatorship.

The complete ascendancy of either Kerensky or Korniloff would satisfy most persons here most interested in Russia's well-being. It is the middle situation, the conflict which would make Russians kill Russians, which they fear and which, judging by today's unofficial dispatches, seems entirely possible. Civil war then might lead to either separate peace with Germany, or restoration of the monarchy, with its inevitable train of evil consequences.

Out of the haze of the Russian situation, as reported unofficially today, officials developed the impression that the Provisional Government probably could count on the support of the navy, a large part of the army, particularly in the interior, railway employes, and industrial workers. Korniloff probably expects the backing of a strong element of military leaders, Duma members, the intellectual classes, the Cossacks, and other considerable professional fighting elements of the army. In addition, it is probable he would be openly supported by the commercial interests, and the Social Democrat political group, as soon as he showed strength.

General Klembovsky, named by Kerensky to succeed Korniloff as Commander in Chief of the Armies of Russia, was born in 1860 and took an active part in the Russo-Japanese war, in which he was wounded. Before the outbreak of the present European war he was at the head of a General Staff division and during the war has served as tactical and strategical expert on the General Staff and assistant to former Chief of Staff Alexieff, and after commanding an army was appointed to command the northern front.

RUBLES DECLINE AGAIN.

Violent Drop on News of Gen. Korniloff's Advance on Petrograd.

The report that General Korniloff and his troops were marching to lay siege to Petrograd was the cause of a violent decline in Russian exchange and in Russian Government bonds yesterday. Rubles have been declining sharply for the last three weeks, new low records being made daily, but yesterday after opening at 15 cents quotations dropped to 13½ cents. This compares with 51½ cents, the normal parity, and represents a depreciation of nearly 74 per cent., by far the heaviest depreciation of any foreign currency.

Russian Government internal 5½ per cent. bonds declined 17 points, selling at $143 per 1,000 rubles. The external dollar bonds declined 4 points, 5½s selling down to $65 and the 6½s down to 74. The 6½ per cent. bonds, which went down to 71 yesterday, sold as high as 93⅝ in January of this year. They are due in June, 1919, while the 5½s are due in December, 1921.

RATIONING PLAN FOR ITALY.

To Apply to All Foods Classed as Necessities—Shoes a State Monopoly.

PARIS, Sept. 11.—The Italian Government is considering a series of measures which, it is expected, will limit the consumption of foodstuffs and raw materials, according to a Havas Agency dispatch from Rome.

The measures, which it is proposed to put into effect in the near future, include the rationing of foods classed as necessities, the monopoly of shoe production by the State, suppression after Sept. 15 of private automobiles except those used by officials and diplomats, and other measures of a like nature.

2 COUNTS AGAINST GERMAN.

Thierichens Must Also Answer for Mailing Improper Matter.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 11.—Lieut. Capt. Max Thierichens, former commander of the German raider, Prinz Eitel Friedrich, was today held under $2,000 bail for the United States Commissioner Long, charged with sending improper matter through the mails to a school teacher at Saginaw, Mich.

Thierichens is in prison awaiting trial on charges of smuggling and violation of the Mann White Slave act.

ITALY GETS $55,000,000.

Total Advanced to That Country Now Is $255,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The Government advanced another credit of $55,000,000 to Italy today, bringing the total advanced that Government up to $255,000,000 and the total advanced the Allies up to $2,321,400,000.

JEWISH HOLIDAY IN ARMY.

Navy Also Recognizes New Year and Day of Atonement.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 11.—Furloughs have been granted to Jewish soldiers at the various cantonments in order that they may be able to observe the Jewish New Year and the Day of Atonement, according to word received from the War Department today by the Jewish Board for Welfare Work in the Army and Navy. Similar leave of absence has been granted by the Navy Department.

The furloughs extend from noon Sept. 16 to the morning of Sept. 19, and from noon Sept. 25 to the morning of Sept. 27.

SWEDEN WILL NOT RECALL ITS ENVOY

Continued from Page 1.

graph Company, has issued the following statement regarding the Swedish-Argentinian revelations:

"The Swedish Foreign Offic has not received any account regarding the transmission of the telegrams mentioned in the statements of the Government of the United States, and the Swedish Government, therefore, is unable at present to determine what its position should be on the questions opened up by these statements.

"It is, however, accurate to say that just after the world war broke out the Swedish Foreign Minister expressed the opinion that he ought to transmit a German telegram concerning the civil population of Kiao-Chau, (the former German fortress in the Chinese peninsula of Shantung.)

"Statements to the same effect were made to the representatives of both belligerent groups without there being any question of Sweden taking over representation of any power's interests.

"As regards the United States in particular, the United States Minister here has this year in certain special cases demanded and obtained permission to transmit letters to and from Turkey and at a time when Turkey was not in a state of war with America and when Sweden had not yet taken over the protection of American interests.

Continued as Intermediary.

"In the Summer of 1915 the wish was expressed for the British side that the transmission of telegrams between Germany and North America should cease. No formal demand was made, but notwithstanding this the Foreign Minister acceded to the wish. The Swedish Minister, who was cognizant of all the negotiations, was of the opinion that this was no bar to the continued transmission of telegrams to neutral States other than the United States and therefore to Argentina. Since then Sweden has continued to be the intermediary for communications between Germany and the Argentine.

"The telegram mentioned in the American statement was written in code and in transmitting it the Swedish Minister was by that reason unable to decipher it. Whether its contents were as reported is a point which the first duty of the Swedish Government must be to confirm, and its next action must be to get an explanation from Germany, if it be found that any misuse has taken place. Sweden will also, without regard to any reference made to her, take measures to prevent any repetition of the incident.

"No application as to the cessation of the transmission of telegrams from Germany to the Argentine Republic has yet been made either by the British or American Government, even now or at any earlier period.

"The whole affair has only become known to the public through the press, but in spite of this the wishes officially and semi-officially expressed by the interested parties would immediately have been acceded to."

Prevented Stockholm Panic.

A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Copenhagen says:

"The first statements from the United States concerning the use of the Swedish Legation in Buenos Aires by the German Chargé d'Affaires caused some disturbance on the Stockholm Exchange, but the Government's expected declaration prevented a panic.

"The Stockholm Aftonbladt, a copy of which has been received here, says former Foreign Minister Wallenberg evidently never got satisfactory guarantees against the misuse of legation facilities, and that once he introduced the system it continued automatically.

"The newspaper says that Foreign Minister Lindman had quite casually heard of the exchange of telegrams permitted by Minister Wallenberg, and had no reason to suspect the doubtful nature of the traffic.

"The Copenhagen Politiken says it supposes the scandal will be largely employed in the election campaign in Sweden, as the democratic parties there have constantly reproached both the present and the former Government of partiality in their foreign policy."

"Did Service as a Lackey."

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 11.—The Christiania Morgenbladet expresses deep regret that "Swedish diplomacy is so lacking in understanding of the duties of a neutral that it did service as a lackey, which directly furthered the German submarine warfare against neutral ships, even if it did not clearly understand the contents of the German dispatches."

"In the last ministerial conference at Stockholm," the paper continues, "nothing was said about the submarine war, probably owing to the Swedish Cabinet. On the whole, Sweden until now has played such a commanding part in Scandinavian co-operation that the other Scandinavian countries have been unable to maintain their own interests to a degree desirable. Neither Norway nor Denmark would in the future like to leave Sweden in the leading position if she sticks to a system which not only is to be condemned on moral grounds, but endangers Sweden's neutrality and might greatly risk that of the two other Scandinavian countries.

"If Sweden cannot weaken the impression made by Secretary Lansing's revelations she is hopelessly disgraced in international opinion for a long time. The idea of an internal conference under Swedish Chairmanship is destroyed forever, and we regret to say that we are afraid that Scandinavian co-operation, which was so successfully renewed, will retrograde and will have the greatest difficulties to combat."

ARGENTINE CONGRESS DEMANDS THE FACTS

Foreign Office to Call on Berlin and Stockholm for Explanation of Disclosures.

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 11.—The Argentine Congress has asked an explanation from the Foreign Minister of all negotiations with Berlin regarding the freedom of the seas and Argentine ships. It also asks for a full explanation of the disclosures made by the State Department at Washington.

It is reported at the Foreign Office that the Argentine Government tomorrow will ask Berlin and Stockholm for explanations, and that if these Governments disavow the action of their respective legations the matter will be considered personal and the two diplomatic representatives in question, Luxburg and Lowen, will receive their passports.

In a brief explanation today of its part in the transmission of dispatches from the German Chargé to Berlin, the Swedish Legation declared that German telegrams had been accepted in the same manner as the Swedish Government had forwarded dispatches for the British and American Governments. It was added by the legation that the dispatches were in code and the contents were unknown to the members of the legation. The charges, if any, it declared, must be made against Berlin.

It was stated at the British Legation that the Swedish Legation at Buenos Aires had never forwarded any dispatches on British account.

Hundreds of students took part in a great demonstration tonight. They marched through the streets waving flags and shouting: "Passports! Passports!" The demonstration was anti-Swedish as well as anti-German. Mounted patrols are guarding the city tonight. Squads of police are protecting the German and Swedish Legations and the German newspaper offices.

The long delayed dispatches from Ambassador Naon, at Washington, were received by the Foreign Minister late this afternoon. The Ambassador sent these dispatches relating to the revelations regarding the Swedish Legation here on Friday, but they had been stalled along the road. They did not contain all the information the Foreign Minister desired, and the Argentine Ambassador was instructed to ask Secretary Lansing immediately, presumably for the purpose of obtaining more details.

All documents relating to questions between Argentina and Germany have been published, the Foreign Minister declared, adding that nothing had been held in reserve and that there is not now, and never had been, a compact, written or oral, with Germany, limiting in any way the freedom of Argentine shipping.

Further doubt concerning Argentina's faith and truthfulness after this declaration must be considered a national offense, the Foreign Minister declared. He added that the best proof of the inexactness of Count Luxburg's Nov. 19 dispatch was that eight Argentine steamers cleared for the war zone during June.

An Argentine patriotic society has issued a statement urging that Count Luxburg must not receive his passports, but be tried for a criminal offense of inciting the assassination of Argentine citizens. This action is impossible, however, as diplomatic representatives are immune from court summonses.

GROSS LACK OF CARE BRANTING ASSERTS

Swedish Foreign Office Is Seriously Compromised, Says Socialist Leader.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 11.—Hjalmar Branting, the Socialist leader, is the author of a leading article today in the Social Demokraten on the American revelations and the Government's defense. He acquits Swedish diplomacy of any guilty complexity, but accuses it of gross and compromising lack of care.

"The Foreign Office has spoken," says the article, "and it has certainly demonstrated, what one might have supposed beforehand, that there was not the slightest Swedish intention to lend assistance to the design of the German Minister for causing neutral ships to the bottom without leaving a trace. But what one could hardly believe in is the lack of control over subordinate officials that made possible this incredible and extreme abuse of courtesy.

"Our foreign office itself is most seriously compromised, not in the sense that it had for a moment any intention of assisting in criminal practices comparable with the German dispatch of bombs, poisons, and infernal machines to neutral Norway, but that, by

solute and inexcusable credulity it has opened official Swedish lines of communication in favor of its mighty Southern friends, apparently without retaining the slightest control over matter thus sent."

Branting recalls the British complaint on this score in 1915 and points out that in spite of the promise then made by Sweden, the traffic has still gone on.

"Everyone must perceive," he continues, "that confidence on the side of the Entente in our loudly proclaimed, loyal neutrality cannot but be ruined by the revelation of this evasion of the promise of 1915. It is of no use to promise now that if there has been a misure of privilege any repetition will be absolutely prevented.

"The Foreign Office communiqué, instead of a plain facing of the offense, we have a repetition of the complaint of the Conservative papers about the publication of the story. Does any one really think that such a plaint will have any effect at a time when everywhere realities have to be regarded and when people have lost all faith in the methods of secret diplomacy?"

In conclusion, Branting says that throughout the country there cannot but be a strong sense of humiliation at the way in which the fair name of Sweden has been compromised by these happenings before the whole world. He adds:

"The declaration of our Foreign Minister may remove certain insulting suspicions, but nevertheless there will be an impression of utterly blind confidence, of compromising service to one side. It is obvious that for the welfare of our people such an impression cannot be allowed to remain. In situations of this kind the whole people have to pay for the stupidity which, according to the proverb, is worse than a crime, but our people's call for sincere and honest neutrality is too firm and trustworthy to deserve it."

NAON AND AKERHIELM CONFER WITH LANSING

German Code Messages Supposed to Have Been Shown to the Two Diplomats.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Dr. Romulo Naon, the Argentine Ambassador, and Baron Akerhielm, the Swedish Chargé d'Affaires, called at the State Department this afternoon at the same time. While the Ambassador was closeted with Secretary Lansing the Swedish diplomat was with Solicitor Wolsey of the department. Secretary Lansing sent for Leland Harrison, chief of the department's Secret Service Division, and it is supposed that Mr. Harrison took with him to show to Dr. Naon the copies of the code messages sent by the Swedish Minister at Buenos Aires for the German Charge d'Affaires.

One of the statements obtained at the State Department was that the Government was in possession of other documents relating particularly to Germany's conduct, but the department has not determined whether it will publish the evidence.

THE TIMES correspondent was told at the State Department today that the Secretary of State did not inform Baron Akerhielm that the unneutral dispatches were in the German secret code.

In a formal statement given to The Associated Press in New York on Sunday Baron Akerhielm made the point that, as Secretary Lansing had told him the unneutral dispatches were in the German code, Baron Lowen, the Swedish Minister to Argentina, did not know their contents.

No responsible officer of this Government would comment officially on the explanation advanced by Baron Akerhielm but questions as to what was thought of the Akerhielm statement produced smiles. The suggestion that a diplomatic official of a neutral country was innocent of any wrongdoing in transmitting messages in the cipher of a belligerent nation, the contents of which were unknown to him, is regarded here as a childlike attempt to minimize a serious international affair.

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LONDON OPINION

SWANN SIFTS CLUES IN KING TRAGEDY

District Attorney Investigating Stock Plunging in Which Widow's Money Was Used.

AFTON MEANS COMES HERE

Dooling Finds Brother of Her Confidential Agent in the Park Avenue Apartment.

A lawyer representing Mrs. Mary Robinson, mother of Mrs. Maude A. King, who was killed near Concord, N. C., said after a conference at the office of District Attorney Swann yesterday that the investigation of the business affairs of Mrs. King in Chicago and this city seemed to indicate that most of the estate of more than $1,000,000 had disappeared.

District Attorney Swann and Assistant District Attorney Dooling began an investigation of the stock market plunges and other business transactions in which the money of Mrs. King was used in this city. It was learned that her fortune was depleted considerably by the fall in Steel in consequence of the celebrated "leak."

Mr. Dooling yesterday began an investigation of the books of Gaston B. Means, business manager for Mrs. King, which were found at the Means apartment at 1,155 Park Avenue. When he arrived at the apartment yesterday Mr. Dooling found Afton Means, a brother of Gaston, engaged in collecting his brother's books and papers. Afton Means arrived from Concord late yesterday afternoon. Afton Means spent the rest of the afternoon and most of the evening answering questions by Mr. Dooling.

Mr. Swann's investigations may become far-reaching, and there is a possibility that if any person is charged with murder the trial will take place in this county. The lawyer who arrived yesterday from Atlanta, Ga., to work with the District Attorney in gathering evidence showing the disposition of the King estate and a motive which might account for her death, said that he and lawyers who had been working with him in the South and in Chicago believed that indictments and a trial would take place here.

Suspects Conspiracy Here.

"I believe that a conspiracy to commit the murder took place here," he said. "I think that there will not be great difficulty in obtaining the evidence here. Our investigations so far show that more than one person might have had a strong reason for wishing to have Mrs. King put away. Evidence has been gathered which casts suspicion on at least four persons, one a woman.

"We have grave reason to fear that practically the whole estate has been squandered. I have today been to several banks in this city in which we know that Mrs. King at one time had accounts. Only one of those accounts now exists, and that a small one.

"It has been established that one trust fund of $150,000, into which the estate was divided, has been dissolved and squandered. This fund was created by Mrs. King to provide for her mother, Mrs. Mary Robinson, and it was broken up with the aid of an instrument to which two names were forged, according to handwriting experts. One name was that of Mrs. Mary Robinson and another that of the witness to the instrument.

"We find that the other trust funds of nearly $1,000,000 have been dissolved. George Woodruff, President of the Woodruff Trust Company of Joliet, Ill., which was in charge of these funds, is on the way to this city in a motor car and may arrive tomorrow. We expect to get complete information about this part of the case on his arrival here.

"Information which we have received regarding the stock transactions in which the money of Mrs. King was used seemed to show that the capital of the King fortune must have been broken into to finance these operations. We are now trying to find out what New York broker dealt in stocks for Mrs. King; her business manager, Mr. Means, or her sister, Mrs. Melvin."

Mrs. Mazie Melvin, the sister of Mrs. King, who has proved herself a stanch friend of Gaston B. Means since the death of Mrs. King, was interested in stock transactions, according to information furnished to the District Attorney. It was stated that Mrs. King in her speculations relied implicitly on the advice of her manager. The transactions with her money, it was stated, usually were conducted in the names of others.

District Attorney Swann and Mr. Dooling have received half a dozen telegrams from Concord since the death of Mrs. King. One of these was sent on Sept. 9 and signed by Means. Mr. Dooling said that its contents were extremely important. He refused to make public any part except the last line, which was as follows:

"Under no circumstances give any newspapers or any one else any interviews."

Mr. Dooling said he had obtained further corroboration for the statement that Mrs. King had drawn a new will a little over a year ago, and that it made Means one of the chief beneficiaries. He also obtained further information of the circumstances under which the will was made.

Subpoena for Afton Means.

After receiving information that Gaston Means had sent his brother Afton to this city to attend to certain interests Mr. Dooling went to the Pennsylvania station to meet a train from the South, which was due at 1:28 P. M. The train was two hours late. Mr. Dooling inquired of station officials, and was informed that there was no record of any one boarding this train at Concord, N. C. The train arrived at 4 o'clock, but Mr. Dooling and a process server, who had a subpoena for Afton Means, failed to notice him among those who got off the train. After waiting a while and making further inquiries Mr. Dooling went to the apartment of Gaston Means, at 1,155 Park Avenue. There he found that Afton Means had arrived ten or fifteen minutes ahead of him, and was engrossed in searching his brother's effects.

Afton Means seemed surprised to see the Assistant District Attorney. He inquired anxiously the reason for the unexpected visit, but was reassured by Mr. Dooling. Means then offered to give every assistance that he could render. He made no objection to an inspection of his brother's affairs by Mr. Dooling, who had, however, canvassed the apartment earlier in the day.

Late in the afternoon Afton Means went to the District Attorney's office and underwent a three-hour examination. At the end of this Mr. Dooling said:

"Mr. Means gave me a full account of the shooting and answered all questions readily. Some of his statements were very interesting. He said that he and Captain Bingham had walked away together about 100 yards from Gaston Means and Mrs. King before they were going to indulge in target practice. After they heard the shot, he said, Gaston Means shouted, 'Captain Bingham, Captain Bingham, come here!'

"He was sure that Means had called to Captain Bingham and had not called to his brother. Captain Bingham, as I understand it, is a man of considerable standing, and his testimony, if he were impressed with the accidental nature of the tragedy, might be of great importance in convincing others that it was an accident.

Found the Fatal Wound.

"Afton Means said he ran hastily to the spot and found his brother on his knees beside Mrs. King searching for the wound. While Gaston was looking for the wound Afton was the first to see that it was on the back of the head and that blood was flowing.

"His account of other circumstances about the killing agreed with dispatches from Concord. One interesting thing which he added to the story was that Mrs. Robinson, the mother of Mrs. King, had not been notified that night, although she was then only a short distance away at Asheville, N. C. When I asked him why she was not notified he said:

"'Because the telegraph office had closed.'"

Mr. Dooling was asked whether there was any telephone communication between Concord and Asheville. He said:

"There was easy telephone communication between the two places. Mrs. Robinson was at the Oak Grove Hotel, one of the largest hotels at Asheville. There was no reason why they could not have telephoned had they been anxious to notify her."

Mr Dooling was asked if Afton Means had explained why they did not telephone to Mrs. Robinson. He said:

"For certain reasons, I did not care to ask any questions on that subject."

Her Mother Horrified.

It was learned that earlier in the day the District Attorney's office here had received word from Asheville, N. C., of the delay in notifying the mother. This was accompanied, Mr. Dooling said, by documentary proof of the failure to notify the mother. Mr. Dooling continued:

"Afton Means told me that, when Gaston Means, Mrs. Melvin, and others went to Chicago shortly after the Coroner's verdict that the killing was accidental, he had gone to stay at the Oak Grove Inn and comfort the mother. He said, however, that she conceived a horror of him and would have as little to do with him as possible. He said that she finally complained to Manager Seeley of the hotel that he was watching her and that as a result he moved out of the hotel.

"He told me that Prosecutor Clement seemed to be satisfied with the Coroner's verdict that the shooting was accidental and self-inflicted, and that he was not inclined to reopen the case. He said, however, that his brother Gaston insisted that the fullest inquiry should be made into the case.

"While we were talking he drew a bullet from his pocket and began fumbling with it. Later he gave it to me. He said that Mrs. King had bought the pistol with which she was killed at Concord, and that it was a 25-calibre blue steel Colt automatic."

Afton Means has lived in this city and assisted his brother in handling accounts. He had a room in the apartment at 1,155 Park Avenue, which was fitted up as a business office. He married Miss Gertrude Dietsch, who was a stenographer in the employ of Gaston Means.

It was reported at the District Attorney's office that a subpoena had been issued for Gaston Means, and that he would be invited to come to New York to answer questions by District Attorney Swann. When Mr. Dooling was asked if this subpoena had been issued he said:

"Well, I can say that we would be very glad to see Mr. Gaston Means. I won't go any further than that.

After his examination was at an end at 7:30 o'clock last night Afton Means, who is tall and burly, with a tendency to corpulence, stepped out into the corridors of the Criminal Courts Building and posed with unconcern for several flashlight photographs. When he stepped out of the elevator with Mr. Dooling on the main floor a good-looking young woman rushed up to the Assistant District Attorney and whispered in his ear rather excitedly. Means looked on with great interest. After Mr. Dooling turned to him he said:

"Isn't that a young woman who sued my brother Gaston a couple of years ago?"

Mr. Dooling said that he knew nothing of it. Means said she looked very familiar to him. Later the young woman, who refused to give her name, said that she had given the District Attorney's office information about the King mystery. She talked bitterly about Gaston Means, with whom she said she had been on terms of close friendship a year or two ago.

When he was asked if he had anything to say about the death of Mrs. King, Afton Means said:

"I think everything has been said in connection with it. I don't know what could possibly be added."

When he was asked if his brother was likely to come to this city, he said:

"I don't think he will leave Concord until this affair has been entirely cleared up. I don't know how long I will be here myself."

May Re-enact Tragedy.

At the request of District Attorney Swann, Police Captain Jones, firearms expert of the Police Department, will conduct experiments to ascertain whether it would be possible for death to be inflicted accidentally in the manner in which it is alleged that Mrs. King was killed. District Attorney Swann has telegraphed to the authorities at Concord offering every assistance.

District Attorney Swann said:

"Except for the fact that a revolver was used in the King case instead of poison, I find several remarkable similarities between it and the Waite case."

Mr. Swann was particularly interested in statements that a man, frequently with Mrs. King, had declared a few months ago that H. C. Beatty, Jr., had bungled in the manner in which he killed his wife. This speaker then, according to a story told by persons who said they were present, proceeded to describe how a murder might be committed so scientifically as to leave no doubt that it was an accident, and the description he gave of his plan foretold accurately the circumstances in which Mrs. King was murdered.

Mr. Swann gave to a typewritten statement yesterday in which he said:

"In 1912 or 1913, Gaston B. Means met with an accident in a Pullman car, claiming that a chain broke and injured the side of his head. The side of his head was actually injured, and he went to Miss Alston's sanitarium, 26 West Sixty-first Street, where he was attended by his own physician and a specialist on behalf of the Pullman company. He asserted that this caused loss of memory, and he went down to Concord and finally settled with the insurance company for $4,000. Later he regained his normal mental equilibrium."

At midnight last night Mr. Dooling was examining papers and interrogating persons at the Means apartment. Others at the apartment were Afton Means, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Dietsch, and a man who arrived from Philadelphia shortly before 11 P. M.

Tells of Second King Will.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.—Revelations in the affairs of Mrs. Maude A. King, who was shot near Concord, N. C., Aug. 29, included the discovery that she made an affidavit declaring Byron L. Smith, late President of the Northern Trust Company, had told her that a second will by her husband had been destroyed.

The affidavit, together with more than 200 pages of typewritten matter, purporting to demonstrate the genuineness of the "second will" is in the hands of Attorney Jacob Newman. It had been placed in his possession by Gaston B. Means, Mrs. King's business adviser, who is alleged to have discovered the document about eight or nine months ago.

"The day after Mr. King's death in November, 1905, Byron L. Smith told Mrs. King that he had seen Mr. King destroy the second will, according to the affidavit bearing Mrs. King's signature," said Mr. Newman. "I first heard of the second will eight or nine months ago when I was in New York. I was there on other business, but Mrs. King learned of my visit, and she called me for a conference at her hotel. Mr. Means has discovered a new will, she said.

"I did not see the paper until July, when Means gave it to me with evidence to show it was authentic. I took the matter up with the Northern Trust Company, and told them I would do nothing until I was convinced the second will was genuine. Handwriting experts declared it bona fide, but even if I am asked to file it for probate I would take no action until I had made further and more exhaustive investigations."

Mr. Newman was informed that the alleged signature of Dr. Addison S. Melvin of Oak Park, on the second King will had been declared a forgery today by Attorney William Miller of the Northern Trust Company. Attorney Miller asserted they had proof that the only signature on the document which was genuine was that of Mrs. M. C. Melvin.

"When you were investigating the second will, why did you not go to see Mrs. Melvin, who was in Chicago?" Mr. Newman was asked.

"I didn't know she was stopping there," he replied. "Mr. Means never told me or ever suggested they were in Chicago."

BRITISH GAIN 400 YARDS ON SOMME

Carry a German Trench Near Villeret and Then Repulse Counterattacks.

ENGLISH AIRMAN'S EXPLOIT

He Hovers 50 Feet Over a Fallen German Machine and Sets Fire to It.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Heavy fighting of a local nature has occurred between the British and the Germans on the Somme front, the British capturing a German trench and advancing their line nearly a quarter of a mile. There were artillery duels in the neighborhood of Ypres also, according to the official report from British Headquarters in France issued tonight. The text of the statement reads:

As a result of local fighting in the neighborhood of Villeret, reported this morning, the Northumberland troops engaged extended their gains southward a further 400 yards, occupying a German trench. Several prisoners were taken by us; our casualties were light.

This morning the enemy attacked our new positions, advancing in close formation, but was driven off by our fire. Later in the day two bombing attacks were made by the enemy from the south against our right flank, but were also repulsed, our troops consolidating the captured trenches.

Artillery activity continues on both sides in the Ypres sector. The enemy's artillery activity was particularly marked during the day southeast of Ypres and in the Nieuport sector.

On Monday a thick haze again prevailed and made work difficult. In spite of this, observation was carried out for our artillery both by airplanes and balloons. During the day our machines bombed two enemy airplanes near Cambrai and rest billets near Douai. During the night they dropped bombs on airdrome searchlights near Courtrai.

In the air fighting yesterday three German airplanes were brought down, seven others were driven down out of control, two of which were brought down or driven down by one pilot. In one case this pilot descended within fifty feet of the ground and set fire to a machine he had brought down. He then regained our side of the line, still flying at fifty feet, although attacked by three hostile machines. Three of our machines are missing.

The text of the afternoon statement follows:

We captured a few prisoners last night in the course of local fighting in the neighborhood of Villeret, southeast of Hargicourt.

The hostile artillery activity continued to the east of Ypres during the early part of the night.

BERLIN, Sept. 11, (via London.)—General Headquarters reports intense artillery action on the Belgian coast and in the Ypres salient, as well as the checking of British attempts to advance in the latter region. Fresh fighting on the Somme front, northwest of St. Quentin, ended favorably for the Germans, according to the official statement, which follows:

Front of Crown Prince Rupprecht.—The artillery battle in Flanders increased temporarily to great intensity on the coast and in the Ypres salient. Advances by the English southeast of Langemarck and north of Frezenberg were repulsed.

Near Villeret, to the northwest of St. Quentin, fresh fighting developed early this morning, which ended in our favor.

BRITISH ATTRITION WAR ACHIEVING ITS PURPOSE

German Losses in Flanders Heavier Than in Any Previous Period.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Sept. 11.—All remains fairly quiet on the western battle front, although I have no doubt many of the lads in the trenches find it difficult to acquiesce in this summary of the situation. But it has become such a habit of thought these days to deal in big events that mere earth-shaking gun duels or earsplitting air raids are dismissed as commonplaces of the situation.

That the war becomes more and more deadly as it progresses is beyond question. On the Flanders ridges the British are killing more blond boys than in any previous period of the struggle; nor is this due so much to any accentuation of the sanguinary spirit as to the present conditions of the conflict.

On the Somme the Germans fought in packed formations, and had the shelter of deep dugouts, from which the British gathered a very large bag of prisoners. In Flanders they are resisting in a scattered defensive of considerable depth, and shallow concrete blockhouses, often countersunk to the level of the ground, take the place of dugouts. Many of these are so skilfully camouflaged that it is only when the surrounding ground has been torn and tossed by a heavy bombardment that they are revealed at all, although machine guns may have been squirting bullets from their loopholed cupolas for days past.

Then again, the manner in which the Germans are pressing home their heavy counterattacks these days, in the teeth of our great superiority of artillery, is another terrible factor of loss, whether the attacks are successful or not.

Taking it for granted that this war will be won not by the recovery of the occupied territory due to the ejection of the Germans, but by the wearing down of the enemy man-power to a point of incapacity for further resistance, I think the present phase of the struggle may be regarded with equanimity.

True, there is nothing particularly spectacular about it in comparison with various past epochs in the art of war; but as a process of attrition it is unquestionably achieving its purpose at a rate which we know from incontrovertible evidence is causing the gravest anxiety to the German high command; and, after all, that is what mainly matters.

FRENCH RAID TRENCHES ON CHAMPAGNE FRONT

Destroy German Supplies—Berlin Reports Strong French Attacks Checked Near Verdun.

PARIS, Sept. 11.—French raiding parties last night penetrated the German lines in the region southeast of Vauxaillon and north of the Casque in the Champagne, the French War Department announced today. German supplies were destroyed, and the French made a number of prisoners.

German aviators in the course of the night dropped bombs in the region of Dunkirk. Some of the missiles struck a hospital and wounded five women.

The text of the afternoon statement follows:

Enemy surprise attacks north of Jouy and northeast of Cerny were repulsed by our fire. We effected raids into the German lines in the region southeast of Vauxaillon and in the Champagne to the north of the Casque. We destroyed supplies and made prisoners.

Our batteries took under fire enemy troops south of Juuincourt.

On both banks of the Meuse (Verdun region) there was intermittent artillery fighting.

The night was calm on the rest of the front.

Last night German aviators bombarded the region of Dunkirk. Bombs fell on a hospital, where five women were wounded.

The official communication issued tonight says:

There was quite pronounced artillery activity in Belgium, in the sector of Casemates Plateau, and on both banks of the Meuse.

On Sept. 10 three German airplanes were brought down in engagements with our pilots. A fourth enemy machine was destroyed by our special guns.

Following is the text of the Belgian communication:

In the last forty-eight hours, in retaliation for the bombardment of our rear zone, our batteries have carried out numerous attacks, both day and night, on enemy cantonments, depots and stations, and destroyed or silenced several batteries.

Our trench artillery rapidly took the upper hand. In bomb fighting before Dixmude an enemy patrol was dispersed by one of ours.

Our airplanes have carried out in the last two days seventy-five flights, taken numerous photographs, made reconnoissances, and engaged in several combats. In addition, an enemy airplane was brought down this morning inside our lines, and a second airplane was brought down in the enemy lines near Schoorbakke.

BERLIN, Sept. 11, (via London.)—Strong French attacks on the eastern bank of the Meuse, north of Verdun, were checked yesterday morning after a temporary success south of Wavrille Wood.

The statement from German General Headquarters follows:

Front of the German Crown Prince.—Enterprises by French reconnoitring detachments, most of which were preceded by violent artillery preparations, were frustrated to the northwest of Rheims and in several sectors of the Champagne.

On the eastern bank of the Meuse strong French forces attacked yesterday morning from the Fosses Wood to the Chaume Wood. Enemy forces which had penetrated into our fighting zone to the south of the Wavrille Wood were repulsed by a counterattack.

On the remainder of the front French storming waves were broken down, with heavy losses, under our defensive fire.

During the day repeated attempts of the enemy to attack failed every time. We pushed our lines forward at some points.

BRITISH CASUALTIES 26,626.

4,367 Killed, 22,259 Wounded or Missing, in Past Week.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Casualties in the British ranks reported during the week ending today show a total of 26,626 officers and men, as follows:

Killed and Died of Wounds—Officers, 184; men, 4,183.

Wounded or Missing—Officers, 581; men, 21,678.

British casualties for the week ending Sept. 4 were 15,614. For the month of August, in which were fought the two battles of Flanders, they were reported as 58,811 "on all fronts."

GIVES PROBABLE LIST OF NEW MINISTERS

Ribot Down for Portfolio of Foreign Affairs in Tentative French Cabinet.

PARIS, Sept. 11.—Late this evening, after a lengthy meeting with statesmen whose support he had obtained, M. Painlevé, who is endeavoring to organize a cabinet, issued the following list as the probable make-up of the new ministry to succeed that of M. Ribot:

Premier and Minister of War—M. PAINLEVÉ.
Minister of Justice—JOSEPH THIERRY.
Minister of Foreign Affairs—M. RIBOT.
Minister of the Interior—M. STEEG.
Minister of the Navy—M. CHAUTET.
Minister of Munitions—ALBERT THOMAS.
Minister of Finance—M. KLOTZ.
Minister of Colonies—RENE BESNARD.
Minister of Public Works and of National Reconstruction—RAOUL PERET.
Minister of Public Instruction—M. VARENNE.
Minister of Labor—DANIEL VINCENT.
Minister of Commerce—M. CLEMENTEL.
Minister of Agriculture—JEAN DUPUY.
Minister of Provisions—M. LOUCHEUR.
Minister of Propaganda—HENRY FRANKLIN-BOUILLON.
Ministers of State—M. BARTHAU, M. BOURGEOIS, RENE RENOULT, AND M. DOUMER.

The Socialist delegates were received by M. Painleve and there was an exchange of views lasting an hour, at the conclusion of which the delegates assured the Minister that he could count on their support, reserving, however, definite approbation until they had an opportunity to study his choice of his Cabinet members.

The Radical and Radical Socialist Parties met and decided to facilitate M. Painleve's task. Later the Minister announced that the Socialists had agreed to his program and expressed confidence that he would be able speedily to form his Cabinet.

SAYS BERLIN PLANNED WAR ON LATIN AMERICA

Paraguayan Minister Welcomes Our Protection Against European Marauding Powers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—In a formal statement issued here today through official channels the assertion is made by Dr. Cecilio Baes, former President of Paraguay and Paraguayan Minister in Washington, that Germany was on the point of provoking a war of conquest in Latin America "in order to be better prepared to fight the United States and England."

"The reception given to the American fleet by the Governments of Brazil, Argentina, and Uruguay," said the statement of Dr. Baes, "with enthusiastic popular manifestations, shows plainly enough that there exists a union of interests, both moral and material, between the grand Republic of the North and the countries of South America.

"I believe that I do not fall short of the truth when I say that men in public life in Paraguay think as follows:

"1. That were it not for the power and benevolence of the United States toward her sister Republics they would have been oppressed or subjected to anarchy by foreign powers.

"2. That among the Republics themselves peace would not be assured but for the respect that they owe to the United States.

"3. That there is no reason to mistrust the United States so long as our Republics respect themselves and each other as civilized countries respect the rights of others.

"And, being Americans, we congratulate the people and Government of Argentina for the cordial reception which they have just given to the United States fleet."

NEW ENGLANDERS GIVE OVATION TO PRESIDENT

Children Line Waterway Cheering and Singing as He Passes Through Cape Cod Canal.

SANDWICH, Mass., Sept. 11.—President and Mrs. Wilson, who are cruising on the Presidential yacht Mayflower, received an ovation on their way through the Cape Cod Canal today. Word of their presence spread quickly as soon as the yacht entered the canal and at Bournedale and Sagamore, school children stood on the banks waving flags and singing, while crowds lined the waterway, cheering.

The President waved his greetings and appeared to enjoy the trip keenly. At Bournedale a reception committee sent a basket of flowers on board the Mayflower for Mrs. Wilson.

MARTINDALE, BANK HEAD, $300,000 SHORT

Continued from Page 1.

by manipulating the deposit account of a wealthy depositor, for whom Martindale acted as financial advisor and trusted agent. Under President Martindale's instructions, the statements of the depositor's account were rendered by the bank periodically to Martindale, instead of direct to the depositor, and Martindale then manipulated and changed them before submitting them to the depositor.

"The method by which Martindale obtained most of the money was by withdrawing money from this depositor's account, either through a forged check or by a 'debit slip' signed by himself as President. He would present these checks for $5,000 or $10,000 or whatever the amount might be, to the bank teller personally, explaining that the depositor had asked him to draw this money from the account for a donation to some hospital, so that the name of the donor might not be known, or that the depositor desired the matter handled in this manner for some other plausible reason; and he would then appropriate the cash so withdrawn to his own uses.

Used Forged Pass Books.

"In explaining to the depositor at the end of each month these withdrawals, Martindale's plan was to inform the unsuspecting depositor that he had placed the sums so withdrawn from the Chemical Bank to the depositor's credit in a certain trust company in New York City, one of whose depositor pass books he had obtained, and in which book he would enter up in his own handwriting as deposits with the trust company the amounts of money which he had withdrawn from the Chemical National Bank, through the means of the forged checks or debit slips.

"He also forged the depositor's name to certain demand notes to the extent of about $80,000, which amount he also got from the Chemical Bank and personally appropriated.

"The aggregate amount of the forged notes placed in the Chemical Bank and the false credits shown on the deposit or pass book of the trust company was about $300,000.

"Such embezzlements and forgeries would have been practically impossible had they not been perpetrated by an officer of the bank in whom the Directors and junior officers reposed implicit confidence. The Chemical National Bank has arranged to make good to the depositor the entire amount thus embezzled.

"The National Bank Examiner at New York has practically completed his regular semi-annual examination of the Chemical National Bank and has reported to the Controller's office that the bank is in good condition. The amount involved is small as compared with the bank's capital and surplus. The examiner also states that he finds no indications whatsoever of further misappropriations. Martindale's forgeries and embezzlements, as far as have been ascertained, were confined to the accounts of this one depositor.

A Warning to Bankers.

"This experience should serve as a warning to national banks that no irregularities, liberties, or unbusinesslike methods or practices should be countenanced or permitted on the part of any officer or employe of a bank, however high his official position, and should serve as a warning also against laxity in the use of cashier's checks or charge slips.

It appears that Martindale's embezzlements began about sixteen years ago; and that for years past he has made it a practice to be on hand at the bank at the close of each month in order that he might personally look after and manipulate the statements rendered this particular depositor.

"More than a year ago the Controller's office, in calling upon national banks to furnish a list of employes who had been allowed no vacations in five years, said:

Because most men are physically and mentally in shape to perform their duties most efficiently when they have the benefit of a yearly vacation, and because of other obvious advantages, including the better opportunity afforded of having an impartial check made of the books and accounts of all employes while on vacation, besides the training given understudies and assistants, the Controller commends the granting of a vacation period to all bank employes each year.

"The experience of the Chemical National Bank lends fresh emphasis to this recommendation, and it is hoped it will be heeded by the banks."

Innocence of the Teller.

The situation was the subject of a conference tonight in the office of Controller Williams. Asked tonight if he would recommend that Congress add legislation to the banking act to provide a means of preventing a recurrence of such acts, Mr. Williams said he could not speak advisedly on that phase of the affair now.

The question of the responsibility of the teller in the Chemical National, who followed the directions of Mr. Martindale in taking to him the statement of the depositor's account and trusting to Martindale's word as to informing the depositor of the condition of his account, is under consideration at the Treasury Department. In this case, it was said, the teller's explanation was such as to command the confidence of the officials of the bank in his entire innocence and truthfulness. He simply obeyed his superior official and made no question of his faithfulness. The fact that the teller is usually an employe with moderate pay, and the bank President a high official with a large salary, has been taken into account in the present case, and it is understood that no steps will be taken to prosecute the teller.

The case, however, will lead to amendments of regulations controlling the conduct of national banks. It is likely that a requirement will be made that in no instance shall information as to a deposit account be withheld from the party in interest. In such a case as that in the experience of the Chemical National it would be required that the teller, besides taking the statement of account to President Martindale, should also mail a copy of the statement to the actual owner of the account. Had this been done concealment of the defalcation, it was said, would have been impossible without the collusion of the teller or some employe of the bank with the President.

DISCLOSURE SHOCKS MARTINDALE'S FRIENDS

Late President of the Chemical National Bank Regarded as the "Soul of Honor."

The disclosure made by Controller Williams of the late Joseph B. Martindale's embezzlement of a depositor's funds from the Chemical National Bank shocked the banking community as nothing has done since the series of bank failures which accompanied the panic of 1907. Colleagues of the banker, who had looked up to him for years as representing the epitome of a conservative, trustworthy guardian of the public's money, were dumfounded when told the of the news from Washington. Mr. Williams's statement reached the Street after business hours, and the first that many friends of Martindale knew of his theft of $300,000 was contained in messages over the telephone last night.

In all quarters Mr. Williams's assurance that the resources of the Chemical National would not be affected was echoed. Although Martindale's name and the Chemical had been practically synonymous in banking circles since he became President in 1910, it was said last night wherever comment was made that the position of the institution could not be impaired. A recent statement showed that the surplus and profits amounted to $7,697,000, while the Controller made it clear that the undivided profits alone which were left after the embezzlements were made good were in excess of $1,500,000.

The genuine grief expressed by associates of the banker were heightened by the complete surprise which the news brought. Men who had advanced in the banking field shoulder to shoulder with Martindale said they had considered him, boy and man, as the soul of honor. A. D. Juilliard, a Director of the bank and a life-long friend of Martindale, summed up the expressions made everywhere.

"It is a terrible surprise," he said. "There was never any indication of anything like this in Mr. Martindale's business life."

Mr. Juilliard was a co-receiver with Martindale of the H. B. Claflin Company four years ago, and for many years had been closely associated with him in the bank's affairs. He declined to discuss the matter, except to say that the facts had been given to the Controller of the Currency some time ago.

Shocks an Old Comrade.

Another leading banker and business man who had worked with Martindale since they were young men said:

"It is almost unbelievable. Mr. Martindale was always considered the highest type of banker. He made friends easily because of his fine personality, and in all his dealings he was thought perfectly square."

Few of the bank's directors could be reached last night, owing largely to the fact that they were on vacations, and those who spoke of the scandal declined to name the depositor whose account was juggled by Martindale. Gossip of the Street has considered the Chemical National as the depository for the funds of wealthy, conservative New Yorkers whose fortunes have come down to them from ancestors who were prominent in the early days of the city. The account of any one of a dozen men and women who are believed to do their banking with the Chemical National might have been drawn upon for some years without the owner knowing about it.

Not an Extravagant Man.

One of the impressive things connected with the embezzlement was the absence of impressions among his associates last night that he had lived beyond his means. Men who had been closest to him could not recall any suspicion of undue participation in the speculative markets; none knew of any expensive habits which would absorb more money than his salary and personal income could have supplied. While of a convivial nature, it was said, he did not go to extremes. It was known after his death that he had left a smaller estate than had been expected from one in his position as head of a leading metropolitan bank, but no breath of irregularities was attached to the findings of the executor.

Martindale was considered a banker first and last. His chief value to the bank was his knowledge of credits. The Chemical is strictly a commercial bank. It accepts no brokerage accounts and lends no money in the call loan market. Until a few months ago it refused to pay interest on deposits, and by so doing was unable for years to receive deposits of Government funds. In the credit field Martindale had no superior, and his contemporaries conceded him the place without begrudging him the honor.

Martindale grew up in the Chemical National, going there as a boy and passing through practically every department. It is possible that his familiarity with all the ends of the bank's affairs led to his undoing, for he learned how clients' money could be spent as well as conserved without drawing suspicion to himself. He elected to devote himself so closely to the bank that he declined to serve as a Director of corporations except for limited periods when his advice was especially sought. He even retired early from the board of the Bankers Trust Company, which was made up almost entirely of leading bankers.

While Martindale built up friendships quickly, he never sought publicity. He kept out of the limelight as much as possible, as was befitting the President of the Chemical National with its history of conservatism, running back to 1824. Herein lay one of the most puzzling features of the Washington exposure, according to the banker's friends last night. They could not conceive of Martindale's need of money for matters which could not be satisfied from the funds which came to him honestly. There was not a banker of the first grade in Wall Street of whom the public knew less than Martindale, although bankers knew him, or of him, in every city of the land.

The traditions of the Chemical National were well upheld by Martindale. When he became President, in 1910, he succeeded William H. Porter, who went down into Wall Street to be a partner of J. P. Morgan & Co. The Chemical had seen other and younger banks grow faster than itself. The management had long aspired to be known more broadly as a business keeper than a business getter. Martindale, a careful, painstaking banker, who knew the Chemical from the lowest job upward, was considered exactly the type to succeed Mr. Porter. There was never any complaint from the Directors about his way of running the bank. The Chemical continued as rock-ribbed as before.

In the Claflin Crash.

In the Claflin failure, and later in the difficulties which befell the firm of Mills & Gibbs, Martindale displayed special ability as a strong credit man and a doctor for sick corporations. There was a deal of work connected with the reorganizations of these concerns, and with Mr. Juilliard in the first and Henry W. Poor in the second he labored many weeks. His friends thought he devoted too much time to work and not enough to play. There were few days in recent years when he could not be found at his desk.

These business qualities, crowding out opportunities for the usual activities expected of an embezzler, were what puzzled the dead banker's friends most last night. More than one colleague of Martindale's said in the first flush of amazement, "It cannot be true."

Several years ago Martindale became estranged from his wife. Last Spring he went to the Adirondacks to recuperate from illness, and returned early in July, expecting to renew his work at the bank in August. A few days after his return an old heart ailment recurred and he was taken to the German Hospital, where a reconciliation with his family took place shortly before his death on July 1. He was 55 years old and had been employed by the Chemical National since he reached his sixteenth birthday.

Herbert K. Twitchell, Vice President, who succeeded Martindale as President, declined to discuss the Controller's statement yesterday. It is expected that later developments will throw more light on the situation than exist at present. While it might be considered extraordinary that the President of a national bank whose affairs were watched over by a strong Board of Directors and the Federal Bank Examiner could continue for years to loot a depositor's account, banker said last night that it might easily have been done. Martindale, it was explained, followed a novel method of getting money.

It was thought that the depositor whose account was involved always kept a heavy balance at the Chemical, and as the checks and notes forged by the banker did not run in large amounts, the records could be juggled successfully for a long period. Besides this, the business of a bank President naturally would not come under so close scrutiny from other employes as the business of any other man in the institution. It was assumed by other bankers, in the absence of details, that Mr. Twichell had come across the trail of irregularities by chance and worked them out when Martindale's absence gave opportunity.

While the Chemical is a commercial bank, its directors consist mostly of men of wealth, members of old, landed families. They are Robert Walton Goelet, W. Emlen Roosevelt, Frederic W. Stevens, A. D. Juilliard, Art Iselin, William H. Porter, Charles Cheney and Mr. Twitchell. It has long been rumored in banking quarters that John Wanamaker was a large depositor with the Chemical and was numbered by Martindale as a close friend. Other big wholesale and retail concerns are on the bank's list of clients.

In the recollection of old-time bankers, the Chemical is remembered as the bank which was strong enough to go ahead doing business as usual during the panic of 1873. At that time, the story goes, the Chemical refused to follow other institutions in declining to pay out specie. The consequence was a run upon the Clearing House Association when the other banks sought to force the Chemical into line, which disturbed the Chemical management not at all and added to the bank's prestige.

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They will be written by Elmer R. Murphey, president of James H. Rhodes & Company, importers of pumice stone, sponges, chamois skins, magnesite, buffs and various industrial chemicals.

Mr. Murphey is just back from a 25,000-mile trip of investigation in the countries named, on behalf of his own company and SYSTEM, the Magazine of Business.

He finds tremendous possibilities for American trade, which he will tell about in SYSTEM for October, November, December and January.

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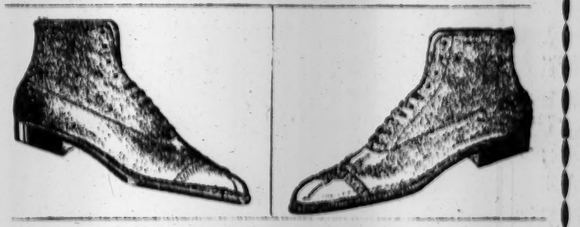

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ALLIES STILL SEE PERIL IN U-BOATS

Regard Submarines as Their Gravest Menace, but Are Confident They Will Meet It.

MAY HINDER OUR ARMIES

London Regards This Contingency as the Gravest, Involving Final Triumph Over Germany.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—The submarine situation is still causing grave concern, not for fear of starvation of the Allies, but of hampering their efforts seriously. England needs iron, France and Italy want coal and wheat, and, above all, the American Army, to which the Allies look each day more anxiously for the final turning of the scale toward victory, is likely to be hindered by scanty supplies.

On the other hand, it was pointed out by a high authority today, there is no reason whatever to despair of the situation. Neither England nor America has yet put forth its full strength with regard to the submarine war. Other questions equally grave already have been answered satisfactorily, and the shipping problem can be solved quite as well with equal effort. For example, during the first year of the war England was confronted with the necessity of raising an enormous army. With stupendous effort she raised it. In the second year of the war England realized the need of an unlimited supply of munitions. She revolutionized her industries and produced it.

Now, there is an equal need for a tremendous effort to increase her shipping, and it is impossible to believe that American and British shipyards are incapable of launching all the shipping needed to overcome the submarine peril, if their full vigor is put into the task.

The sea pirates have changed their methods recently. The Atlantic routes are now comparatively safe. The convoy system is working satisfactorily, but there still are scattered sinkings. This is reckoned as a tribute to the efficiency of the American and British methods of protecting the well-recognized trade routes, but it also shows the impossibility of guarding the entire ocean. Recently the Germans have been building more submarines than the Allies are destroying, and with their increased size the U-boats are able to go far afield.

By The Associated Press.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 7—(Delayed by the Censor.)—It is learned here that the Entente Governments are agreed that the shipping situation is the most serious problem of all those facing the Entente at the beginning of the fourth Winter of the war, and every effort will be made during the coming months to impress the people of England and America with the fact that the greatest effort of the whole war will be necessary to solve it. A Government official informed The Associated Press today:

"As Britain's great effort of the first year of the war was to create a huge army, as her great effort for the second and third years was to create an inexhaustible supply of munitions, so the great effort of the fourth year must be, not only in Great Britain, but also in America, to create a merchant navy to replace the submarine losses and supply the constantly increasing demands.

"There is no disguising the fact that the shipping situation is serious. Do not misunderstand me—the shipping situation has not grown serious through any increased success of the German submarine warfare. As a matter of fact, the German submarine war is being held down very well, and the average sinkings show no increase either in number of ships or tonnage. The sinkings in the Atlantic main routes are now very low, and the greater proportion of the sinkings occur in out-of-the-way spots, indicating either that the submarines have been forced afield or that a larger number of them are operating.

"But the total available tonnage is shrinking slightly, while, on the other hand, the demands for tonnage from all directions are increasing tremendously. Where three ships were needed a year ago, four are needed now. France is very short of coal, one of the vital necessaries for Winter. Italy is short of coal and the shortage is so serious that it is causing the Italian Government the utmost concern. For all these shortages there is only one remedy, namely, tonnage.

"But a still more important demand for tonnage comes from America, whence the Entente's great reserve of men must come this Winter. The necessity for tonnage to transport the American army and keep them supplied is perhaps the most important feature of the shipping situation.

"So the Entente statesmen have arrived at the conclusion that the winning of the war may depend on the new effort which will be demanded of England and America this Winter, an effort to push quickly to completion—more quickly than ever attempted before—fleet upon fleet of ships to carry the sinews of war to the fighting nations."

THE SUSANA IS SUNK.

American Steamship of 3,613 Tons Destroyed by a U-Boat.

Reports indicating that the American steamship Susana, a vessel of 3,613 tons, which left here Aug. 7 for Genoa, has been sunk by a submarine were received in shipping circles here yesterday.

The advices stated that an American vessel for Genoa commanded by Captain Smith and controlled by Furness, Withy & Co. was destroyed. The Susana was in charge of Captain J. M. Smith and was cleared by that firm for the Italian port.

At the office of Furness, Withy & Co. it was said no word had been received of the ship. Records of the United States Shipping Commissioner here show that the vessel carried a crew of thirty-seven men, of whom nine claimed American citizenship.

AUSTRIANS PLAN GORIZIA OFFENSIVE

Ready to Make Any Sacrifices to Regain the Coveted "K-Line."

AT HINDENBURG'S ORDER?

Washington Thinks Him Responsible for Heavy Concentration Reported by Italian Embassy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Information reached the Italian Embassy today in messages from Rome that the Austrian command on the Isonzo front was preparing a new offensive and concentrating Austrian forces Northeast of Gorizia. According to the message, the Austrians have decided to make any sacrifice to wipe out the influence involved in the success of the occupation by the Italians of important Austrian positions.

While the dispatch does not so assert, it is suspected here that the hand of Von Hindenburg, who has never hesitated to sacrifice men for victories, is responsible for the Austrian concentration.

"On the Carso front there is relative calm," said the message to the embassy. "The Austrian counteroffensive has utterly failed, and the Austrians are maintaining an inert stand along the lines Castagnavizza-Kornie and Kornie-Selo. On the Isonzo front the action is limited to violent artillery duels. There are signs that the enemy is preparing a new offensive in order to regain the lost positions. The present Italian pause on this front represents such a serious menace to the Austrians that the Austrian command has decided to make any sacrifices in order to recover what is known as the K-line.

"Northeast of Gorizia the battle is still raging furiously, the Austrians depending themselves with extreme violence.

"General Boevess, who has taken the place of General Borevic, is directing the Austrian defense, with at least twenty-eight battalions at his disposal. This concentration of forces is simply amazing, considering the limited sector in which they are employed. Captured Austrian officers say that the Austrian command considers the conservation of the present line as essential to the salvation of the Austrian army operating in a southeasterly direction. According to the same officers, some of the Austrian battalions already have been practically annihilated in their endeavor to stem the slow but sure Italian advance. They say, also, that these enormous losses have been due chiefly to the impossibility of getting food and ammunition during the battle on account of the Italian fire. That this has been the case is proved by the capture of half a battalion, which surrendered in a state of complete exhaustion."

Italian military men in Washington say that General Cadorna has barely two months more in which to achieve his objective in the present Italian offensive, as Winter conditions prevailing in November will make it practically impossible to continue the operations along the same scale that they have been conducted. Whether the drive can be maintained until Winter depends on the amount of materials possessed by Italy. The Italian officers here believe that the Entente's best opportunity of breaking the Teutonic lines lies on the Italo-Austrian front, and that successes are in sight of the Italians that will compensate for the reverses Russia has endured in the East.

These Italian officers assert that the general military situation on all fronts emphasizes the importance and paramount value of the Italian offensive at the present time. The failure of the Italians to capture Monte San Gabriele has led some observers to believe that the offensive has spent its force or is waning. This is declared by Italian military officers to be an erroneous assumption. The attack on San Gabriele, they say, has been lacking in that element of surprise which played so important a part in the capture of Monte Santo, and the Austrians, after the continuation of the Italian successes, have hurried up all available Austrian reinforcements, as well as German and Turkish, to stem the Italian advance.

These officers say that the entente Allience is fully alive to the real danger of the Italian situation shown by the great number of German and Turkish dead found on both the Hermada and Isonzo fronts, while the Austrian official reports admit the Italian success and its importance. The Vienna War Office has reported the loss of all the fortified positions between San Marco and Santa Caterina, and also that the Italians are on the outskirts of the Hermada.

The Italian officers here admit the extreme difficulty of the action against Monte San Gabriele, but point out that the Italian troops are holding their own on the western slope of this position, and say that if they are able to force an Austrian retreat also from the eastern slope of this position before the fighting season is over this year the fate of Austria may be considered sealed. They say that after San Gabriele the only Austrian stronghold that can slow down the progress of the Italian forces is Monte San Daniele, but remark that this mountain would be entirely dominated by the heavy artillery the Italians could put on San Gabriele.

Joseph Presents

A SUPERB COLLECTION OF MILLINERY FOR EARLY AUTUMN

Milliners Dressmakers Furriers

632 Fifth Avenue opp. Cathedral

The athletic girl does not require health foods: but she enjoys Krumbles because in addition to its great food value it has such a fascinating flavor—and the more it is chewed the sweeter it tastes—.

Look for this signature

W. K. Kellogg

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PRESS MICHAELIS TO YIELD BELGIUM

Continued from Page 1.

that peace is in sight. The ultimate object of this propaganda, officials believe, is to cause the United States Government to slacken the preparations it is making to send an army of 2,000,000 men to France.

It is not doubted here that a distinct and strong peace movement exists in Germany. There is too much evidence to leave any uncertainty on that score. The German Government, in the view of Washington officials, knows it cannot win, and knows also that if the war continues Germany is bound to lose.

The German Government realizes that the peace movement may assume such strength before long that the ruling militaristic group will be forced to make a real appeal to the Allies to discuss terms, which would leave Germany in a position where she could not drive the bargain for which she hopes.

It is to throw dust in the eyes of the Allies that Germany is causing her agents to put forth outlines of concessions that Germany pretends to be willing to make in the desire through this means to impress the democratic peoples in the Allied countries and cause them to influence their Governments to enter negotiations that begin with no definite assurances from the Central Powers and thus leave all questions at issue to the adjustment of the peace plenipotentiaries.

This plan of operations is well understood by President Wilson and Secretary Lansing. They have learned much of German methods in the last three years and have not been deceived by the present agitation.

There is to be no cessation of preparation for war by the United States. If anything the efforts of the Government are to be accelerated under the stimulus of the knowledge that Germany is worried over the military activity in this country and fears the participation of the United States in the war.

All this became clearly known today through statements made in an authoritative quarter brought out by inquiry as to the publication of supposed German peace terms containing suggestions of concessions which Germany was placed in a position of being willing to make.

"There is an intensified peace propaganda emanating from the Central Powers," said the authority mentioned.

It was indicated that the main seat of the propaganda was Switzerland, but the explanation was made that this statement was not to be construed as meaning that the Swiss Government or Swiss officials had any part in it. On the contrary, the evidence at hand tends to show that able German diplomats are at work in Berne and probably in Zurich, the "Mole St. Nicholas" of misinformation concerning the great war. There also appears to be a German peace propaganda headquarters in Amsterdam.

The State Department has not obtained from any official source an outline of Germany's peace terms. It will continue to ignore the alleged German peace programs emanating from mysterious sources and will continue to speed up the work of military preparation, which has now assumed such an impetus that Germany will be astonished when she learns what has been accomplished by this Government in the few months that preparations have been in progress.

VON HINDENBURG CALLS WILSON PRESUMPTUOUS

Rejects 'All Foreign Interference' —Crown Prince Thanks Hamburg for "Manly Words."

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 11.—Replying to the Württemberg Chambers of Commerce, which have recorded their rejection of "President Wilson's presumptuous attempt to interfere with Germany's domestic affairs," Field Marshal von Hindenburg, according to the German newspapers, has sent the following message:

"As an answer to the presumptuous words of President Wilson, the German Nation has placed itself unitedly and firmly behind its Emperor and his words and has rejected all foreign interference in German affairs. We must now remain united, steel hard and determined to achieve victory. Thereby we shall shorten the war. Let this be the feeling of every German."

BERLIN, Sept. 11, (via London.)—The Hamburg Chamber of Commerce has received the following message from Crown Prince Frederick William in acknowledgment of its resolution of protest against President Wilson's note in reply to Pope Benedict's peace proposal:

"I have read with pleasure and approval the text of your resolution of protest against President Wilson's note, and beg you to express to the members of that Chamber and to the merchant body of Hamburg my sincere appreciation of their manly words and the refreshing candor with which the presumption of the American President was deservedly declined."

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 11.—German children as well as German women are now being mobilized in the agitation against President Wilson's strictures on the German Government. A beginning has been made at Harburg, near Hamburg, where all the public schools on Sunday took part in a demonstration at which telegrams were sent to Emperor William, Chancellor Michaelis, and Field Marshal von Hindenburg.

The Roman Catholic mercantile associations of Germany have adopted a resolution of similar tenor.

Vorwärts says editorially today that the motive of the Conservative and Pan German "wirepullers," to whom attention has been called in recent dispatches, to utilize the American note to the Pope for exciting anew the bellicose passions of the people, and above all for delivering a mighty blow to the democratic movement—is steadily becoming more apparent.

All the resolutions were drafted on the same model, beginning with a display of strong language against President Wilson, and then proclaiming a readiness to hold out until a victorious peace is attained. They contain a more or less open attack on the Reichstag resolution, declaring it to be unrepresentative of the people's will, and conclude with a declaration of loyalty to the reigning dynasty.

Vorwärts has lost all confidence in the Chancellor's good intentions to swing around to the view held abroad. Of Dr. Michaelis, Vorwärts says indications steadily confirm the impression that he will not dissociate himself from the parties opposed to peace based on good-will because he is only waiting an opportunity to avail himself of the help they may offer against the Reichstag.

The Bremen labor unions have protested against the recent resolution adopted by the Bremen Merchant Guilds, which alleged that in wide circles in Bremen the population was opposed to the Reichstag majority attitude on peace. The resolution of the labor men indorsed the Reichstag resolution, demanded peace without unnecessary delay, and declared for democratic reforms.

TALES OF U-BOATS SUNK IN BATTLES

Continued from Page 1.

voyage across with troops. The Captains of two other transports who were in company with him on the voyage made similar reports.

GIRL'S ERROR LIFTED HOPES OF SEA VICTORY

Navy Department Clerk Made It "All" Instead of "One" Submarine Lost.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Elation in Washington today over an official announcement that six German submarines had been sunk during a mass attack on the American steamship Westwego, while cruising with several other ships off the coast of France last Friday, was short-lived.

Four hours after it had been announced by Secretary Daniels at 10:30 o'clock this morning that six submarines had been sunk, the Secretary was obliged to issue a retraction. At 2:30 o'clock this afternoon he gave to the press a statement that one of the submarines was probably lost. Meanwhile the news had been flashed over the world that all six of the submarines had been lost and the impression was spread throughout the nation, too late for correction in most afternoon papers, that American destroyers convoying the merchant vessels had won a great victory over the German Navy.

The retraction was issued by Secretary Daniels this afternoon after he had discovered that a young woman stenographer in the Navy Department had committed the typographical error of substituting the word "all" for "one" in the original paraphrase of the official report which had been delivered to her to be copied for use in making the official announcement.

As issued at 2:30 o'clock the statement of Secretary Daniels, indicating that "one" submarine had probably been lost, read:

"My attention has just been called to a serious error made in transcribing the report of the attack made on the Westwego and other vessels. I gave the report to the press this morning exactly as it was presented to me, stating that 'probably all of the submarines were lost.' The cablegram, I find now, stated that 'one' of the submarines was probably lost."

Notified the President.

Meanwhile the information as originally given to the press had been sent by wireless to Gloucester, on the Massachusetts coast—where the naval yacht Mayflower was stationed—for delivery to the President, who had been visiting Colonel E. M. House, and had received wide circulation around the Capitol, where Senators and Representatives were congratulating the American navy on its prowess. The original announcement, as issued by Secretary Daniels at 10:30 o'clock this morning, and which had to be corrected by the later retraction, read as follows:

"The Navy Department has received a report from Paris which states that the American steamship Westwego, reported on the 8th of September, that while cruising with several other ships they were attacked by a massed force of six submarines off the coast of France on the 5th of September, the result of this attack being that two steamers were sunk and probably all of the submarines were lost."

After this statement had been given out by the Navy Department, and before the issuance of the retraction, the Committee on Public Information issued a duplicate of the morning announcement by the department to which was added these words:

"Secretary Daniels said that he had cabled for fuller details of the encounter. The vessels attacked were bound for a European port."

The true version appears to be that the merchant vessels, of which the Westwego was one, were attacked by submarines in force off the coast of France on Sept. 5, and that in the fight two of them were lost and probably one of the submarines was sunk. There is nothing in the original dispatch which came from the American Embassy at Paris to show that the vessels were convoyed, or that the submarine that "probably" was lost was sunk by war vessels, and, if so, whether the warcraft were American, French, or British destroyers.

If the vessels were convoyed by American destroyers at the time they were attacked, that fact would be very important, for it would mark the first sinking by submarines of any vessels convoyed by a screen of American destroyers. The information given out by the Navy Department says nothing about any destroyers figuring in the encounter. But the statement in the dispatch that the Westwego was "cruising with other ships" which were attacked created an impression in the minds of naval officers on duty at the department that the merchant vessels were convoyed. The names of the vessels other than the Westwego were not given in the department's message. But it was stated that the Westwego, which is a tank ship, was not carrying troops or acting as a transport.

The error of the Navy Department recalled the account of the "attack in force" by German submarines on American troop transports made public by Secretary Daniels and George Creel through the Committee on Public Information on the eve of the Fourth of July, and occasioned wide comment throughout official and other circles here today.

Not a Creel Bulletin.

George Creel, Chairman of the Committee on Public Information, whose connection with the preparation of the Fourth of July bulletin brought him certain unenviable criticism, had nothing personally to do with the preparation of the inaccurate account issued this morning magnifying the affair of last Wednesday off the coast of France. Careful inquiry indicates that the mistake in the nature of a multiplication of the enemy's alleged losses contained in this morning's announcement was caused by a girl stenographer in the Navy Department. When the original message from Paris was received this morning it was dictated in paraphrase for transcription by the stenographer. After she had copied the paraphrase of the message as thus dictated it was handed to Lieutenant Commander Belknap, the official censor of the Navy Department, who delivered it to Secretary Daniels.

Secretary Daniels directed that the paraphrase be immediately made public. The incorrectly copied paraphrase was then copied, with the mistakes included, for delivery to the press, and was handed to the newspaper men at 10:30 o'clock. It appears that the stenographer, one of the number taken into the service of the Navy Department under the pressure of war activities, discovered her mistake not long after she had written the word "all" in place of "one" submarine, and reported the fact to Lieut. Commander Belknap. A corrected copy of the paraphrase was then prepared under his instructions and was delivered to an agent of the Committee on Public Information stationed in the Navy Department, who placed it on Secretary Daniels's desk. The Secretary had gone out of his office for a conference, and not until his return was the supplementary statement issued retracting the most important feature of the earlier announcement.

Secretary Daniels told the newspaper men late in the afternoon he had given the statement to the public in the exact form in which it had been received by him from the office of the Chief of Naval Operations.

Gillette U. S. Service Set It Fits the Kit or the Pocket

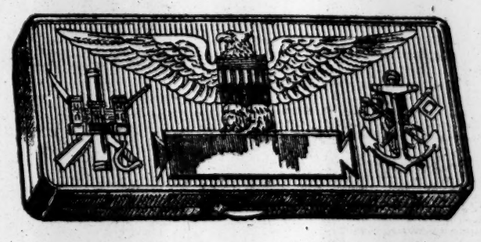
Something Special for Our Boys

There is little enough one can do for the brave fellows who are going to the Front—few things one can give them to take along. A soldier's kit is reduced to the bare necessities: most gifts have to be left behind.

But here is something that is a prime necessity to every man in every branch of the Service. The U. S. Regulations call for a clean shave—every man jack must have a shaving outfit.

The new Gillette U. S. Service Set represents three years' War experience, condensed into one compact little metal case—that fits the kit or slips into the breast pocket.

The solid metal case is heavily nickel-plated and embossed with the Insignia of the U. S. Army and Navy. There is a nickel-plated Gillette Safety Razor and Blade Box, with an indestructible Trench Mirror inside the lid.



No Strops or Hones. Nothing to carry but the compact little case, and new Blades can be had anywhere in France, England, Russia and Italy.

The Gillette U. S. Service Set is a leading specialty with Gillette Dealers everywhere—$5

GILLETTE SAFETY RAZOR COMPANY
Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

Gillette Safety Razor Company of Canada, Ltd.
73 St. Alexander Street, Montreal

If he has already gone, you can send him a Gillette U. S. Service Set by mail. If your dealer does not have this Set, send us $5 and your Sammie's address, and we will make *free delivery* direct to his hands from our Paris Office or to any American Cantonment from our Boston Office.

MURPHY'S DISTRICT JOINS IN REVOLT

Democratic Club of the Twelfth Goes Over to Mayor Mitchel's Support.

WIGWAM LEADERS AROUSED

Magistrate Corrigan's Campaign for District Attorney Now in Hands of Committee.

The revolt of Tammany leaders and workers against Charles F. Murphy's control of Tammany Hall spread last night to Murphy's own district, the Twelfth Assembly. At a meeting of the Democratic Club of that district at 219 East Thirty-first Street speeches were made by old-time Tammany war horses denouncing Murphy, and resolutions were adopted declaring that Murphy and "his henchman McCooey" never gave the young Democrats a chance, and that the time had come to "cleanse the Democracy of its misfit overlords." The organization went over to the City Democracy in a body, and announced its support of Mayor Mitchel and the Fusion ticket.

The club is composed of Tammany and old Democratic voters, nearly all of whom have been Tammany workers in the ranks for years. John F. McCabe, Clerk of the Supreme Court, a Tammany captain for thirty years and a member of the Tammany County Committee, presided at the meeting and made an address. Among the other prominent Tammany men who lined up against Murphy was John J. O'Neill, who was a candidate for district leader against Michael Cruise. Mr. O'Neill was a member of the Tammany Society, and has been Chairman of the Tammany District Committee of his district for twenty years. He is also a member of the Board of Trustees of the Tammany Central Club of his district. Others were Patrick Toner, William Cunningham, Frank J. Kellian, Louis Silverblatt, and William A. Larney, former chief clerk of the Fire Department and a life-long Tammanyite. Among the speakers at the meeting were Charles E. Clark, John W. Kelly and James L. Pinks, former President of the Columbia College Students Tammany Club. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, Charles F. Murphy and his henchman, McCooey, have again plainly shown that they have no time for decent and hard-working Democrats, and that our young and deserving Democrats need not apply for positions or even for an opportunity to be shown their worth, and

Whereas, Murphy and McCooey and the small and selfish men around Murphy proved this fact by naming an unknown to head the ticket and by dealing out big nominations to outsiders who had never done anything for Tammany organization workers—a blunder that has no excuses, and which every district worker knows destroys any chances the few young Democrats who are running for local offices may have had, because of this pitiful, hand-picked ticket, and

Whereas, Murphy has demonstrated that the old group around him is getting what little there is to be gotten, as in the case of the candidate who was sent to Congress and whose place as City Court Clerk was filled by another of the Murphy favorites, Frank Goodwin, who had been drawing a salary as Assistant City Clerk, being promoted from a $4,000 to a $6,000 job, and then further to keep the patronage within Murphy's private circle, put Michael Cruise, his personal leader of the Fourteenth Assembly District, in Goodwin's place, thereby promoting Cruise from a $3,000 job as Assistant City Clerk to a $4,000 job, and to further clinch the evidence that Murphy is playing only favorites, he puts his old crony, Patrick Whitney, in Mr. Cruise's place, thereby rejecting all the young Democrats in other sections of Manhattan who aspired to these offices and packing these jobs with old hacks in his district, and

Whereas, It is clear that young Democrats will never get a chance to show what they can do so long as Murphy and McCooey and their star chamber retains the power to selfishly give everything to a chosen few and crush the ambitions and the hopes of the young Democrats in New York; therefore, be it

Resolved, That this organization of enrolled Democrats of the Twelfth Assembly District, in open meeting, denounces the Murphy policy of jamming unknowns on the ticket, and pledges itself and its best efforts, as a means of eradicating Murphyism from New York's Democracy, to the cause of independent democracy espoused by Mayor Mitchel, and further pledges itself to work for the election of the ticket headed by Mayor Mitchel as the best means available to cleanse the Democracy of its misfit overlords.

Tammany leaders would make no comment yesterday upon the defection in the Tammany districts, due principally to the manner in which the municipal ticket was selected by Murphy, McCooey and the other members of the Fourteenth Street inner circle. Murphy and his advisers, it was said, appreciate the seriousness of the situation and are quietly doing all in their power to stem the tide of revolt.

A committee to conduct the campaign of Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan, independent candidate for District Attorney, met at the Corrigan headquarters in the Fitzgerald Building, Forty-third Street and Broadway, yesterday, and organized. N. Joseph Slicklen, a lawyer of 41 Park Row, was made Chairman, and William A. Greer, a lawyer of 74 Broadway, was selected as Treasurer. Mr. Greer is a son of Bishop David H. Greer of the Protestant Episcopal Church. Magistrate Corrigan's headquarters were formally opened, and several hundred signatures to a petition putting him in the race were obtained during the day.

ROAD GIVES ULTIMATUM TO TELEGRAPHERS

Men Out on the Pennsylvania Have Until This Afternoon to Return to Work.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 11.—The situation in the strike of the railroad telegraphers on the Trenton division remains the same as it has been since the strike began. It is said by the railroad that the greatest delay was only twenty minutes. This applies to passenger trains. It is said that freight is being moved on schedule, but this does not appear to be so well founded, judging by the number of trains that pass.

Supt. E. J. Cleave of the division today gave an ultimatum to the men, in which he demanded that they return to work by 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Those who do not return by that time will be considered out of the employ of the company and are called upon to turn in their passes and any railroad property they may have in their control. He gave assurance that the demands of those who returned would be considered.

The operators here say that 95 per cent. of the men who worked on the road on Friday are now on strike, and that the men who are taking their places can be ill spared from their regular duties on other divisions and in the various main offices to which they were promoted from the towers. The strikers say that it is impossible to live on the $67 a month which they receive.

There are reports that men on other divisions will quit work in sympathy with the present strike, but as yet none has been reported here.

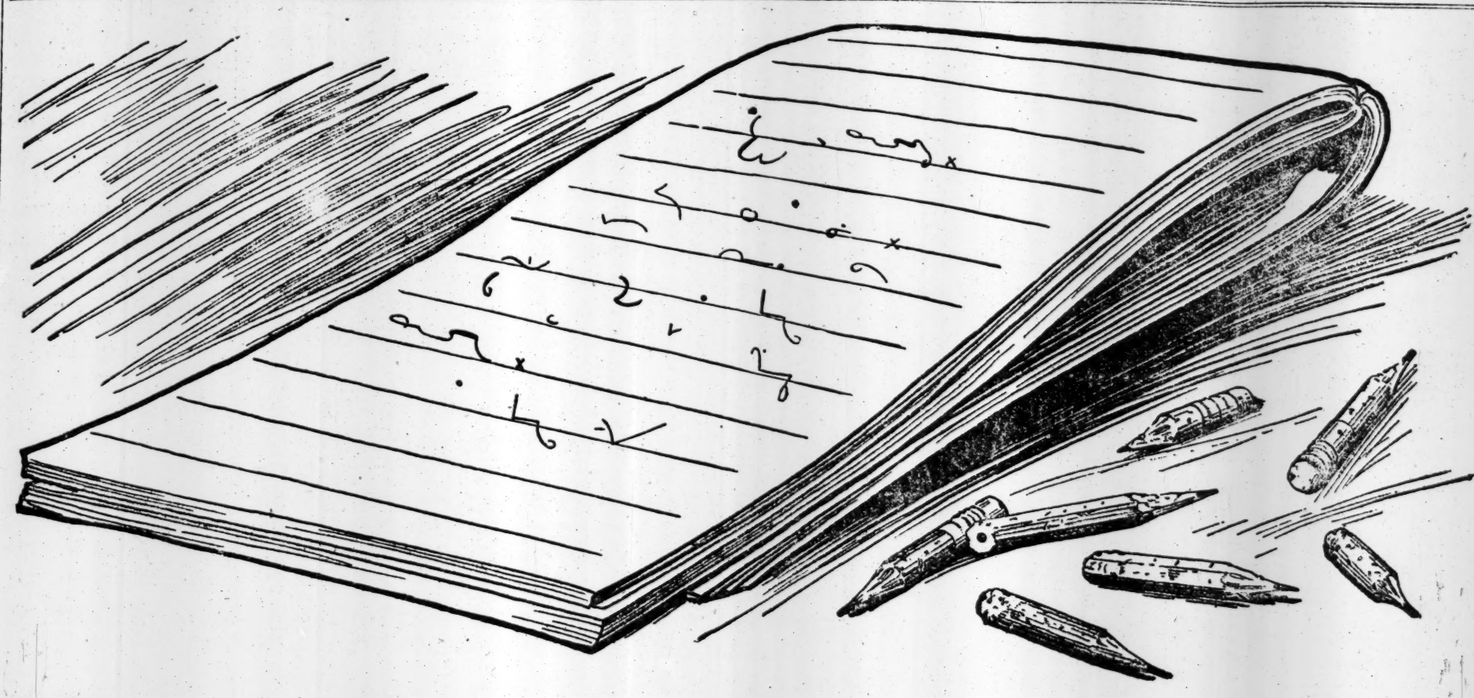
Special to The New York Times.

BURLINGTON, N. J., Sept. 11.—Striking telegraph operators and train dispatchers of the Pennsylvania Railroad, following a metting at their headquarters here tonight, declared they had received messages indicating that operators on every line east of Pittsburgh would be out before the week end unless the wage demands of the Jerseymen are met. An agent of the company, at a meeting at strike headquarters in Grange Hall today, said the company would refuse to meet them as individuals, but would recognize them through the Order of Operators and Dispatchers.

TIFFANY & Co.

JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, CLOCKS
WATCHES, CHINA, STATIONERY

Better now!
than later. You'll be much busier, soon—your promise to yourself and yours to "fix up" the lawn and grounds with some nice evergreens may "hang fire" indefinitely if you start.
putting it off—why not have it done now—when it's easiest for us, therefore cheaper—and you enjoy the improvement right away. A phone message or a note—and the rest is our job. Phone or write NOW
I. HICKS & SON
Sixty Years of Knowing How
WESTBURY



Every Second Spent Wearing Down These Pencils Was Wasted

Look, Mr. Treasurer! at this evidence.

Those pencils wrote dictation. Each pencil was seven inches long when new. It took hours and hours of wear to make them stubs.

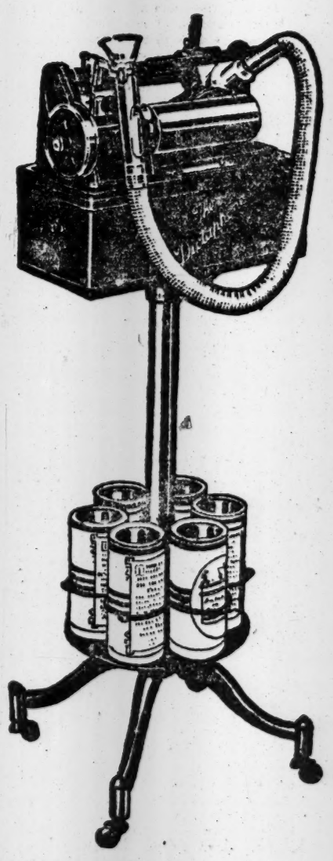
Notice the tooth marks on those chewed stubs. Each mark was made by one who was waiting nervously while the dictator answered the telephone interruption, turned to a caller, signed his name to a rush paper, hunted for a missing reference, or groped for a mislaid word or phrase. Each mark means wasted time.

Keep these pencil stubs. Let them pile up in a basket. Count the tooth marks on each. Count the hours of wear that made them stubs. Compute the number of sharpenings, the number of sudden breakings.

The Dictaphone takes the pencil and note book out of letter writing and speeds up the letter production 50 per cent. Phone to The Dictaphone office for a demonstration.

How natural it is to ask you to "telephone"! It is equally natural to use The Dictaphone. This is the age of Dictaphone growth, just as 25 years ago was the age of the telephone growth.

Look into the subject of Dictaphones for your office.



Increase in Price Will Take Effect Oct. 1st.

THE DICTAPHONE

REGISTERED

Phone Barclay 3043 or Call on us at 55 Warren St., New York

Write for booklet "The Man at the Desk"

The word "DICTAPHONE" is a TRADE MARK in the United States and in foreign countries.

This Advertisement was dictated to The Dictaphone

B. Altman & Co.

The Motor Robe Department

has for selection a remarkably large and attractive assortment of new Motor Robes, embracing styles and materials adapted for every type of car. The prices, considering quality, are extremely moderate. Of special interest are

Imported Robes, of silk plush in a variety of colors . . . . $35.00 to $100.00

Robes of heavy box cloth, with plush lining, at . . . . . $30.00 & 35.00

Robes of cloth or mohair plush at . . . . . $12.00 to 50.00

Also included in the stock are

IMPORTED STEAMER RUGS

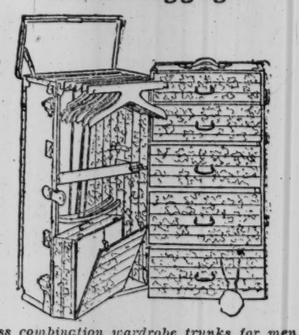
at . $12.00, 15.00, 18.00, 21.00
and upward to 55.00

Motor Robes made to order, in materials and colors harmonizing with upholstering of car.

(Department on the First Floor)

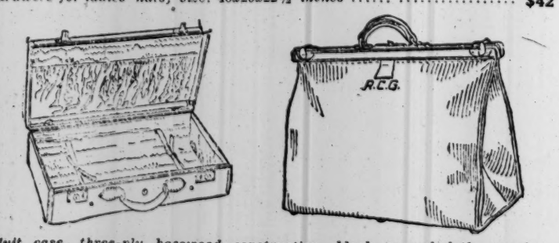
Fifth Avenue-Madison Avenue
34th and 35th Streets **New York**

Cross Luggage



ESTABLISHED 1845 MARK CROSS TRADE MARK LONDON ACTUAL MAKERS

Cross combination wardrobe trunks for men or women; round construction, green fibre covering, black fibre binding, 10 hangers, umbrella straps and shoe box; 5 drawers in all; top one with lock and key; 2 interchangeable drawers for ladies' hats; size: 40x20x22½ inches $42



Suit case, three-ply basswood construction, black enamel-cloth covering, leather binding, moreen lining, pocket inside cover, 2 side pockets; 18, 20, 22, 24, 26 inches $12.25, $12.50, $12.75, $13.00, $13.25

Kit bag, black grained leather, "soft end" design, folding bottom, linen lining, inside pocket. Sizes: 18, 20, 22, 24 inches $20, $23, $26, $29

Initials on the above goods without charge.

New York
404 Fifth Ave.
(at 37th Street)

253 Broadway
(Opp. City Hall)

Mark Cross
The World's Greatest Leather Stores

Boston
145 Tremont St.

London
89 Regent St.

Lord & Taylor's Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other House, but for Cash Only.

Have You Met the New Fall Hats for Men

They're here in great variety—ready to take the places of thousands of straws. After you have looked them over you will be a booster for the

"Lansdowne" Hats at $3.24

This eason you can choose from a good assortment of gray, brown and olive green hats, in the new shapes which the season has stamped as correct for Fall, 1917. The Lansdowne is made exclusively for us and measures up to the standards we set for our own merchandise.

Macy's Quality Merchandise Only

For Your Protection we offer the Sanitcap—to be worn when trying on a hat—so you may be sure you are first to wear the hat you buy.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Flannel Shirts for Army Men, $3.29

Khaki colored shirts of good quality flannel, made in regulation Army Style according to our own specifications which insure good workmanship in every detail.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Smart Cravats of Imported Silks, $1.89

A collection of flowing open-end Cravats, made of the elite of neckwear fabrics, Spitalfields Silks, Italian Grenadines, and French Repps.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Underwear for Fall Wear

Medium weight Balbriggan Undergarments for men who discard lightweight goods in early Fall. Shirts with short sleeves; drawers ankle length with double reinforced seats and suspender straps. Per garment 69c

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Centre.

Wet Weather Coats

With one of these Raincoats you can defy almost any kind of stormy weather. Tan or blue, backed with silk. Seams cemented and strapped. Satin yoke, patch pockets, reinforced buttons, raglan or regular shoulders, convertible collars, ventlets under arms. $17.50

Macy's—Fifth Floor, B'way.

English Model Kit Bags, $34.50

Roomy enough to carry all a man might need for a week-end trip or all he might want to have close at hand on a longer journey. Well made of long grain imported cowhide, russet color, reinforced sewn-on corners, solid brass side lever lock and slides; two good quality straps encircle entire bag. English plaid linings, three pockets and double handles.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Centre.

SEEK INDICTMENTS IN SEASIDE DEAL

12 Members of District Attorney's Staff Making Investigation of Realty Transactions.

TO TAKE UP DREAMLAND

Marginal Railway Proffer Also Will Be Made Subject of Grand Jury Inquiry.

The District Attorney's office expects to complete within the next few days the case which it is now presenting to the Grand Jury regarding the sale of Seaside Park to the city by the Neponsit Realty Company, and to ask for several indictments in addition to that of ex-Senator William H. Reynolds.

If any new indictments are found in the near future, it is understood that they will be for violations of Section 1,841 of the Penal Code, making it a misdemeanor for a public official to neglect his duty. This section was read and explained to the Grand Jury by Justice Goff at the outset of the investigation. Those who are thought most likely to be indicted on this ground include officials accused of juggling with tax assessment figures in favor of the Neponsit Realty Company. Assistant District Attorney William Harman Black and those associated with him, however, are making every effort to put together a case which will result in the indictment of higher officials.

The records of all transactions by the Board of Estimate and committees of the Board of Estimate regarding the transaction with the Neponsit Company have been placed before the Grand Jury. After the present phase of the case has been completed the District Attorney's office will continue a detailed study of the financial transactions of the Neponsit Company immediately before and after the sale to the city of the 248-acre Seaside Park. Twelve members of the District Attorney's staff are at work on this now.

The Grand Jury will continue in session indefinitely and, after completing the Seaside Park inquiry, will go into the Dreamland Park and the Marginal Railway transactions.

Herman A. Metz was questioned at the District Attorney's office yesterday and said, according to Assistant District Attorneys, that he had steered clear of attempts to sell Seaside Park property to the city, because he suspected the methods that were being used. He said that, at one time when land at Rockaway Point was offered to the city for $1,000,000, he had learned that a lawyer held a written agreement under which he was to receive $300,000 if he was able to steer the transaction through the Board of Estimate.

G. F. BRENSINGER DIES AFTER AUTO CRASH

Commissioner of Jersey City Injured Returning to Duties at Camp Dix.

City Commissioner George F. Brensinger of Jersey City, Vice Mayor and head of the Department of Revenue and Finance and a Major in the Federalized National Guard, was killed last night in an automobile accident on the Metuchen road on the outskirts of New Brunswick, N. J. He was returning from a meeting of the City Commissioners to his duty at Camp Dix, Wrightstown.

With David Patterson, his partner in an automobile business in Jersey City, Major Brensinger was riding in his own car, driven by William Mullin, his chauffeur. The automobile was coming out of a side road almost opposite Manners' Hotel when it was struck by a truck moving along the Metuchen road and thrown against a telegraph pole. Major Brensinger and Mr. Patterson were thrown from the car to the side of the road. They were both rushed to the Middlesex General Hospital, in New Brunswick, where Major Brensinger died a few moments after his arrival. His skull was fractured. Mr. Patterson was not seriously hurt. The chauffeur was uninjured.

COAL OPERATORS MAKE PROTEST TO GARFIELD

Tennessee and Kentucky Men Also Tell Trade Commission They Must Have Higher Prices.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Representatives of the coal operators of Tennessee and Kentucky placed before the Fuel Administration and Federal Trade Commission today a statement to the effect that it might be impossible to continue the operation of many of the mines in these sections unless an increase over the prices for bituminous coal by President Wilson was granted.

The President's prices for these sections ranged from $1.90 to $2.40 at the mouth of the mine and the operators held that from $3 to $3.50 must be paid to keep them in the business. Complaints of a similar nature have come in from other sections, and all will be given consideration.

Some of the operators expressed the fear that there would be a serious shortage of coal if relief was not given at once, and that labor disputes and strikes, which in the Southern districts involved about 17,000 men, might end in disaster. Dr. Garfield, however, is confident that this situation can be handled.

A delegation from Ohio, headed by Attorney General Magee and Congressman Brumbaugh, called upon Dr. Garfield today to protest against a recent priority order by Judge Lovett giving coal shipments to Great Lake ports for transhipment to the Northwest precedence. They said it was draining Ohio and leaving their factories without coal. Dr. Garfield informed them that the order had been modified so as to release slack coal now at lake ports for the use of the manufacturing concerns and public utilities of Ohio.

The delegation also was assured that the consumer would be protected under the plans for State and local organizations.

Conferences were held today by Bernard M. Baruch, head of the Purchasing Committee of the War Industries Board, and representatives of the copper industry, and it is probable that an announcement concerning the price to be paid for the copper output will be made tomorrow. Reports concerning the price to be paid have ranged from 20 to 25 cents and rumors today were to the effect that it probably would be nearer the latter figure. Mr. Baruch, however, refused to make a definite statement at this time.

John D. Ryan, who has not taken an active part in the negotiations carried on by the Raw Materials Committee of the Council of National Defense, was one of the copper men consulted today.

Widow and Children Need Aid.

A widow, with two small sons, whose husband died a year ago, leaving her without means, has broken under the strain of work and needs help. The Charity Organization Society has called for a fund of $174 to aid this woman and her family. Donations to the fund should be addressed to the office of the society, 105 East Twenty-second Street.

HOOVER TO LICENSE SUGAR INDUSTRY

Food Administrator Takes Step to End Speculation and Stabilize the Market.

GROCERS PROMISE TO AID

Suggest the Licensing of All Retailers Who Do More Than $100,000 Business a Year.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—All manufacturers, refiners, and importers of sugar must obtain licenses from the Food Administration in order to do business after Oct. 1, according to an official announcement made tonight by Herbert C. Hoover, Food Administrator. The action was taken after Mr. Hoover had conferred with experts in the trade and gone over various phases of the retail grocery business with John H. Schaefer, President of the National Association of Retail Grocers, and other large retail dealers.

Mr. Hoover announced that both the sugar men and the retail dealers had agreed to co-operate in an effort to bring relief for the consumer at this time. A committee of the retail grocers was named, he said, to discuss ways and means to accomplish this. One suggestion made, and which is receiving serious consideration by the Food Administration, was that licenses be issued to all retail grocers doing a business of $100,000 or more a year.

Under such an arrangement, even though it must be worked out on a voluntary basis, it was believed that close supervision of prices and business could be had which would result in stabilization of price for many commodities at a level which all retailers would have to meet. In connection with the sugar industry, this announcement was made:

"The critical situation in the sugar markets, anticipated during the Fall months, makes prompt action necessary, and the proclamation of the President will require the licensing by Oct. 1 of 'all persons, firms, corporations, and associations engaged in the business either of importing sugar, or manufacturing sugar from sugar cane or beets, or of refining sugar or of manufacturing sugar syrups or molasses.'

"The issuance of licenses, the promulgation of rules and regulations for the government of licenses, and general control of the sugar industry will rest with the Food Administration and has been already generally discussed and approved by the leading men in the industry. General licensing of the industry will serve as a step toward the regulation of prices by the prevention of speculation and the securing of equitable distribution. The sugar problem being one of distribution as much as of supply, the solution is to be brought about by voluntary agreement with the trades, the essential principles of which have been already settled."

As far as could be learned tonight, the determination to place the sugar industry under license with as little delay as practicable was not caused by protests from sugar producers and refiners which threatened to disrupt the voluntary agreements which have been made. The plan was decided upon, it was said, in order to place the industry on a stable basis and, so far as possible, control prices to the public.

CAUTION

Hiring a contractor is very much like getting married — the time for caution is before the ceremony, not afterwards.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

DENIES ROCKEFELLER CONTROLS THE SCHOOLS

President Willcox Replies to Hylan's Attack on the Gary System Here.

William G. Willcox, President of the Board of Education, issued a statement last night answering the attack made by Judge John F. Hylan, Tammany candidate for Mayor, upon the Gary system as applied to the public schools. Mr. Willcox called absurd the Hylan charge that the public schools here had been surrendered to the influence of the Rockefeller Foundation. This report, he said, was presumably based upon the appointment of Dr. Abraham Flexner and Raymond Fosdick as members of the Board of Education.

According to President Willcox, Dr. Flexner, who is one of the Secretaries of the General Education Board, was appointed a member of the board by Mayor Kline in 1913, and had never even met Mayor Mitchel until after his appointment. He said Dr. Flexner resigned in 1917 because his other engagements and frequent absences from New York made it impossible for him to give the necessary attention to the Board of Education.

INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERS

We require the services of two juniors, one to specialize on cost work, the other on time study and production work.

Men with university training and some actual experience who are now employed will find these openings offer a most attractive future. Apply in person or by letter to:

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JEAN VALJEAN CIGARS
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3 for 25c and Upward — *Various Sizes and Shapes*

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Help Save Russia

Intrigue in America is menacing the liberty of the Russian Republic. Loyalty to America is loyalty to democracy and freedom everywhere.

James Duncan
AND
Charles Edward Russell,

members of the recent United States mission to Russia, will tell the truth about Russia at a great mass meeting in

Madison Square Garden
Saturday Night, Sept. 15.

Other speakers will be Clarence Darrow, Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, and Maurice Kass. The meeting will be held under the auspices of the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy as a reception to the labor members of the mission to Russia.

Admission Will Be Free.

VACANCIES FILLED.

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WURLITZER

ONLY—3 DAYS—ONLY

Wednesday, Sept. 12. Thursday, Sept. 13. Friday, Sept. 14

PIANOS Half Price

Buy a good upright for $60.00. A reliable Player Piano for $185.00.

Many sold for down payment of only $5.00; then $1.50 per week.

These instruments only slightly used; traded in on our fine APOLLO PLAYER and WURLITZER-PIANOS.

Most famous makes—Wurlitzer, Melville Clark, Harrington and Sohmer.

Money back should any instrument not be found exactly as represented. Remember the Wurlitzer 60-year-old reputation for conservative dealing.

Sale lasts only three days.

FOR EXAMPLE:

Player Piano Bargains		Piano Bargains	
$800 Steck Metrostyle Pianola	Now $185	$300 Bacon	$60
$550 Elbern	Now $275	$325 Huntington	$110
$750 Sohmer (with Tel Electric)	Now $360	$400 Harrington	$210
$1000 Apollo	Now $550	$700 Sohmer Grand	$195

Only twelve of the following on sale

$500 brand new Kingston Player Pianos—$395

Extra bargain, $600 Wurlitzer Baby Grand almost brand new—$450

Music Rolls

1,500 slightly used Apollo Music Rolls, perfect condition, worth up to $1.25, at **10c** each. Also handplayed rolls, worth up to $1.50, at from **25c** to **$1.00** each.

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL NINE O'CLOCK

THE RUDOLPH WURLITZER CO.
115 West 40th Street Just East of BROADWAY

THROUGH the perspective of fifty years we see a Lincoln staggering under a burden of responsibility almost too great to bear.

Years and history bring those things clear to us now, as they were not clear to many Americans of the early sixties.

Today another President, struggling with as mighty a task as the devoted Lincoln, calls upon the people to save wheat that our soldier sons and allies may have food to sustain them in their fight for liberty.

Shall we hesitate or falter in the smaller things while our leaders engage in greater and more arduous duties?

You Are Asked to Eat Corn Instead of Wheat.

When you eat

Post Toasties

you are eating

the best of selected corn—a food perfected to a deliciousness far surpassing many of the best wheat products. These bubbled flakes have a substance that gets them away from the usual conception of old style corn flakes—thin and wispy. They are a substantial all-year food, not a soggy confection.

And when you eat *Post Toasties* you have the satisfaction not only of doing full duty to your appetite but the higher satisfaction of helping the men who guide the nation.

Happy?? Sure!! After a night on a "Hall's" horse hair Mattress no one could wake up with a grouch. The pure horse hair acts like so many tiny springs—never gets heavy, soggy or hard.

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The Standard of Quality
is always reliable and reasonable in price. The quality of materials and manufacture is what has standardized our bedding for the past 85 years. At dealers or visit our salesroom.
FRANK A. HALL & SONS
Manufacturers of Beds and Bedding
25 West 45th St.

CIVIL SERVICE.

Consultant on City Planning
Salary $4140

At least 25 years of age, who has at least three years' experience in charge of planning and directing of investigations of street traffic conditions, or other similar experience tending to qualify for the performance of the duties of this position. Subjects and weights: Experience, 7; Oral, 8. Applications received at Room 1400 Municipal Building until **SEPTEMBER 24TH, AT 4 P. M.** For further particulars see **CITY RECORD**, or apply to

MUNICIPAL CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

AIR BOOKS
By **Richard W. Muller, M. D.**
Hair and its **Preservation.** 2nd edition. Illus.
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Baldness, its causes, prevention and treatment. Ready in October.
At All Book Stores.

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OUT TODAY

A New Novel by the Author of

THE BLINDNESS OF VIRTUE

SCANDAL

By

COSMO HAMILTON

Because she had wealth, beauty and position and the power they brought, Beatrix Vanderdyke scoffed at conventions and parental control. She ordered her comings and goings to suit her own will, until she ran her head into the noose of a hazardous situation.

Faced with a scandal she boldly announced a secret marriage, and then asked the surprised man to "play up" to her statement. To teach her a lesson he did and Mr. Hamilton's tale of the doing makes a story to satisfy the most exacting reader.

"SCANDAL" is a vivid, human story; a story of people who live and do as hundreds of others are doing around us daily. You probably know just such an independent, well-meaning, but spoiled girl as Beatrix Vanderdyke, around whom Mr. Hamilton has woven his enjoyable story.

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CIVIL SERVICE.

Director of Children's Home Bureau
Salary $4000.

25 years of age and over, who have had at least one year's experience in the direction of recognized placing-out or boarding-out agencies or its equivalent. Applications will be received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, until **SEPTEMBER 21ST AT 4 P. M.** Subjects and weights: Experience, 4; Thesis, 4; Oral, 2. This list will be certified to fill two vacancies as Chief Social Investigator at a salary of $2,280 a year. For further particulars see City Record, or apply

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Consign your goods to Seigneurets Freres, Bordeaux. Customs Brokers, Freight Agents. All formalities and Customs operations attended to. Transit to Switzerland.
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ASSAILS CONTRACT FOR MILLION RIFLES

Fitzgerald Objects to Including 6% Guarantee as Part of the Cost.

GOOD BARGAIN, SAYS SCOTT

Price Lower Than Other Governments Pay, Asserts War Industries Board Chairman.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11. — Contracts for the manufacture of 1,000,000 rifles for the United States Army have been under the scrutiny of members of the House Committee on Appropriations, and from information gained in the executive hearings of that committee it may develop that criticism of the terms of the contracts will be made on the floor of the House.

The contracts were made with the Remington Arms Company, the Remington Arms Union Metallic Cartridge Company, and the Winchester Repeating Arms Company. The papers were signed for the United States by General Crozier, Chief of the Army Bureau of Ordnance, and were examined and approved by the War Industries Board, of which Frank A. Scott is Chairman.

The United States ran into a situation on rifle making which arose from the contracts between the companies and the British Government. The companies made a contract which they felt they could not live up to, and in the general rearrangement the British Government bought the rifle-making machinery and then turned it over again to the companies to make the rifles. Later the United States paid the British Government for half the cost of the same machinery. The United States has about $9,000,000 worth of machinery in the plants.

When this was up for discussion before the Appropriations Committee, Chairman Fitzgerald said:

"The companies get a profit of 10 per cent. on what it costs them to do their work, and in that cost they get a guaranteed return of 6 per cent. on every dollar they have invested, and no manufacturing concern in the world can start with the assumption that no matter what happens it will get 6 per cent. return on every dollar invested."

General Crozier told the committee that the Government had to get the rifles, that the contract seemed to be an equitable one from both sides, and that it would surely produce the guns asked for.

"This contract represents a 10 per cent profit upon the output," said Representative Sherley of Kentucky, "and the cost of the output has figured in it as one of the elements interest upon the investment as well as the working capital of the companies turning out the rifles. If the output is such that it represents a value many times the capital invested, 10 per cent. upon that output will represent many times more than 10 per cent. upon the capital. That raises the question as to whether the Government is warranted in paying 10 per cent. which should represent actually, over a period of fourteen months, perhaps 30 or 40 or 50 per cent. increment upon the capital involved."

General Crozier explained that all those phases of the contract had been debated at sittings at which were present officials of the three companies, officials of the War Department, and members of the Council of National Defense. He said that the 6 per cent. upon the capital invested was in reality a fee for the services of the organization, plant, personnel, and experience.

When Chairman Scott of the War Industries Board appeared before the committee, Representative Fitzgerald asked him how it had been determined that 10 per cent. was a reasonable profit.

"It was the best bargain that could be made under the circumstances," answered Mr. Scott.

"And because it was the best bargain was the contract made regardless of the reasonableness of the price to the Government?" asked Representative Fitzgerald.

"No, Sir," answered Mr. Scott, "this contract will produce rifles at a lower cost than the rifles required by any other Government in the war."

Mr. Scott said that even if the Government did own part of the machinery the most valuable asset of the companies was their organization, and without that the machinery would be of no use.

INTERBORO GETTING IN COAL

Notifies Service Board the Reserve Bunkers Are Nearly Full.

The order of the Public Service Commission that a reserve of 5,000 tons of coal should be kept at the power house of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company in West Fifty-ninth Street and 4,000 tons in the plant in East Seventy-fourth Street, is being complied with as rapidly as possible. Yesterday the company notified the commission that nearly the entire amount was in the bunkers of the plants and that another misadventure like that causing the suspension on the subway for lack of coal was not likely to be repeated.

On Sept. 28 the commission expects to receive from its engineers a report concerning the practicability of connecting the two power houses with a tie line, so that an interchange of power would be possible in case of an accident happening to one of them. Engineers of the company are co-operating with those of the commission in an endeavor to agree upon a report so that both organizations might be able to work together in the matter.

A Health Tip

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Store Hours—9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Every Day.

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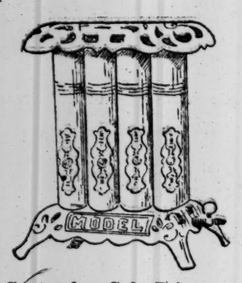
Some Special Values in

Oil, Gas and Electric Heaters



Prices last year, for coal in Paris and London, quadrupled and went higher than that. Conserve the coal by getting one of these practical heaters. The Gimbel House Furnishing Store has ready a large supply of best kind, many at September Sale Prices.

Miller Oil Heaters—smokeless, nickel trim, small size, 2-qt. brass fount, $3.95; large size, 4-qt. brass fount, $7.25; all black japanned, 4-qt. size, $6.95

Gas Radiators—4-tube aluminum top and bottom, low model, $2.95; high model, $3.25

Asbestos Gas Heaters—open front, nickel trim, $5.50 and $6.50

Copper Reflector Gas Heaters—nickel trim, $6.25 and $7.25

Electric Radiator—open front, attach to electric lamp socket, $7.50

20th Century Gas Heater—attaches to any gas jet, furnishes a bright light and good heat at a minimum cost of 95c

GIMBELS New Kind of Housefurnishing Store—Fifth Floor

Fire kills 25 each day

Pyrene is Fire's Enemy. It makes automobiles and homes safe. Saves 15% on auto fire insurance cost each year. $10 buys Pyrene and bracket.

At all Hardware and Auto Supply Dealers in this City

Pyrene KILLS FIRE SAVES LIFE

WAR CONDITIONS and the Franklin Car

A PROMINENT man has said that the things that will not stand the test of war conditions are not worthy to survive after the war. It is true that war needs, and the state of mind induced by the war, throw a new light on much that Americans have spent their money for. Among these things is the short-lived car.

Cars have been built and sold on features, novelties, talking points, engine stunts.

One year the whole country talks about a car and next year its users condemn it as a "one year car."

Do not put all the blame on the manufacturer; perhaps his idea of business is to supply the people what they want. It is a much slower process giving them what they ought to have.

Economy Demanded in Motor Car Operation

There has always been a public for the long-service car. Practical, hard-headed men who, even if they buy a new model every year, are shrewd enough to see the relation between long life and used car value.

The second-hand value is especially high where there is the combination of strength, lightness and flexibility, because these things mean economy of operation and long life.

This is emphasized because there is a section of the public that has always associated strength and endurance with dead-weight and rigidity—the very things that pile up operating cost and wear out a car.

It is a fact that war conditions and the National Thrift are making a bigger market for the Franklin as the fine car of the strong, light, flexible type.

The big public is waking up to the truth about gasoline waste, tire mileage, friction loss and depreciation.

People keep right on buying cars—but they are thinking more about constructive service and use.

The automobile is a tremendous factor in American life and achievement, in national health and efficiency, in conservation of human energy, in the ready contact between men and their affairs.

Automobile owners want to use their cars more freely. They are impatient of weight, rigidity, excessive upkeep—all the old and arbitrary restrictions.

What do you, as an American citizen and automobile owner, think about this matter?

Do you favor a restriction of use, or a restriction of waste?

Official Economy Tests Won by the Franklin

The Franklin has won every prominent official economy test ever conducted, and continued to win so long as the official tests were run.

Two Gallon Efficiency Test, May 15, 1906, under the official supervision of the Automobile Club of America—won by the Franklin with a record of 87 miles. The Franklin average was 75 per cent above the average record of all competing cars.

Long Island Economy Contest, February 25, 1908, under the official supervision of the Long Island Automobile Club—the Franklin won over all contestants by doing 242 miles at an operating cost of only one and one-fifth cents per mile. The costs of all other cars averaged six cents per mile—*five times* the Franklin operating cost.

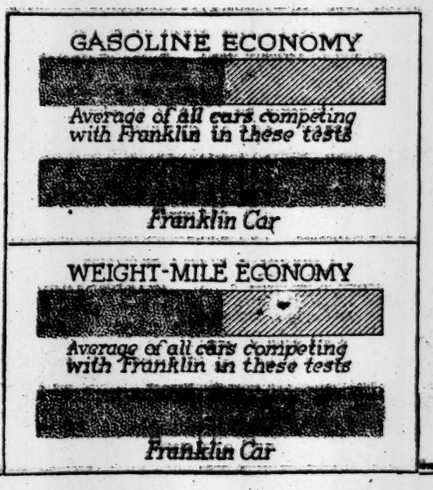
One Gallon Efficiency Test May 8, 1909, under the official supervision of the New York Automobile Trade Association, with twenty-one cars entered in competition—the Franklin Car went 36.6 miles on one gallon of gasoline and scored 105,408 weight-miles. The Franklin Car not only won the prize for the best score in its price class, but also the Willys' trophy for the best score irrespective of price class.

Buffalo One Gallon Economy Contest, July 11th, 1909, under the official supervision of the Automobile Club of Buffalo—the Franklin set a world's record for gasoline economy of 46.1 miles on one gallon; 79 per cent more than the average of the other eighteen competing cars. The Franklin scored 135,902 weight-miles as against the best competing score of 86,612 weight-miles, and the average competing score of 64,495 weight-miles.

Fuel Economy Test of Franklin Cars, June 20, 1913, under the official supervision of the Automobile Club of America—a Franklin Roadster made a new world's mileage of 83.5 miles on one gallon of gasoline.

It is remarkable how these official economy tests are confirmed by the nation-wide experience of Franklin owners. The Franklin goes a given distance on *one-half the gasoline* consumed by the average fine car—and for the same yearly mileage costs *about one-third as much for tires.*

Franklin Car Sets New National Thrift Standard of 40.3 Miles to one Gallon of Gasoline. On July 13th, 1917, 179 Franklin dealers throughout the country over roads, bad as well as good, in weather partly fair and partly rainy, *again* demonstrated the efficiency and thrift of the Franklin Car. The single gallon of commercial gasoline used by each Series 9 stock car participating, produced the remarkable national average of 40.3 miles. Six cars scored over 60 miles to the single gallon of gasoline; nineteen cars made between 50 and 60 miles; sixty-one cars recorded between 40 and 50 miles. All results were attested to by driver and observers before Notary Publics.


GASOLINE ECONOMY
Average of all cars competing with Franklin in these tests
Franklin Car
WEIGHT-MILE ECONOMY
Average of all cars competing with Franklin in these tests
Franklin Car

How Franklin Thrift Applies to the Enclosed Car

With their scientific light weight, resiliency and direct-air-cooling, the Franklin Enclosed Cars show within a mere fraction the same remarkable economy as the open models, and the same day-after-day mobility.

For any kind of touring the Franklin Enclosed models are ideal—affording protection from dust, glare and rain, freely ventilated, cool and restful.

This means that one car does the work of two—and the owner of a Franklin Enclosed Car gets his year-'round motor car service on practically *half the initial investment* of the man who has to buy one car for summer use and another for winter.

Touring Car $2050, 4 Passenger Roadster $2050, 2 Passenger Roadster $2000, Brougham $2900, Sedan $2950, Cabriolet $2850, Limousine $3200, Town Car $3200.

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GIANTS REGAIN TEN-GAME LEAD IN CHAMPIONSHIP CHASE BY BEATING BROOKLYN TWICE

TWO LATE RALLIES PUT GIANTS AHEAD

Brooklyn Beaten in Tenth of First Game and Ninth of Second by New York.

BURNS DECIDES OPENER

Left Fielder Smashes Home Run for Victory—McCarty's Pinch Hit Accounts for Second.

The Giants tantalized the Dodgers out of a couple of games up at the Polo Grounds yesterday, leading them on in both pastimes until the end, when, in each case, the Giants snatched both arguments out of the furnace. The first wrangle was glued at 2 to 2 in the tenth when Georgie Burns belted the first ball Sherry Smith flipped at him to the stockade in right centre for a home run and won, 3 to 2, while in the second game Brooklyn led at 1 to 0 in the ninth, when McGraw's lads concentrated their punch on old Jack Coombs and pushed over two runs which gave them the final exertion of the waning afternoon, 2 to 1.

The future National League champions showed a little gumption and impressed the outgoing champions with the fact that they mustn't monkey with the buzzsaw. From now on the Giants will merely hold daily rehearsals in preparation for a little date they have later on with the Chicago White Sox. You'd never believe that the Giants of yesterday were the same folks who were trimmed twice by the Dodgers on Monday. In both games Brooklyn seemed positive winners right up to the final blowup, for they did not figure on the kick that McGraw's men were saving up.

Andy Anderson got into both games at the end and proved himself a handy Andy. He is getting a lot of valuable practice finishing games for other pitchers. By the time the big series comes he ought to be good. Even Al Demaree, who pitched the tenth inning of the first rumpus, was in shape.

Herzog Leaves for Farm.

Captain Charley Herzog has gone to his farm in Maryland for a much-needed vacation. He is under the care of a specialist, and will get back into proper condition before he plays again. It wouldn't be surprising if Herzog lays off for a couple of weeks. By that time his physician believes that his strained back will be O. K.

In victory McGraw used his reserve players with great success, and slipped pinch-hitters and runners into the games with faultless judgment. The New York players behaved with a snap and dash which marked their playing against the Phillies last week. They were on their toes all the time and never lost confidence, even when the outlook was decidedly foggy.

In the first game, the Dodgers pried open Sallee's pitching for two runs. Johnston started off with a double to left and Hickman hoisted a fly to Robertson. Cutshaw slapped a single to centre, scoring Johnston, and went to second on Kauff's throw to the plate. Krueger poked a single to right and Cutshaw chased home, the trip being simplified because Robertson fumbled the ball.

It was an easy 2 to 0 game for the Robins until the eighth, when, with one out, Wilhoit was inserted to bat for Sallee and responded with a two-base smash off the right field wall. Burns jammed a single to centre, which scored Wilhoit.

Burns Breaks Up Game.

Burns was the first man to face Smith in the tenth and he gave the first ball pitched a terrific lacing to the fence, romping around the bases as if the Germans were after him. That's the way the Giants won that ball game and now here comes another.

Perritt was a trifle unsteady in the first inning of this second affair and after Olson popped out, Daubert rolled a hopper through second. Jimmy Smith sort of waved his hand at it, but it was nothing more than a flirtation, and Daubert got another one of his lucky hits. Hy Myers slammed a single to centre, sending Daubert to third, and Jake went home when Casey Stengel hoisted a sacrifice fly to Burns. Perritt settled down after that and gave the Robins only two hits.

Coombs exercised his slow ball magic over the Giants for eight innings, but in the ninth the secrets of his pitching were an open book. Benny Kauff started the fun in the ninth with a two-base whack to left and went to third when Zim died at first. Fletcher was hit by a pitched ball, but as Coombs was pitching, of course it didn't hurt. Baird had succeeded Smith at second and it was young Baird's turn at bat, but McGraw sent Lew McCarty to the plate and Lew delivered with a single to left which sent Benny home with the tying run.

Holke was walked intentionally and there was a capacity audience on the bases. Bill Rariden jammed a grasser down to Cutshaw, who had an easy force out at the plate, but his toss was high and Fletcher slid in with the winning run.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

NEW YORK, (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Burns,lf	5	1	2	5	0	0
Robert'n,rf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Kauff,cf	3	0	0	1	0	1
Zimm'n,3b	4	0	1	1	2	1
Fletcher,ss	3	1	1	3	0	0
J.Smith,2b	4	0	2	2	2	0
Holke,1b	4	0	1	10	0	0
McCarty,c	4	0	0	3	2	0
aBaird	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rariden,c	0	0	0	2	0	0
Sallee,p	2	0	0	1	3	0
bWilhoit	1	1	1	0	0	0
Anderson,p	0	0	0	0	0	0
cLobert	1	0	0	0	0	0
Demaree,p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	3	9	30	13	

BROOKLYN, (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Olson,ss	4	0	0	1	5	
Daubert,1b	3	0	0	12	0	0
Myers,3b	4	0	1	1	2	0
Stengel,rf	4	0	1	1	2	0
Johnston,lf	4	1	1	1	1	0
Hickman,cf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Cutshaw,2b	4	1	1	3	5	
Krueger,c	4	0	0	3	7	1
dO'Rourke	0	0	0	0	0	0
Miller,c	0	0	0	0	2	0
Cadore,p	2	0	0	0	0	0
S.Smith,p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	34	2	7	27	15	

Total....35 3 9 30 13

* None out when winning run was scored.
a Ran for McCarty in eighth.
b Batted for Sallee in eighth.
c Batted for Anderson in ninth.
d Ran for Krueger in tenth.
Error—Krueger.

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	—2
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	—3

Two-base hits—Johnston, Robertson, Wilhoit. Home run—Burns. Stolen bases—Kauff, (2,) Fletcher, J. Smith, Burns. Sacrifice hit—Cadore. Left on bases—New York, 7; Brooklyn, 4. Bases on balls—Off Sallee, 1; Cadore, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Sallee, 5 hits, 2 runs in 8 innings; Anderson, 1 and none in 1; Demaree, 1 and none in 1; Cadore, 7 and 2 in 8, (none out in 9th); S. Smith, 2 and 1, in 1. Struck out—By Sallee, 2; Anderson, 1; Demaree, 2; Cadore, 4. Passed ball—McCarty. Time—1 hour 48 minutes. Umpires—Klem and Emslie.

SECOND GAME.

NEW YORK, (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Burns,lf	4	0	0	0	2	0
Robert'n,rf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Kauff,cf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Zimm'n,3b	4	0	2	1	1	2
Fletcher,ss	3	1	0	1	2	0
Smith,2b	2	0	1	1	4	0
aWilhoit	1	0	0	0	0	0
Baird,2b	0	0	0	0	0	0
Holke,1b	3	0	0	18	0	0
Rariden,c	4	0	0	3	0	0
Ferritt,p	2	0	2	0	3	0
bLobert	1	0	0	0	0	0
Anderson,p	0	0	0	0	2	0
cMcCarty	1	0	1	0	0	0
dMurray	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	2	8	27	13	

BROOKLYN, (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Olson,ss	4	0	0	0	2	2
Daubert,1b	4	1	2	7	0	0
Myers,3b	4	0	1	1	2	0
Stengel,rf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Wheat,lf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Johnston,cf	3	0	1	4	0	0
Cutshaw,2b	3	0	0	2	3	0
Miller,c	3	0	0	1	1	
Coombs,p	3	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	1	4	25	8	

* One out when winning run was scored.
a Batted for Smith in seventh.
b Batted for Ferritt in eighth.
c Batted for Baird in ninth.
d Ran for McCarty in ninth.
Errors—Olson, Cutshaw.

New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—2	
Brooklyn	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Zimmerman, Perritt, Kauff. Sacrifice fly—Stengel. Double play—Daubert, (unassisted.) Left on bases—New York, 8; Brooklyn, 3. First base on errors—New York, 1. Bases on balls—Off Coombs, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Perritt, 4 hits and 1 run in 8 innings; Anderson, 0 and 0 in 1; Coombs, 1 run in 9. Hit by pitcher—By Coombs, (Fletcher.) Struck out—By Perritt, 1; Coombs, 1. Time—1 hour 23 minutes. Umpires—Klem and Emslie.

GIANTS, two games, BROOKLYN. 1:15 Polo Grounds, to-day. Adm. 50c.—Advt.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 3; Brooklyn, 2. (First game; 10 innings.)
New York, 2; Brooklyn, 1. (Second game.)
Boston, 3; Philadelphia, 1. (First game.)
Philadelphia, 5; Boston, 1. (Second game.)
Chicago, 6; Cincinnati, 5. (First game.)
Chicago, 5; Cincinnati, 1. (Second game.)
Pittsburgh, 3; St. Louis, 0. (First game.)
St. Louis, 5; Pittsburg, 2. (Second game.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 1; Philadelphia, 0. (First game.)
New York, 4; Philadelphia, 1. (Second game.)
Washington, 4; Boston, 3.
Cleveland, 1; Detroit, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	84	48	.636
Philadelphia	74	58	.561
St. Louis	75	63	.543
Chicago	70	68	.507
Cincinnati	68	70	.493
Brooklyn	62	68	.477
Boston	58	71	.450
Pittsburgh	44	89	.331

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	91	47	.659
Boston	81	52	.609
Cleveland	74	62	.544
Detroit	68	68	.500
New York	65	69	.489
Washington	62	70	.470
St. Louis	52	87	.373
Philadelphia	47	85	.356

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn at New York. (Two games; first at 1:15.)
Pittsburgh at St. Louis.
Cincinnati at Chicago.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Philadelphia.
Boston at Washington.
Cleveland at Detroit.

PHILLIES HELD EVEN AGAIN.

For Third Time Boston Splits a Double-Header.

BOSTON, Sept. 11.—For the third time in as many playing days Boston and Philadelphia divided honors in a double header today. Boston won the first 3 to 1, while Philadelphia took the second game 5 to 1.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

BOSTON, (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Rehg,rf	4	0	1	1	0	
Mar'ville,ss	4	0	1	3	5	
Powell,cf	4	1	1	0	0	
Konetchy,1b	3	0	0	13	1	
Smith,3b	4	1	2	0	2	
Kelly,lf	4	1	3	2	0	
Rawlgs,2b	2	0	0	2	3	
Tragesser,c	3	0	1	6	1	
Barnes,p	0	0	0	0	1	
Total	31	3	10	27	15	

PHILADELPHIA, (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Bancroft,2b	4	0	0	3	1	
Evers,3b	4	0	1	0	3	1
Stock,ss	4	0	0	1	0	1
Cravath,rf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Whitted,lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Luderus,1b	4	0	0	11	3	1
Schulte,cf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Burns,c	4	0	0	4	1	0
Oeschger,p	2	0	0	0	2	0
Total	34	0	2	24	11	3

a Batted for Rixey in eighth.
b Ran for Luderus in ninth.
Errors—Rehg, Bancroft, (2,) Evers.

Boston	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	—3
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Two-base hits—Schulte. Three-base hit—Maranville. Sacrifice hits—Rawlings, Konetchy. Double play—Stock to Bancroft. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 6; Boston, 7. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1; Boston, 2. Base on balls—Off Rixey, 1; Barnes, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Rixey, 9 hits, 2 runs in 7 innings; Fittery, 1 and 0 in 1; Barnes, 6 and 1 in 9. Struck out—By Rixey, 1; Barnes, 3. Time—1 hour 45 minutes. Umpires—Rigler and Bransfield.

SECOND GAME.

PHILADELPHIA, (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Bancroft,2b	5	0	1	4	1	
Evers,3b	5	1	2	0	3	
Stock,ss	4	0	2	3	7	
Cravath,rf	4	0	0	1	0	
Whitted,lf	3	0	0	3	0	
Luderus,1b	3	1	1	8	1	
Schulte,cf	3	1	1	2	0	
Burns,c	4	1	2	6	1	
Oeschger,p	2	1	0	0	1	
Total	33	5	9	27	14	

BOSTON, (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Rehg,rf	3	0	0	1	0	
Mar'ville,ss	3	1	0	2	3	
Powell,cf	4	0	0	3	1	0
Konetchy,1b	4	0	1	11	2	
Smith,3b	4	0	0	0	2	
Kelly,lf	2	0	0	1	0	
Rawlings,2b	3	0	0	5	3	
Meyers,c	3	0	1	4	4	
Allen,p	2	0	0	2	0	2
Walsh,p	0	0	0	0	0	2
aTyler	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	29	1	2	27	18	

a-Batted for Allen in seventh.
Error—Maranville.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	1	—5
Boston	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hit—Schulte. Three-base hit—Bancroft. Stolen bases—Evers, Stock, Maranville. Kelly. Sacrifice hits—Oeschger, Schulte. Double play—Meyers to Maranville to Konetchy. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 8; Boston, 5. First base on error—Philadelphia, 1. Bases on balls—Off Oeschger, 4; Allen, 3; Walsh, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Oeschger, 2 hits and 1 run in 9 innings; Allen, 7 and 4 in 7; Walsh, 2 and 1 in 2. Hit by pitcher—By Walsh, (Luderus.) Struck out—By Oeschger, 5; Allen, 3. Wild pitch—Walsh. Passed balls—Meyers, 2. Time—1 hour 46 minutes. Umpires—Rigler and Bransfield.

STEELE SUBDUES CARDS.

St. Louis, Shut Out in First, Wins Second Game from Pirates.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 11.—Steele held St. Louis to three hits in the first game today and Pittsburgh shut out St. Louis 3 to 0. St. Louis won the second game, 5 to 2. In the first game not a local player got beyond second.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

PITTSBURGH, (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Pitler,2b	3	1	0	1	4	
Mollwitz,1b	4	1	1	9	0	
King,rf	5	1	2	1	0	
Carey,cf	4	0	2	3	0	
Ward,ss	5	0	2	4	1	
Flynn,lf	1	0	0	1	0	
aFischer	1	0	0	0	0	
Bigbee,lf	2	0	2	1	0	
Boeckel,3b	4	0	1	1	2	
W.Wagner,c	3	0	0	6	1	
Steele,p	4	0	3	0	1	
Total	36	3	13	27	9	

ST. LOUIS, (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Long,rf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Smith,cf	2	0	0	2	1	
Miller,3b	2	0	0	1	3	4
Hornsby,ss	4	0	0	2	4	1
Cruise,lf	3	0	1	2	0	
Paulette,1b	3	0	1	13	0	
Baird,3b	3	0	0	1	3	
Snyder,c	3	0	0	4	1	
Doak,p	2	0	0	0	5	
bGonzales	1	0	0	0	0	
Packard,p	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	29	0	3	27	17	

a Batted for Flynn in fifth.
b Batted for Doak in eighth.
Errors—Hornsby, (2.)

Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	—3
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—Paulette, King, Steele. Stolen base—Flynn. Sacrifice hit—Mollwitz. Double play—Miller and Paulette. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 12; St. Louis, 4. First base on error—Pittsburgh, 1. Bases on balls—Off Steele, 1; Doak, 5. Hits and earned runs—Off Doak, 10 hits, 1 run in 8 innings; Packard, 8 and 0 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Steele, (Miller.) Struck out—By Steele, 5; Doak, 2. Time—2 hours 13 minutes. Umpires—Harrison and O'Day.

SECOND GAME.

ST. LOUIS, (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Long,rf	3	0	0	2	0	
Smith,cf	3	0	0	4	0	
Miller,2b	3	0	0	1	4	
Hornsby,ss	3	2	1	1	4	
Cruise,lf	3	0	0	0	0	
Paulette,1b	4	0	1	13	0	
Baird,3b	4	1	2	1	2	
Gonzales,c	4	2	2	5	0	
Ames,p	0	0	0	0	2	
aSmyth	1	0	1	0	0	
Hortsman,p	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	33	5	7	27	12	

PITTSBURGH, (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Pitler,2b	3	0	0	0	2	
Wagner,2b	1	0	0	0	1	
Mollwitz,1b	3	0	0	13	0	
King,rf	4	0	1	2	0	
Carey,cf	3	0	0	3	0	
Jackson,cf	1	0	0	0	0	
Ward,ss	3	0	1	2	4	
Bigbee,lf	4	1	2	1	0	
Boeckel,3b	3	0	1	0	4	
Fischer,c	4	0	0	3	0	
Carlson,p	3	0	1	0	3	
Total	33	2	6	24	14	

a Batted for Ames in fifth.
Errors—Hornsby, Boeckel, Fischer, (2.)

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	—5	
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Hornsby, Baird. Three-base hit—Baird. Stolen bases—Hornsby, Fischer, Gonzales, (2,) Mollwitz, (2.) Sacrifice hits—Smith, Cruise, Horstman. Double plays—Baird, Miller, and Paulette; Ward and Mollwitz. Sacrifice fly—Long. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 6; St. Louis, 6. First base on errors—Pittsburgh, 1; St. Louis, 1. Bases on balls—Off Carlson, 3; Horstman, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Horstman, 0 hits and 0 runs in 4 innings; Ames, 6 and 2 in 5; Carlson, 4 runs. Struck out—By Carlson, 3; Ames, 2; Horstman, 3. Time—1 hour 58 minutes. Umpires—O'Day and Harrison.

YANKEES MAKE BID FOR FIRST DIVISION

New York Twice Defeats Athletics and Battles Toward Upper Half of Standing.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 11.—The Yankees moved to within two games of the first division today, when they again took both ends of a double-header with the Mackmen while the Tigers were falling before the Indians. High-class pitching and errorless fielding featured the work of the Donovan men in both games. The Athletics were able to pick up only one run in eighteen innings. In the opener Nick Cullop pitched shutout ball and got the verdict over Joe Bush, 1 to 0. In the second game Urban Shocker won, 4 to 1.

The Yanks hit Bush hard in the opening game, but he had the habit of putting on full speed with runners on bases. He retired the side in the fourth when, with a run in and one out, the bases were loaded. In the fifth inning the first three New Yorkers to face Bush got on the sacks, yet there was no scoring.

New York's only run was scored on a wild pitch by Bush. With one out in the fourth inning Miller walked, Gedeon bunted safely, and Baker beat out a single to deep short, filling the bases. While Pipp was at the plate Bush made his wild pitch, and Miller raced in.

In the second section Shocker struck out ten men. In the first inning he fanned McInnis with second and third occupied, and in the seventh he turned the trick again under similar conditions when Mack sent up Griffin as pinch hitter for Noyes.

Pipp's batting featured this victory. The big first baseman got a double and two singles in four times at bat. Pipp's hits figured in all the run getting.

The Mackmen did all their scoring in the first inning. With the first two batsmen retired in order, Strunk, Bodie, and Bates singled in succession, the first named scoring on the third hit.

The Yanks went ahead in the second. Baker singled to right. Pipp got a single to left, and both counted on Nunamaker's double to the right-field fence. In the seventh Pipp doubled, reached third on an out, and scored on the squeeze play, with Shocker laying down the bunt. Passes to Gedeon and Baker, a poor throw by Meyer, and Pipp's single added a run in the ninth.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

NEW YORK, (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Gilhooley,rf	4	0	2	1	0	
High,lf	2	0	1	0	0	
Pipp,ugh,ss	4	2	2	5	3	
Miller,cf	3	1	0	5	0	
Gedeon,2b	4	0	1	3	2	
Baker,3b	4	0	2	1	3	
Pipp,1b	3	0	0	11	1	
Nunam'r,c	4	0	0	7	1	
Cullop,p	4	0	0	1	1	
Total	32	1	8	27	14	

PHILADELPHIA, (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Jamieson,rf	3	0	1	2	1	
Sherman,rf	1	0	0	0	0	
Grover,2b	3	0	0	2	2	
Strunk,cf	4	0	0	2	0	
Bodie,lf	3	0	1	2	0	
Bates,3b	4	0	0	0	2	
McInnis,1b	4	0	2	8	0	
Witt,ss	4	0	0	2	4	
Meyer,c	2	0	1	9	1	
Haley,c	0	0	0	1	0	
Bush,p	2	0	1	0	0	
Seibold,p	0	0	0	0	0	
aSchang	1	0	0	0	0	
bGriffin	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	32	0	7	27	7	

a Batted for Meyer in seventh.
b Batted for Bush in seventh.
Error—Bates.

New York	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hit—Bodie. Stolen bases—Peckinpaugh, Meyer, Schang. Sacrifice hits—High, (2,) Bodie. Double plays—Peckinpaugh and Pipp; Jamieson and Witt. Left on bases—New York, 9; Philadelphia, 7. First base on error—New York. Bases on balls—Off Cullop, 2; Bush, 3. Hits and earned runs—Off Bush, 9 hits, 1 run in 7 innings; Seibold, 0 and 0 in 2. Struck out—By Cullop, 3; Bush, 7; Seibold, 1. Wild pitch—Bush. Time—1 hour 47 minutes. Umpires—Connolly and Nallin.

SECOND GAME.

NEW YORK, (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Gilhooley,rf	3	0	0	2	0	
High,lf	3	0	0	0	0	
Peckin'ph,ss	3	0	1	1	7	
Miller,cf	3	0	0	0	0	
Gedeon,2b	3	1	0	2	4	
Baker,3b	3	1	1	0	1	
Pipp,1b	4	2	3	0	0	
Nunmaker,c	4	0	1	11	2	
Shocker,p	3	0	0	0	2	
Total	29	4	6	27	12	

PHILADELPHIA, (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Jamieson,rf	4	0	1	1	0	
Grover,2b	3	0	0	3	0	1
Strunk,cf	3	1	1	3	0	0
Bodie,lf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Bates,3b	4	0	1	1	0	
McInnis,1b	4	0	2	17	0	0
Witt,ss	4	0	0	0	3	
Haley,c	2	0	0	4	0	
Mayer,c	0	0	0	1	1	
Noyes,p	2	0	0	0	4	
Anderson,p	0	0	0	0	0	
aSchang	1	0	1	0	0	
bGriffin	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	32	1	8	27	16	

a Batted for Haley in seventh.
b Batted for Noyes in seventh.
Error—Meyer.

New York	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	—4
Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—2

Two-base hits—Pipp, Nunamaker, Schang. Sacrifice hits—Miller, Shocker. Stolen base—Bates. Double plays—Shocker, Peckinpaugh, and Pipp; Witt, Grover, and McInnis. Left on bases—New York, 5; Philadelphia, 6. Bases on balls—Off Shocker, 2; Noyes, 3; Anderson, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Shocker, 8 hits, 1 run in 9 innings; Noyes, 5 and 3 in 7; Anderson, 1 and 1 in 2. Struck out—By Shocker, 10; Noyes, 4; Anderson, 1. Time—1 hour 48 minutes. Umpires—Nallin and Connolly.

BOSTON'S FLAG HOPES FADE.

Johnson Helps Dethrone Champions by Allowing Only Two Hits.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Boston's pennant chances were further reduced today when Washington won the third game of the series, 4 to 3. Leonard was batted hard, while Johnson allowed only two hits.

The score:

WASHINGTON, (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
H.Milan,lf	4	0	1	1	0	
Shanks,ss	5	0	1	0	3	
C.Milan,cf	4	0	2	2	0	
Rice,rf	3	0	1	2	0	
Foster,3b	3	1	2	1	3	
Morgan,2b	4	0	0	1	5	
Gharrity,1b	4	2	2	11	1	
Ainsmith,c	4	1	1	3	0	
Johnson,p	4	1	3	1	1	
aHenry	1	0	0	0	0	
bMenosky	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	36	4	13	27	13	

BOSTON, (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Hooper,rf	4	1	0	1	0	
Barry,2b	3	0	0	1	1	
McNally,2b	0	0	0	2	0	
Hoblitz'l,1b	2	0	0	9	1	
Lewis,lf	4	0	1	2	0	
Shorten,cf	4	0	0	4	0	
Gardner,3b	4	1	0	3	2	
Scott,ss	4	0	0	3	2	
Agnew,c	3	0	0	3	0	
Leonard,p	3	1	0	0	2	
cThomas	1	0	1	0	0	
Total	32	3	2	25	8	

*One out when winning run scored.
a. Batted for H. Milan in the ninth.
b. Ran for Henry in the ninth.
c. Batted for Barry in the eighth.
Errors—H. Milan, Shanks, Rice, Morgan, Agnew.

Washington	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	—4	
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	—3	

Two-base hits—Johnson, (2,) H. Milan, Gharrity. Stolen bases—Foster, (Harrity, Gardner. Sacrifice hit—Foster. Left on bases—Boston, 4; Washington, 9. First base on errors—Boston 3. Bases on balls—Off Johnson, 2; Leonard, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Leonard, 13 and 4 in 8 1-3; Johnson, 2 and 0 in 9. Struck out—By Johnson, 3; Leonard, 8. Wild pitch—Leonard. Time—1 hour 39 minutes. Umpires—Moriarity and O'Loughlin.

INDIANS BLANK TIGERS.

Coveleskie Allows Only Three Hits While Graney Scores Lone Run.

DETROIT, Sept. 11.—Stanley Coveleskie allowed Detroit only three hits today, and Cleveland won, 1 to 0. The hits were made by the first three men up in the opening inning.

The score:

CLEVELAND, (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Graney,lf	4	1	1	2	0	
Chapman,ss	2	0	1	3	1	
Speaker,cf	3	0	0	3	0	
Roth,rf	2	0	0	1	0	
Harris,1b	2	0	1	11	1	
Evans,3b	1	0	0	1	2	
Turn'r,2b,3b	4	0	1	0	2

PLAN TO REORGANIZE 27TH ARMY DIVISION

Several Regiments Will Be Consolidated and Many Officers Dropped as the Result.

WILL HAVE ONLY 2 BRIGADES

Surplus of Over 3,600 Infantrymen Will Be Made Into French Mortar Artillerists.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP WADSWORTH, Spartanburg, S. C., Sept. 11.—Abolition of several famous New York regiments through consolidation, and the transfer to other divisions or to the inactive list of many officers, ranking from Colonels down, are provided for in the plans of reorganization of the Twenty-seventh Division, which have been approved by the War Department. It is impossible to announce at present what officers or organizations are to be dropped.

In order to rush troops into camp so that the work of reconstruction may be started without loss of time, orders will be issued tomorrow for the southward movement of the Second Infantry of Troy, Third Infantry of Buffalo, and the First Squadron of the First Cavalry, stationed at Brooklyn.

While Major Gen. O'Ryan and his staff are silent on the reorganization scheme, an outline of it has been obtained from a substantial source. According to this information, there will be a surplus rather than a shortage of officers, and in view of this the opinion is that the 200 reserve officers originally assigned to duty with the Guard will be turned back, probably to the national army, at the end of the training here.

It was said that among the officers to be dropped would be five Colonels, five Lieutenant Colonels, fifteen Majors, seventy-six Captains, seventy-six First Lieutenants and seventy-six Second Lieutenants. As the Guard now is constituted the infantry table of organization is:

Regiments, totaling 18,018 men, nine Colonels, nine Lieutenant Colonels, twenty-seven Majors, 108 Captains, 108 First Lieutenants and 108 Second Lieutenants.

This old organization is apportioned in three brigades, one brigade Generalship being vacant since the withdrawal of Brig. Gen. Hamilton's nomination. The two others are commanded by Brig. Gens. James W. Lester and C. L. Mitchie. The new table makes divisional infantry strength approximately 14,400 men and officers, provides for two brigades of two regiments, each of the latter of 3,600 men, and allows posts for the following ranks: Four Colonels, 4 Lieutenant Colonels, 12 Majors, 32 Captains, 32 First Lieutenants, and 32 Second Lieutenants.

As the present regimental infantry complement is 2,002 men and the new strength is set at 3,600, the reorganization will leave a surplus of 3,618 infantrymen. These men, it is understood, will be made into trench mortar artillerists.

One brigade of artillery is provided for in the new Twenty-seventh. This is to be under command of Brig. Gen. C. E. Phillips, U. S. A., and is to be composed of the First and Second Field Artillery and the Third Heavy Artillery. The Third is equipped with 4.7 guns, while the other units carry three-inch guns similar to the famous French "75s." A slight increase in the enlisted personnel is planned for each of the regiments, with an extra Lieutenant detailed to each battery.

As has already been announced, the First Cavalry and Squadron A are to be converted into machine-gun companies, and in order to provide sufficient units to permit three companies to be assigned to the artillery and two to each infantry organization, any surplus of infantry that may result will be turned into the machine-gun branch.

Whether any changes are contemplated for the Twenty-second Engineers could not be ascertained, but it was learned that there would be no alteration made in the following units: Headquarters troop and train, military police, supply train, ammunition train, First, Second, Third, and Fourth Field Hospitals, First Field Bakery, and the First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Headquarters Ambulance Companies.

Major Gen. O'Ryan formally was sworn into the national army this morning by Major J. Leslie Kincaid, Judge Advocate. The taking of the oath was witnessed by the divisional staff, and occurred in the General's temporary headquarters—one of the mess halls to be used by the Seventh Infantry upon its arrival.

After the ceremony General O'Ryan again addressed the reserve officers, elaborating upon his topic of yesterday, and warned the new officers against trying to exert influence to obtain appointment to the division. He declared that any letters of recommendation which he received would be attached to the officers' efficiency record, and if too many of the laudatory missives were sent in, the unfortunate candidate probably would be overlooked when the time arrived for assignment and promotion. The General made it very clear that only ability would count.

BAKER MAKES SURPRISE VISIT TO ARMY CAMP

Officers Who Intended to Invite Him Fail to Recognize Secretary as He Walks by Them.

CHILLICOTHE, Ohio, Sept. 11.—Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, come to this city today to inspect Camp Sherman, the national army cantonment here, but through a comedy of errors he did not receive the kind of welcome usually given the head of the War Department at a military post. In fact, Secretary Baker had left his train and had started to walk to the centre of the city before officers from Camp Sherman met him with automobiles. They had not learned of his intended visit until a few minutes before the train arrived.

The Secretary of War was not recognized at the railroad station. Neither was he recognized as he walked down the street, although he passed many officers and enlisted men. The camp officers who met him learned of his visit through press dispatches to a local newspaper. They made a wild dash by automobile to the station, three miles distant, but when they arrived he had left. They found him walking along the street.

Secretary Baker came to Ohio to address a convention of bankers at Columbus. Major Gen. E. F. Glenn left in his automobile for Columbus this morning to invite Mr. Baker to inspect the camp. In the meantime Secretary Baker decided to come without invitation and was en route here while General Glenn was en route to Columbus.

A telephone message stopped General Glenn and he hurried back to camp, where he officially welcomed the Secretary, who immediately got to the business in hand and began a rapid-fire battery of questions about the camp, equipment, supplies, and conditions generally. He then made a tour of the camp, leaving for Columbus on a special train at 1 o'clock with General Glenn.

"I am very well pleased with Camp Sherman," said Secretary Baker as he left for his train.

NEW ARMY BEGINS DRILL AT YAPHANK

Men Win Admiration of Officers by Eagerness to Learn the Rudiments.

ALL CRAFTS REPRESENTED

Physical Examinations Continue While Recruits Take Setting-Up Exercises and Do Police Duty.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, Yaphank, L. I., Sept. 11.—Showing a willingness to learn that exceeded the most optimistic hopes of their officers, the first contingent of the national army lost no time today in getting down to work. One whole day spent in the open air, with simple but ample camp food, already has made the thin city man loosen his belt, while his more portly companion has drawn a buckle a notch tighter.

The First Sergeant's whistle blew at 5:45 this morning, and the men lined up fifteen minutes later for reveille formation. This was followed by brisk setting-up exercises which increased the appetite for oatmeal, bacon, bread and coffee. The next on the program, the men were told, was police duty, and they had visions of being armed with nightsticks and sent to oversee the $30-a-week laborers completing the building of the camp. But the recruits soon found that the military term for police duty means housecleaning in civil life, and they set to work putting the barracks in order.

Details of a hundred men each from every barracks were sent to the temporary hospitals for physical examinations, where they were thoroughly gone over by army surgeons. A small number were held for more searching examinations tomorrow. Although today was scheduled as being devoted to medical examinations, preliminary drills were begun.

As one company marched along a road north of its barracks it passed a platoon of officers divided into squads, practicing the very things that are taught to recruits. Although the incident was unusual, and the officers needed no such teaching, it is an indication of the thoroughness of the instruction planned for the national army in which even the elementals are standardized before officers begin to train new men.

English Language Only Spoken.

Another instance of the benefit many will receive from the national army was shown by the bulletin board in a barracks where men from the vicinity of Mott Street are quartered. Captain James Sproule, the officer in charge, has many nationalities under him, and he posted a notice to the effect that none but the English language will be spoken in the building. The men are keen to learn. One group of east siders devoted the time waiting to noon mess to volunteer drill, and many asked the regular army Sergeants to show them the wig-wag signals that they saw the men from the Fifteenth Colored Infantry practicing.

Every officer at Camp Union who saw the recruits drill was enthusiastic over the splendid spirit shown and the high quality of the men obtained for the national army. The summary of previous occupations of the recruits show that the new armies will be made up of men of almost every trade. In the contingent that reported yesterday there are 26 machinists, 26 cooks, 48 plumbers, 111 who know gas engines or who can operate either automobiles or motor trucks, 22 electricians, 9 horseshoers, 7 druggists, 48 pipe-fitters, 3 miners, 17 engineer graduates, 22 draftsmen, 8 surveyors, 16 accountants, 40 bookkeepers, and 5 blacksmiths. In all, 68 occupations are represented, including 2 actors, 14 bandsmen and 12 policemen.

Of the 2,200 recruits now at Yaphank, 71 are college graduates and 98 have had previous military experience. Twenty-seven speak French, while 116 can call upon a German to surrender in his own language.

The men had the opportunity to state which branch of the service they preferred to enter, but they were told these preferences would not be followed in all cases, owing to the fact that some attractive branches might be oversubscribed. The fact that 725 men gave infantry as their first choice was looked upon by camp officers as a remarkable number. For the Quartermaster's Corps there were 561 applicants. Four hundred and thirteen wanted to enter the field artillery, while only 14 care for the heavy artillery. Only 5 chose cavalry; other preferences were engineers, 183; Signal Corps, 71; aviation, 52; Medical Corps, 53; coast artillery, 52; Ordnance Corps, 17; machine gun units, 7; wagon trains, 4, and Veterinarian Corps, 1.

Captain J. S. S. Richardson, U. S. R., has been appointed the Camp Intelligence Officer. Captain Richardson, who is a graduate of Edinburgh University, and fought in the Boer War, was formerly a New York newspaper man, and a correspondent at Vera Cruz. He also accompanied General Pershing's expedition into Mexico.

With only fifty officers in charge of the recruits, the remainder of the 1,000 reserve officers at Camp Upton not attached to the Quartermaster Corps or construction work are attending officers' schools, continuing their Plattsburg instruction.

Song Festival for Soldiers.

Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell sent a message to those of the enrolled quotas who are still in New York asking them to go to the singing festival to be held in Central Park tomorrow and Friday by the Community Chorus and to meet its leader, who will soon take charge of some of the recreation features at the army camps.

"I hope to attend the festival," General Bell said, "and will be delighted if this invitation meets with a ready response on the part of these men."

Those in charge of the Song and Light Festival met at luncheon at the City Club yesterday, when Mr. Barnhart, with Secretary Barnett Brasiow and M. Morgenthau, Jr., Chairman of the Finance Committee, announced the program for Thursday and Friday nights in the Park. Last evening the Community Chorus held a final rehearsal, as the orchestra had previously, and today Mr. Barnhart was to put the soldiers of the Twenty-third and Seventy-first Regiments through their song drills.

The Twenty-third Regiment men will sing Thursday night, and the Seventy-first Regiment on Friday evening, marching into the Park from the West Seventy-second Street gate. With a fanfare of trumpets, the lights will go on and an orchestra of seventy pieces will play Wagner's "Fire Music," followed by the chorus in Gounod's "Send Out Thy Light."

Mayor Mitchel is to speak, and the entire crowd on the shores of the lake will be asked to sing the "Hymn of New Russia," Farwell's "March, March," and Griffith's "These Things Shall Be."

The Community Chorus will perform Gaul's "The Holy City," with a chorus of 1,000 children joining in the responses of "Holy, Holy." Then the people will have their turn at the old Stephen Foster songs, and the soldiers will close with Handel's "Hallelujah" Chorus, "America," and "The Star-Spangled Banner."

7TH MARCHES OFF AS CITY CHEERS

Continued from Page 1.

Fisk before going aboard was asked to make a farewell statement.

"My men are fit and ready," he said. "Of course, we all have a lot to learn about this business of war, but we intend to learn, and learn quickly."

General Appleton followed with his tribute.

"This regiment is 106 years old," he said. "It has always done its duty, and it always will. It is ready, to a man."

One Fisk Stayed Behind.

The Hospital Corps was the first to enter the trains, and the regimental band followed. Practically the last to get aboard was Colonel Fisk, after bidding good-bye to his 4-year-old grandson, Clinton Fisk, the "only man in the family" to remain behind. The father of the boy is Captain of Company D in the Seventh.

The first section of the Seventh train carrying the regimental headquarters was under command of Colonel Fisk, with Major Robert Mazet of the Second Battalion in charge of the second section and Major James E. Schuyler of the Third Battalion in command of the last section. Companies A, B, C, D, E, and F were in the second section, and Companies G, H, I, K, L, and M in the third section. Each section of the train was a unit in itself so far as equipment was concerned. Each had an improvised cook car fitted with stoves set in sand and boxed with zinc. This will make it possible to keep the men constantly supplied with well-cooked meals while they travel.

The following is a roster of the commissioned officers in the regiment: Colonel, Willard Clinton Fisk; Lieutenant Colonel, Robert McLean; Majors, James E. Schuyler, Robert Mazet; and Nicholas Engel; Major William Edgar McCord, Chaplain; Captain Douglas Connell Despard, Regimental Adjutant; First Lieutenant Charles Peter Loeser, Battalion Adjutant; First Lieutenant Edward Henry Kent, Battalion Adjutant; First Lieutenant Harry Lincoln Stratton, Battalion Adjutant; Captain Kenneth Gardner, First Lieutenant Kenneth C. Wilson, Second Lieutenant Edward Willis, and Second Lieutenant Alfred E. Harding, Machine Gun Company; Captain Arthur M. Smith and Second Lieutenant Hiram W. Taylor, Supply Company; Company A—Captain Henry B. Heylman, First Lieutenant George P. Nichols, and Second Lieutenant Fred Le Roy Sterns; Company B—First Lieutenant John Kerr, Second Lieutenant Ford M. Terry; Company C—Captain Louis C. Raecke, First Lieutenant Edwin S. Munson, Second Lieutenant Ralph W. Burroughs; Company D—Captain Clinton E. Fisk, First Lieutenant Thomas J. Brady, Second Lieutenant Arthur C. Lunley; Company E—Captain Leo F. Knust, First Lieutenant Benjamin T. Hammond, Second Lieutenant Stephen M. Schwab; Company F—Captain George P. Nichols, First Lieutenant William G. Le Compt, Second Lieutenant Beverley L. F. Burnham; Company G—Captain Maxwell B. Nesbitt, First Lieutenant Marston E. Drake, Second Lieutenant William S. Hawkins; Company H—Captain Rowland Tompkins, First Lieutenant Clarence T. Baldwin, Second Lieutenant Richard MacIntyre; Company I—Captain Wade H. Hayes, First Lieutenant Percy M. Hall, Second Lieutenant Francis L. Gould; Company K—Captain John A. Barnard, First Lieutenant Harry W. Hayward, Second Lieutenant Griswold B. Daniells; Company L—Captain Fancher Nicoll, First Lieutenant Robert A. Byrnes, Second Lieutenant Arthur J. McKenna; Company M—Captain Richard W. Colman, First Lieutenant Murray E. Cramer, Second Lieutenant Charles W. Hagen.

$10,000 FOR YAPHANK Y. M. C. A.

Woman Suffrage Party Gives Funds to Start a Branch.

The New York Woman Suffrage Party announced yesterday that it had given $10,000 for the establishment of a Y. M. C. A. branch at Camp Upton, Yaphank. Mrs. F. Louis Slade, Chairman of the War Suffrage Committee of the party, in making the announcement of the gift made public a letter of thanks from Frederick Eldridge, of rteh Greater New York Division of the National War Work Council of the Y. M. C. A.

This $10,000 completes a donation of $22,000 given by the New York City suffragists for the welfare of the soldiers. For a Y. M. C. A. unit at Plattsburg the suffragists gave $12,000.

Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt, a member of the party's War Service Committee, was Chairman of a section which raised $171,451.04 for the $100,000,000 campaign of the American Red Cross.

KNIT FOR "RAINBOW" DIVISION.

Women's Service League to Supply Warm Garments.

The National League for Women's Service will begin today a campaign of knitting to help equip the men of the "Rainbow" division at Mineola with warm garments. The women will make sleeveless sweaters, scarfs, wristlets, and other garments. The league made public yesterday a letter from Major Gen. William A. Mann, commander of the division, in which he said: "When the winds blow and the storms beat this Winter, there will be many a man of the Rainbow huddled around a campfire in Flanders who will think of you with a grateful heart."

The yarn will be on sale at reduced rates beginning today at the headquarters of the league, 257 Madison Avenue.

SOLDIERS TO CARRY CANES.

Gen. Wood Issues Dress Regulations for Men of His Division.

CAMP FUNSTON, Ft. Riley, Kan., Sept. 11.—The Eighty-ninth National Army Division is going to be distinctive in its personnel, providing Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, commanding, can make it so. An order just issued provides:

"Officers will be required to wear service hats, with chin straps down, instead of caps, and will wear blouses when leaving the reservation. They will carry either bamboo riding crops or light canes. All enlisted men will be encouraged to carry swagger sticks."

MARY GARDEN HERE.

Thinner from War Rations, She Says—Wears Two Decorations.

Miss Mary Garden, the American operatic soprano, returned yesterday from France. She said that she had lost fifteen pounds in weight through living on war rations, and that Paris, with its war bread, was a good place in which to grow thin.

She wore a black velvet brocaded suit, with brown fur stole, a black picture hat, and carried a cane. She wore two decorations; one was the Red Cross of Serbia and the other the wreath of patriotic devotion bestowed by the French Government in recognition of her work among the children of Paris.

Miss Garden said that she had succumbed to the attractions of the "movies" and would start today in the Goldwyn production of "Thais." She did not know whether she would ever sing in opera again.

"Baby" Marlow to Go on the Stage.

Albertino Marlow, who, as "Baby" Marlow, received considerable notoriety about six months ago, is to go upon the stage. In March last Miss Marlow was accused by Mrs. Robert Nolker of taking $1,000 from her handbag, but was subsequently acquitted and is now suing for damages for false arrest. Miss Marlow, who is 18, will have a part in the new revue at the Century.

PARK THEATRE
Columbus Circle, 59th St.
True Story of the Russian Revolution.
TONIGHT 8:15
WILLIAM A. BRADY
Presents The World Picture
RASPUTIN
THE BLACK MONK
BIGGEST PICTURE DRAMA OF THE BIGGEST WORLD DRAMA
25 Cents & 50 Cents.
Beginning Tomorrow, 12 to 11 P. M.

NATIONAL EXPOSITION
SAFETY and SANITATION
AUSPICES
THE AMERICAN MUSEUM OF SAFETY — Arthur Williams, Pres.
NATIONAL SAFETY COUNCIL — Lew R. Palmer, Pres.
GRAND CENTRAL PALACE
NOW OPEN 1 P. M. TO 10.30 P. M.
Every person interested in the conservation of human life and health may obtain valuable information and inspiration at this Exposition.

"THE MAN WITHOUT A COUNTRY"
SENSATION OF THE HOUR
A WARNING TO SLACKERS
A MESSAGE TO PATRIOTS
3 TIMES DAILY 2:30, 4:30 & 8:30 P.M.
POPULAR PRICES
Broadway Theatre at 41st
Dir. Stanley V. Mastbaum

To-Night YORKVILLE THEATRE
East 88th St., near Lex. Av. Tel. Lenox 8388.
1st REAPPEARANCE OF
Adolf Philipps
In His Latest Musical Comedy, The Landlady
WITH MIZI GIZI AND AN EXCELLENT CAST

"Cheer Up" The Slogan of the U. S. A.
AT THE
MAT. TODAY Best Seats $1 Evgs. at 8:15
Hippodrome

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE
B'WAY & 47 ST
Daily Mats. 25c-$1
Private Bernard Granville; Ray Gordon & Wm Dooley; Ford Sisters & H. Marshall; Benita & Hearn; Avon Comedy 4 & Lucille Cavanagh.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE
B'WAY & 96th ST.
Brice & King 4 Mortons, Raymond & Caverly, Mme. Chilson Ohrman, Paul Pedrini Sex, & Belle Baker.

ICELAND ICE SKATING
B'way at 52nd St. Morn.—Aft.—Eve.

MardiGras All week incl. Sunday
Children's Day Sat. 3p.m.

Completely Satisfying

Two words that express exactly the Shanley luncheon—not only the luncheon itself, but the way and place in which it is served.

You will enjoy each one of the seven courses—90c (Music) from 12 to 2:30 P. M.

See tonight the twenty act cabaret—from seven to one.

SHANLEY'S
Broadway—43rd to 44th St.

LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
WINIFRED ALLEN in "The Haunted House"
Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. B'way
George M. Rosener, Peggy Brooks, "Neglect," Lloyd & Whitehouse, and five others.
Every Eve. at 8:15
All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50.

RIALTO B'way, 42d 15-25-50c.
ELSIE FERGUSON in "Barbary Sheep."
Soloists, Comedy, Incomparable Rialto Orchestra.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15. Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
LAST WEEK MATINEE TODAY All Seats 50c to $2
Ziegfeld Follies
AFTER THE PERFORMANCE ROOF MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD
ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinee Today & Sat. 2:20.
THE TARKINGTON-STREET COMEDY
THE COUNTRY COUSIN
With ALEXANDRA CARLISLE
"Will make a million dollars."—Globe.

LIBERTY West 42d Street. Evenings 8:15. Matinees Today & Sat. 2:15.
"HITCHY-KOO" AN INTIMATE REVUE, with Raymond Hitchcock, Grace La Rue, Wm. Rock and Frances White, Leon Errol, Irene Bordoni.

ALADDIN and his Wonderful Lamp

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Evs. 8:20. MAT. TODAY.
FUNNIEST AMERICAN COMEDY OF RECENT YEARS
A Tailor-Made Man
with GRANT MITCHELL

GEO. COHAN Thea., B'way, 43 St. Evs. 8:30. M. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.
This Way Out
A New Comedy by FRANK CRAVEN.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. at 8. Mats. Today & Sat. at 2.
FIRST MATINEE TODAY AT 2
"A distinct hit."—Alan Dale.
"Succeeded gloriously."—Tribune.
"Never failed to give fresh delight."—Times.
CHARLES FROHMAN PRESENTS
JULIA SANDERSON
JOSEPH CAWTHORN
in the New Musical Comedy
RAMBLER ROSE
"The music and the fun kept pace with the ever changing scenes."—Herald.
"Gales of laughter."—Journal.
"Julia Sanderson sang and danced her way into the hearts of the first nighters. Joe Cawthorn is funnier than ever."—Eve. Sun.
"Won favor as pretty musical comedy."—Eve. World.
MATINEES TODAY & SATURDAY

HUDSON THEATRE, WEST 44TH ST. Matinee Today & Sat. 2:20.
RALPH HERZ presents THE MUSICAL FARCE
'GOOD NIGHT PAUL'
"Laughs Enough To Make Ten Shows."

FULTON Broadway & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee Today, 2:15.
The MESSRS. SHUBERT Present ALKER WHITESIDE in THE PAWN A Play of Today
"Scored a decided success."—Eve. Journal. "Mr. Whiteside gave an admirable performance distinguished for its restraint, poise and cunning."—Charles Darnton, Eve. World.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
Polly With a Past

LYCEUM W. 45th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2:20.
The Lassoo
by Victor Mapes, Co-Author of "The Boomerang"

ALADDIN and his Wonderful Lamp

HARRIS West 42d Street. Evenings 8:30. Matinees Today & Sat. 2:30.
Daybreak
by JANE COWL and JANE MURFIN

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE, B'way & 38th.
LAST WEEK BERNHARDT
(Positively Only Engagement in N. Y. City.)
Today & Thurs. Mats., "Hecuba." Tonight & Thurs. Night, "The Star in the Night" and "Camille." Fri. & Sat. Mats. "Jeanne d'Arc." Fri. & Sat. Nights, "Portia" and "Camille."
Popular Prices. Mats., 50c to $1.50. Evs., 50c to $2

ELTINGE THEA., W. 42d St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30.
Business Before Pleasure
With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr

REPUBLIC THEATRE, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:25. Matinees Today & Sat. 2:25.
JOHN BARRYMORE, CONSTANCE COLLIER, LIONEL BARRYMORE in PETER IBBETSON
WILLIAM FOX presents WILLIAM FARNUM in
The CONQUEROR
STAGED BY R. A. WALSH.

GLOBE THEA., B'WAY & 46TH ST. TWICE DAILY, 2:30 & 8:30. 25c to $1.00.
ALADDIN and his Wonderful Lamp

STRAND MAE MARSH in "Polly of the Circus" Instantaneous Success
Afternoon Concerts Daily, 2:15 p. m. Strand Symphony Orch., Adriano Ariani, Cond.

81 at St. Thos. on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980
EVELYN NESBIT and Her Son, RUSSELL THAW, in REDEMPTION.
Also GREATER VAUDEVILLE.
Mat. Today, 15, 25c. Evgs. 25, 35, 50c.

Palisades AMUSEMENT Park Opp. West 130th St. Ferry
Greater Than Ever! New Sensations
BATHING 8 A. M. to 10:30 P. M.
OPEN DURING SEPTEMBER.

COLUMBIA Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:15. Pop. Prices
B'way & 47th MOLLIE WILLIAMS and Her Beauty Chorus.

WINTER GARDEN B'WAY & 50TH St. Evgs. at 8.
MATINEE TOMORROW, 50c to $1.50
PASSING SHOW 1917
48TH ST. THEATRE TONIGHT 8:30
Bry. 178. Beek.
GEORGE BROADHURST'S New Comedy
OVER THE 'PHONE
FIRST MATINEE TO-MORROW.

BOOTH 45th, W. of Broadway. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Sat. 2:30.
"De Luxe Annie"
A Novel Mystery Play—Recommended by the Leading New York Dramatic Critics.

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Sat. 2:15.
GUY BATES POST IN THE MASQUERADER
"REALLY FASCINATING."—Dale, in American.

39TH ST. THEA. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Today, $1.50.
ALLEN DOONE in "LUCKY O'SHEA."

44th ST. Thea., W. of B'way. 2d Week of New York Premiere Engagement. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. at 2:15.
SAN CARLO GRAND OPERA CO.
Mat. Today, Barber of Seville; Tonight, La Gioconda; Thurs., Lucia; Fri., Cavalleria-Pagliacci; Sat. Mat., Tales of Hoffman; Sat. Eve., Aida. Prices 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2. Boxes $2.50.

BIJOU 45th, West of B'way. Evenings 8:30. Matinee Today & Sat. 2:30.
MARY'S ANKLE

Mat. Today.
THE MAN WHO CAME BACK
Playhouse W. 48th. Mats. Today & Sat.
Soldiers & Sailors in Uniform Half Price.

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Matinee Today & Sat. 2.
A MUSICAL SHOW BOTH FOR THE YOUNG AND THE ROUNDER!
The Messrs. SHUBERT Present
A PLAY WITH MUSIC
MAYTIME
with Charles Purcell and Peggy Wood & William Norris.

CASINO B'way & 39th Street. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Sat. 2:15.
Elisabeth Marbury & Lee Shubert offer
LOVE O' MIKE
SECOND SEASON IN NEW YORK.

ASTOR Broadway & 45th. Evenings 8:30. $1.50 Mat. Today, 2:30.
THE VERY IDEA!!
Ernest TRUEX Richard BENNETT
"Uproariously laughable throughout."—Tribune.

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. $1.50 Mat. Today 2:30.
MARJORIE RAMBEAU in "EYES OF YOUTH"

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 12, 1917.

WHY KORNILOFF REBELLED.

The civil war in Russia is the long-expected meeting between the forces of construction and those of disintegration. It is a short-sighted view of this great event to centre it around General Kornilovff, to speak as if he were an ambitious soldier attempting to impose military rule upon the country for his own purposes. In a certain true sense there is no such man as Kornilovff. He is merely the representative of those forces which, long blamably quiescent, have at last coalesced to stop the rapid deliquescence of Russia, to keep it a nation, to halt its dissolution, to save it, in a word.

Toward this event all the history of Russia for the last four or five months has been irresistibly tending. The curse of the country has been the placidity of the intelligent classes in the presence of a growing anarchy which visibly threatened utter disorganization and chaos. It was out of the question for Russia to remain as she was, merely helpless and floundering; anarchy does not remain stationary, but grows, and her visible doom was complete wreck, not merely as a State, but as a people. The intelligent classes were not wholly blameworthy for their long inaction. Being intelligent, they realized and feared what was implied in civil war. The anarchists, if they realized it, did not fear it, and their ignorant dupes did not realize it. Therefore the anarchists have had the advantage of being perfectly reckless of consequences to the Russian edifice; they could throw stones without care, while the forces of law and order hesitated to throw stones for fear of breaking windows. With an anarchic force knowing what it wanted and resolute on getting it without regard to consequences, and a conservative force afraid to strike for fear of those very consequences, of course the resolute anarchists have had all the advantage on their side, and this is why Russia has been descending to the pit with such horrifying celerity.

The fact that not merely bad government, but ruin to the nation, was the inevitable and approaching end finally stirred the conservative forces to reluctant action, and for some months the signs of their restlessness have been growing. The issue came at the Moscow Conference, when the two forces stood face to face. Some correspondents short-sightedly telegraphed that the Moscow Conference was without result. Never was there a greater mistake. It will live in history as one of the world's crises. There order and anarchy met, the challenge was thrown down and accepted, and the two armies separated to prepare for battle. There, for the first time, order was able to count its ranks. The assurance the count gave was satisfactory. Order found that it had at its command the whole force of the Cossacks, not merely as a sentiment but as an actual organization, under the leadership of General Kaledines. This meant that a solid block of territory greater in size than Germany and Austria was not only united but ready to fight for the salvation of the nation. Order learned, too, that the peasant proprietors were enrolling themselves in organizations, that the Knights of St. George, who represented 80,000,000 acres, had formed a military association. Sure of the Cossacks and the peasants, there remained the army, and what order learned of the army was not made known; but it must have been satisfactory enough to warrant Kornilovff's movement.

There was no conspiracy. The forces of order were open enough. They wanted Kerensky with them, and showed him their hand. He had his choice to make, and when the test came he preferred to throw his lot in with socialism, with all its demonstrated inability to control the anarchists, rather than with those who want an ordered constitutional democracy like ours. When the conference adjourned, with his warning to the conservatives that he would permit no such movement as theirs, what was coming was plain to both sides, and both sides repaired to their tents to get their ammunition.

How foolish it is, then, to speak of Kornilovff as an individual, or to think of him as a military usurper. He is merely the leader of the movement to carry out General Kaledines's warning to the Socialist Government at the Moscow conference:

> We Cossacks have been free men. We are not made drunk by new-found liberties and are unblinded by party or program. We tell you plainly and categorically, remove yourselves from the place which you have neither the ability nor the courage to fill and let better men than yourselves step in, or take the consequences of your folly.

Kornilovff, the representative of this movement to restore order, invited Kerensky to participate in it, but the answer was his removal from office; a mere gesture, an empanic way of replying in the negative. The offer itself was only a punctilio. Having discharged his conscience by making it, Kornilovff proceeded to the next step, and moved on Petrograd. Something of this same peculiarly Russian punctilliousness is seen in General Denikine, commander of the southwestern armies, who telegraphs Kerensky the information that he intends to support Kornilovff. Of course it is no news to Kerensky, for the forces of order have proceeded in broad daylight with the execution of their plan.

The centrifugal and centripetal forces in Russia have now met in battle for the mastery. The result will determine whether Russia is to remain a nation or become the football of Europe. It will decide whether the dance of death that has been going on for six months is to end in tragedy or in an ordered peace; whether the Carmagnole is to give way to the steady march of a free democracy, or whether a country which is potentially one of the greatest nations the world has ever known shall reel in drunken frenzy over the precipice of socialism into the abyss of anarchy.

THE MURPHY FOUNDATION.

Certain enrolled Tammany men of the Sixth Assembly District, following the fashion, have come out of the dwindling congregation of the faithful, joined the City Democracy, and declared their support of Mayor Mitchel. Secession from Tammany Hall is become a habit, the frequency of which may well alarm the statisticians of East Fourteenth Street. These Sixth Assembly Districters mark their exit by a series of whereases, all of which must be painful to the admirers of calumniated virtue. For example:

> Whereas every Democrat in New York knows very well that Tammany Hall today is a private corporation conducted solely for the personal benefit of Murphy's ring of chosen favorites, who wax fat on favors, while the district workers of the organization who do all the work starve for want of decent recognition.

Even more painful to the Chief, because nearer home, must be the revolt in Mr. Murphy's own district, the Twelfth, where, after denouncing their old leader "and his henchman McCooey," the Democratic Club, the Tammany organization, resolved:

> That this organization of enrolled Democrats of the Twelfth Assembly District, in open meeting, denounces the Murphy policy of jamming unknowns on the ticket, and pledges itself and its best efforts, as a means of eradicating Murphyism from New York's Democracy, to the cause of independent Democracy espoused by Mayor Mitchel, and further pledges itself to work for the election of the ticket headed by Mayor Mitchel, as the best means available to cleanse the Democracy of its misfit overlords.

It is for Judge Hylan to repel this regrettable assault upon the Murphy Foundation for Civic Regeneration and the Phlebotomy of Plutocracy.

"AS GOES MAINE."

Maine is the fourteenth State in which woman suffrage has been voted down at the polls since 1912. Most of the Dirigo politicians "threw their whole souls" into the campaign for emancipation. With their eloquence and their charm feminist leaders did their best to enlighten the Down Easters. Former Senator Obadiah Gardner led, or tried to lead, the State Grange to the assault upon chains and slavery. Former Senator Johnson, former State Attorney General Pattangall, a mighty man among the Democrats; most of the Maine members of Congress, pleaded for suffrage. Colonel Roosevelt sent his vigorous solicitations to a State once full of his worshippers. Mr. Wilson, constantly magnanimous, gave the benefit of his great influence, and the public regard and respect for him, beyond and aside from party lines, to the amendment.

The weather was bland. The vote was heavy for a special election. Suffrage was beaten in the cities. It was beaten in the country towns. It was beaten nearly two to one. "We are counting on the Maine soldiers," said the Chairman of the Woman Suffrage Party of New York, still nursing unconquerable hope in spite of the early election returns. Well, the regiment named after Governor Millikes voted No by 340 to 151. The One Hundred and Third Regiment (Second Maine Infantry) voted No by 274 to 140. And so on. Soldier and civilian, farmer and factory operative, city and country, rejected the Cause. It was a smashing defeat.

"There will probably never be another suffrage campaign in Maine," says Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, "save for purposes of ratification. The Federal suffrage amendment is surely going to pass and soon. * * * More and more our work "concentrates upon Washington as "the immediate focal point." It is no fault of Mrs. Catt, or of the reasonable suffragists, the majority, but the "pestering" which the suffrage Extreme Left has been and is still engaged in at Washington has concentrated public attention and disgust upon that spectacle of feminine wisdom, patriotism, and political capacity. The feeling aroused by it, however unjust to the saner aspects of the suffrage agitation, is deep, strong, and universal. That feeling, in itself fatal to the extension of woman suffrage, must have counted for something, for much, in the Maine verdict, but there is a stronger reason. When the nation is fighting for its life, when the greatest and the gravest issues have stirred it to its depths, woman suffrage seems, nay is, but an impertinence and a futility. When our young men are assembling and training for battle, it is natural that the ability to fight should be exalted, that the plea of woman for the ballot should fall on deaf ears. Nevada and Montana, won three years ago, are likely to be the only popular triumphs that the suffragists can boast of for some years to come. State Legislatures remain their only hope and the most prosperous field for their blandishments.

"The defeat of the woman constitutional amendment in Maine," says Mrs. Norman Whitehouse, "has no bearing at all on the suffrage situation in New York State. The carrying of a State amendment for suffrage is a matter of education. The Maine voters have not been sufficiently educated, that is all." In 1915 New York State gave a majority of 188,818 against woman suffrage. It was then insufficiently educated. How great will be that majority this Fall, when the State has been enlightened by the decorous and sagacious behavior of the Washington martyrs and by the sobering and stern discipline and thought which national peril brings?

When democracy itself is at stake, the "emancipation of woman" is of the smallest moment. It is the misfortune of the suffragists that the question comes up again in a year that finds the voters in no disposition for sentimentality and compliment, intent on urgent dangers and duties, military and economic, irritated by the stress laid by the suffragists on their "emancipation." Amid cruelty, starvation, death on land, death from the air and water, and while the flower of American youth is getting ready for its part in the tragedy of the world, these excellent persons are going up and down the country preaching their whimsey.

GERMANY NEED NOT SPEAK.

It will save a great deal of useless language if we all keep firmly in our minds the essential fact that Germany has nothing to explain about the murderous dispatches which Count Luxburg sent through the Swedish Legation at Buenos Aires. Germany is not called upon to explain. It is true that Luxburg is a German diplomat, occupying a sacred office, the scrupulously respected guest of Argentina, and that he used this hospitality to plot the murder of Argentine citizens and the destruction of Argentine property under cover of this sacred character. But, although the usages of diplomacy make it necessary for Germany to offer whatever excuse she can to Argentina, she has nothing to explain to the world. It has long ceased to be necessary for Germany to explain her treacheries. The world expects them as a matter of course from Germany; expects that a German diplomat shall plot against the country to which he is sent, and expects that the nature of his plots will be atrocious. Explanations at this stage of the game are merely fatiguing and excite neither interest nor attention.

It is Sweden which has to explain to the world as well as to Argentina. Sweden will find the Allies much more keenly interested in her explanation than the country whose hospitality she has abused. The explanation she offered yesterday is not the explanation for which the world is waiting. The world wants to know, not what was the general custom about sending telegrams from belligerents, but why the private mail of a Swedish diplomat, inviolate from inspection by international courtesy, was used to convey military information to Germany for use in making secret war upon a neutral country.

The Allies are particularly interested in knowing how far this practice extends and what, if the alliance between Germany and Sweden covers any other points than a friendly arrangement that Sweden shall aid Germany in the assassination of neutrals. The world wants an explanation which shall be broad enough to make it understand how far it can trust any Swedish diplomat, whether a Swede in office is necessarily a disguised agent of Germany or not. It wants particularly to know about the Swedish officials who received the murder messages, and its interest in them is even greater than in the Swedish officials who forwarded them. It wants to know how extensive and how binding were the relations between these officials and Germany, and in what other and unrevealed ways they have been aiding Germany in the prosecution of war against the Allies and the neutrals.

Argentina appears to be stunned by the discovery of the contempt and hostility with which she has been treated. Foreign Secretary Pueyrredon says it is necessary to "study the psychology of neutrals." He has a good subject just now in Argentina. If Argentina's astonishment at the discovery that German officials could be at once so base and so cruel, at a time when they were wearing a smiling mask, appears a little surprising to us, let us remember how short a time it is since we ourselves were trying to believe German promises, were bandying notes with German statesmen on the assumption that they were men of honor. We were deaf, then, to what was told us by other nations about Germany's cool and deliberate preference for wrong over right as a rule of conduct, and we learned only from our own experience, not from the experience of others. Argentina is going through the same school.

THE OPERA SEASON.

The opening of the Metropolitan Opera season is still two months away, but already opera-goers are expressing interest in the program of the Winter's performances. It is a bold, perhaps a daring, venture in time of war to give grand opera upon the scale which is always characteristic of the Metropolitan Opera House, but we are confident that the program of the season about to be announced will meet the expectations of the music-loving community by its breadth and its quality. The energy and the resourcefulness of Mr. Gatti-Casazza can be trusted to secure for the pleasure of the New York public all the artists of distinction, including most of the favorites of this public whom the war has left within his reach.

Nothing has been heard of late about the exclusion of German works from the program, and we sincerely trust that there will be no renewal this year of that unhappy suggestion, of which something was heard a year ago. This public is too broad-minded and intelligent to listen to any proposal that the spirit of war shall be allowed to invade the domain of art to that regrettable extent. The compositions of Wagner, of Beethoven, and of Mozart, it ought not to be necessary to say, were written many years before the outbreak of this war. They have nothing to do with it, and their merits are in nowise related to the controversies out of which the war grew. We might as well talk of excluding the great classics of German literature from the public libraries; we might as well ask the owners of public libraries to listen approvingly to the suggestion that they burn their copies of the works of Goethe and Schiller as to expect the patrons of the Metropolitan Opera House to approve the exclusion of German operas.

In common humanity, some thought should be given to the plight of a manager who should suddenly be confronted by such a material abridgment of his resources. The works of the German composers are important, they have been received with great interest and favor by the public in the past, their quality remains unchanged, what is to take their place? If we should have no German operas, the Winter's program would necessarily be one of many repetitions, of which subscribers to the opera might grow weary. There is, we believe, no evidence whatever that the public which supports the opera desires the exclusion of German works.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Quarrel Ended Reasonably.

No better termination of the lamentable quarrel between the Secretary of the Navy and the Navy League could have been devised than the one outlined yesterday in the published correspondence between Secretary Daniels and Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the Red Cross War Council. There has been a strong feeling all over the country that the existing situation, with the interposition of a barrier between the bluejackets and the innumerable friends eager to do what they could to make life on the ships more comfortable and safe, was an intolerable one and that personal feelings over offenses given and received should not longer be allowed to stand in the way of full resumption of much-needed work.

Whatever the fights and wrongs of the controversy over the Mare Island explosion, the men of the navy were not to blame, and yet they alone were the sufferers while they were forbidden to have any dealings with, or to accept any services from, the only organization of nation-wide extent that had their interests particularly at heart. By creating, under the supervision of the Red Cross, auxiliary bodies especially devoted to providing for the minor, but still highly important, needs of the sailors, and by having one of these auxiliaries, so far as possible, wherever a Red Cross chapter exists, an explicit settlement of that controversy is made unnecessary and it can be forgotten.

The Red Cross is quite competent, with its enormous resources and its recognition as a governmental agency, to undertake this added task, and though, presumably, there will be talk, for a time, in criticism of this further monopolization of power by the already greatest of relief societies, there cannot fail soon to come general appreciation of the fact that results, not methods, are what count, and that if the Red Cross is absorbing and taking into its own hands one after the other of the lesser relief activities, it is because in this way alone the largest attainable degree of efficiency can be secured. And, after all, the Red Cross does not demand that the other groups shall lose their identities, and it does not endeavor either to restrict or to direct their efforts. Their beneficence can still go to its chosen objects, without interference of any sort, and they will be helped, not hindered, in whatever work may most appeal to personal preferences.

Afraid to Wait a Fortnight.

For the householder whose coal bin is still empty or with so much less in it than his usual Fall supply that he knows it will be empty long before warm weather returns next Spring, the announcement that Commissioner Garfield hopes to have his coal price-fixing boards in operation all over the country by Oct. 1 is neither very encouraging nor very satisfactory. Of course it is something—it is even a good deal—to be told that after that date representatives of the householder's highly esteemed Government will see to it both that there is coal for him to buy and that he will not be forced to pay for it an unreasonable price. But Oct. 1 is still more than a fortnight away, and he simply can't help worrying about the unwonted state of his coal bin. Besides, with all his patriotism, he cannot ignore the existence, deep in his mind, of a troublesome little doubt about the smooth and effective working of those local boards, and about their power to control a class of merchandisers to whom interference of any sort will be a resented novelty.

As a result, the majority of householders fear to wait for a good time the coming of which they are not entirely sure of, and those of them that can get coal now are getting it and paying the mysteriously high prices demanded by the dealers purveying to the domestic trade. Therefore by the time that Oct. 1 comes around price-fixing will be, if not exactly an empty form, at least irrelevant to the interests of all the householders who have been too little courageous or too little confident longer to put off the inevitable pain of buying their Winter's stock of coal.

The dealers are well aware of the situation in all its details, and, knowing the impelling strength of the present anxiety among their customers, they are making them pay well indeed for their timidity. Some of these dealers even hint darkly that not much, if anything, is to be expected from the proposed price-fixers, and they are promulgating the kind suggestion that the truly wise citizen gets in his coal while the getting, if not to be called good, is possible.

So, if Commissioner Garfield expects to decrease expenditures for domestic coal this Fall, he will put his scheme into active operation just as soon as he can. Every day of delay decreases whatever value the scheme possesses.

Comments on Wheat and Fish.

Even at present prices, declares Mr. Hoover, there is twice as much nutriment in a dollar's worth of corn meal as can be obtained by a like expenditure for wheat flour, and he also says that as food the one is as good as the other. He speaks from as much knowledge and experience that of course his statements must be accepted with respect. Still, it might have been as well if he had contented himself with emphasizing the absolute, rather than the comparative, merits of corn as human food, for as it is his words run counter to the conviction, immemorable centuries old and nearly worldwide, that, of all grains that grow, wheat is the best, everything considered, and that of the others, while some, like the one we insist on calling corn, have high excellencies as variants and supplements of diet, none equals for continuous use the crowned king of all the grasses.

The reasons why we should eat more corn and less wheat while the war is on are many and sufficient, and they need only to be presented to be heeded by all good citizens.

Mr. Hoover, too, scolds us sadly because we do not eat as much fish, per capita, as do the inhabitants of other lands, for so could we and him in keeping down the price of meat and having more of it to send to friends abroad who have little or none of their own.

The comparison probably would not be as much against us in this respect if he did not compare us with countries no parts of which are many miles from the sea. In large areas of the United States fish have to be carried such long distances that when they arrive they are neither fresh nor clean, and it is little wonder that they are not a favored article of food where those conditions exist.

BULGARIAN MESSAGES.

The Minister Says He Can Send Nothing in Code.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your Washington correspondent, in his special communication of Sept. 8, which appeared in your issue of Sept. 9, refers to the big chances that the United States Government is taking "in permitting the Bulgarian Government to maintain a diplomatic representative and consular officers in this country." He does not state what these "big chances" are, but evidently implies them in the assertion that the Bulgarian diplomatic representative "has the privilege of sending information to his Government under the seal of that secrecy afforded by a cipher code."

Allow me to tell you that, aside from its Legation in Washington, Bulgaria has no consuls or consular officers anywhere in this country, and that since the entrance of Bulgaria into the war about two years ago I have sent and can send nothing to the Government in any cipher code, owing to the regulations in force of the United States Government.

S. PANARETOFF,
Bulgarian Minister.

Manchester, Mass., Sept. 10, 1917.

Yankees, Yaphank, and Yankers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Perhaps the matter of finding an appropriate and pleasing name for the American soldiers who will soon be engaging with their spiritual brothers of the allied nations of Europe in wresting autocracy in its last stand on the earth is somewhat trivial, but here is a suggestion along that line. The camp where the members of the national army from this section are to get their preliminary training is at Yaphank, L. I. Now Yaphank has an onomatopoetic relation to the nickname by which Americans in general hate for years been known throughout the world, namely, Yankee. Now why not combine these two words and obtain the rather descriptive expression of Yanker, Yankers being those of us who participate actively on the field of battle in ranking the Kaiser and his comrades in cell from their pedestals.

HAROLD DELANO.

Brooklyn, Sept. 7, 1917.

Auto Owner's Disturbing Discovery.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wonder how many automobile owners who are carrying theft insurance know that their insurance is invalid if the car is stolen by a chauffeur or any other person in their employ. I did not know it until car and chauffeur disappeared together. I am told that all insurance policies carry this clause.

F. A. D.

Summit, N. J., Sept. 10, 1917.

OUR BOYS.

We come, we come, to do our bit
For ravaged Belgium, gallant France!
Our sword is drawn, our lamp is lit,
Our flag with England's trusty lance,
We fight, we fight for Freedom!

Like dogs in leash, we've waited long.
Our Captain held us from the fray
Until he knew his hand was strong:
But now we're in—we're in to *stay*,
To fight, to fight for Freedom!

So come what may and come what will,
Our cause is just, our hearts are true.
We'll give the enemy his fill,
And 'neath the old Red, White, and Blue
We'll fight, we'll fight for Freedom!

ALICE M. DITSON.

MORE TACT NEEDED IN FRANCE.

Private Letters Tell of Heartburnings Caused by Americans in Their Dealings With the French.

By GERTRUDE ATHERTON.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I received this morning a letter from an American woman married for many years to a distinguished Frenchman, and during all her long residence in France more or less in touch with its public life. No one knows the French better; and, I may add, she has always remained an American at heart. Here is the extract which induces this communication:

> Paris is filled with Americans, soldiers, officers, nurses, Young Men's Christian Association, and Red Cross officials. It really is, as the paper says, "an American season." They lack tact, however, and have antagonized various French people (me among them) by their calm assumption that they have come over to end the war—and to put a little "go" into things. When one thinks of what our soldiers have done and are doing since three years, and that the Americans have arrived when the great difficulties are solved, it is a little provoking. I am sure the Red Cross mean well and they will give very efficient help in a great many ways, but they have a great deal to learn, and there have been many heartbreakings.

Are we really a hopeless race as far as tact and manners are concerned, or for at least a century to come? Germany is a boor because she does not know any better, and her brain pan is so constructed that it is incapable of accommodating anything not made in Germany. Britons are often offensive when traveling (rarely at home, and never socially) because they have dominated in the world for 400 years, and are impatient of obstacles or contradiction.

I suppose our manners are bad because we are so young, and, consequently, cocky; combined with the fact that we are an indisputably great and prosperous nation. It is notorious that the children of the rich in this country, particularly of the nouveaux riches, are far more badly spoiled than the children of those whom life has chastened; and so, no doubt, it must always be with a young and too fortunate nation. The extreme politeness of the French has led us to believe that American forces in France are of the extremest importance, whereas it is not men they want so much as what the men who remain at home can make for them, to say nothing of our embargo against neutral nations and our millions. And, of course, the sight of our splendid looking troops, full of American high spirits, is very welcome in saddened France. But that we should take ourselves as seriously as to assume that we shall be able to do one-tenth of what the British and French have done in the last three years; a superhuman resistance beginning with the battle of the Marne against the greatest foe in history, which has put him permanently upon the defensive, and made his defeat merely a matter of time, with or without our army, is unfortunate, to say the least. It may sow the seeds of a permanent antagonism, founded upon good-natured contempt, instead of furthering the permanent alliance between the two great republics, which all thinking Americans ardently hope to consummate.

There has been none of this foolish spirit among the American ambulance drivers, or the Lafayette Escadrille, both composed of high-minded young volunteers, who have learned practically all they know from the French. Otherwise, Lieutenant Layton of the Royal Flying Corps (British) never could have brought himself to write of the Americans as he does in the current number of The Chronicle:

> Of course, I think the Americans will make the "star" airmen. They have the temperament, and, as they excel in "sport," they should have success in the air. The Americans who are now with the Lafayette Escadrille need no praise from me. They are the salt of the earth. They're bound to be an example to their countrymen who follow them.

No doubt they will to the airmen. But unfortunately the greater number of men who will be sent over to fight in France are anything but "sports." They are drafted from the ranks, full of a commendable enthusiasm to lick the Germans and help France, which they have been taught these three years to admire, but, alas! in a very small measure to understand. As the war has now endured for three years, they have arrived at the conclusion that it would go on forever without their help. Even if this were true, they would, if a more disciplined race, find it the intrinsic reason for a becoming modesty, a magnanimous reticence. However—perhaps this is too much to expect.

Here is a chance for the women. Will they not write to their men and urge them in conceal their overweening sense of importance within a contracted chest? After all, it is Teutonic and, therefore, outlawed. We read in the newspapers only pleasing stories of the amenities exchanged between Pollu and "Sammy," but it is the information conveyed in private letters that counts. Every martial knows how friendship is endangered by one of the partners being forced to say "Thank you" too often; only the finest tact preserves friendship (even in families) where one is in a position to give constant assistance or presents. The American civilians working in France are for the most part people of middle age, with even less of the sporting instinct than the young stars in the army. They have, however, arrived at the age of reason, and as they are for the most part earnest and high-minded people, with a sincere wish to give help where help is needed, perhaps a word from their friends at home would achieve the desired effect.

I find no criticism in the letters I receive every week from French people, some of them officials. They are far too polite. But criticism from American ladies resident in Paris, who know the French as they know their own people, is hardly flattering. They have been for years telling them, for they have been for years telling them, that the United States is going to enter the war when they would rush to be prated and enthusiastic.

GERTRUDE ATHERTON.

New York, Sept. 10, 1917.

PERKINS TO FIGHT BROWN ON STUMP

Goes Up-State to Tell His Side of Food Controversy to the Farmers.

SPEAKS AT FAIR ON FRIDAY

Whitman to Present Perkins's Name to Senate Again on Sept. 25—Expects Confirmation.

There will be no letup in the fight of George W. Perkins on Senate Leader Elon R. Brown, who was instrumental in having the Senate defeat the nomination of Mr. Perkins as head of the new State Food Control Commission. Mr. Perkins opened fire on Senator Brown on Sunday with an open letter, in which he accused him of deliberately placing obstacles in the way of real food control.

Mr. Perkins announced yesterday that he was going up-State to meet the farmers face to face. Senators from rural districts, who voted against the confirmation of Mr. Perkins, declared that they did so in deference to the wishes of their farmer-constituents, who, they said, were deeply distrustful of Mr. Perkins's purposes. Mr. Perkins declared that if this distrust exists, it has been accelerated by middlemen and food speculators, whom he has fought and, who have misled the farmers.

Mr. Perkins will open his campaign at the State Fair in Syracuse on Friday. It is probable that he will be in a position to address at least 20,000 farmers from different parts of the State.

"I have been lied about and misrepresented by the food pirates and their spokesmen in the Legislature," said Mr. Perkins yesterday. "I am not going to let the record of the last session of the Senate stand uncontested. I never dodged a fight in my life and I am not going to dodge this one. I am going up-State to talk straight to the people up there. I am going to tell them frankly of my plans and my policies and let them judge for themselves whether I am right or those who for reasons best known to themselves fought me in the Senate."

Mr. Perkins was asked whether Crown had answered his open letter in which he charged the Senator of insincerity and challenged him to tell the people of the State his real reasons for fighting the confirmation.

"No," said Mr. Perkins, "I have not yet had any reply to my letter to Senator Brown. I suppose he should be excused because he is undoubtedly busy receiving copies of the mimeographed resolution that has been planted all over the State by the food gamblers and speculators."

What Mr. Perkins referred to was a resolution praising Senator Brown, which was drafted in this city and sent for adoption to organizations of distributers throughout the State who figured in the opposition to food control legislation of any character and to the confirmation of Mr. Perkins. At the time these resolutions were pending before the lawmaking body. In a newspaper published in Watertown, Senator Brown's home, articles were printed in parallel columns showing that the identical resolution had been adopted by the "Cheese Board" of Perkinsville, N. Y., and by the Produce Exchange in Watertown. At the Watertown meeting it appeared that the Produce Exchange had met solely for the purpose of boosting Senator Brown. In Gouverneur the "Cheese Board" took advantage of the situation to move the price of cheese up a peg.

"The next time the food ring wants to plant resolutions all over the State I suggest that they at least use different language in different parts of the State," said Mr. Perkins when the identical language of the two resolutions was brought to his attention. "Such action would put these birds of prey completely exposed."

The resolution read:

> We thank the Senate and particularly Senator Brown of Watertown for the action in confirming Mr. Perkins as Food Commissioner. We are satisfied that the appointment was a great mistake to Governor Whitman and that his confirmation would have been a great menace to the food interests of the State and producing to it.

Governor Whitman will be at the State Fair and make an address on Thursday. It is expected that he will have the text of Mr. Perkins's appearance to nothing to appeal to the farmer and effect in his favor.

Mr. Whitman has received the consent of Mr. Perkins to present his name to the Senate again when the Legislature reconvenes on Sept. 25. Friends of Mr. Perkins believe that he will be confirmed although it was learned yesterday that the lines of the Democratic Senators were breaking, and that three Democrats voting for Mr. Perkins would be sufficient to confirm. New York City districts, with three State Senators who opposed his confirmation, are said to be ready to support Mr. Perkins. Two Democrats from districts outside New York City districts were originally reported as opposing Mr. Perkins, but they have been won over by the confirmation fight. The vote against the confirmation was 25 to 18.

HOUSE GETS REVENUE BILL.

Members Predict That It Will Be a Law Within Ten Days.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The War Revenue bill, passed by the Senate yesterday with amendments, was received in the House today and the prediction of the members who will form the Conference Committee that the bill will be a law within ten days.

The general feeling is that it will be enacted in substantially the form as passed by the Senate, although there will be changes in details. Speaker Clark will appoint the conferees for the House tomorrow and will select representatives Kitchen of North Carolina, Palmer of Pennsylvania, and Linn of Iowa, Democrats; and Fordney of Michigan, and Moore of Pennsylvania, republicans.

In general, the House is entirely satisfied with the Senate revisions. There is a feeling in the House that war developments may prevent the necessity for a second revenue measure, and the House bill would have provided. One of the conferees from the House said today that strong pressure would be brought to bear to increase the money to be raised by restoring to the bill some of the items approved originally by the House but stricken out in the Senate.

Chairman Kitchin of the Ways and Means Committee is satisfied to a great extent with the Senate measures but believes the war profits tax could be improved. He is of the opinion that the Senate's method of computing excess profits is inequitable, but is not decided just how far to go in insisting on a change. The conferees cannot raise any of the tax rate figures over those written into the Senate bill, but can under the rules of Congress revert to House provisions.

LAFAYETTE FUND ORGANIZED

Application for Incorporation Is Filed in Supreme Court.

The first step toward organizing the French Heroes Lafayette Memorial Fund, of which Colonel Theodore Roosevelt is a founder, was taken yesterday when an application for its incorporation was filed in the Supreme Court. The petition includes among the founders Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Mrs. William Astor Chanler, Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Henry White, Clarence H. Mackay, James M. Beck, John G. Milburn, John Moffat, James A. Blair, Jr., and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney.

The chief purpose of the organization is to raise funds by voluntary contributions for the purchase of Lafayette's home, the Chateau Chavaniac-Lafayette, in St. Georges d'Aurac, France, and of adjoining property where the society intends to erect homes, schools, hospitals, and other institutions for the relief and care of crippled, wounded, blind, and sick soldiers and for homeless, sick, and destitute women and children in France and the countries of the Allies. The organizers also propose to establish a permanent historical museum in appreciation of the relations between the peoples of the United States and France.

SUFFRAGISTS CALM IN FACE OF DEFEAT

Leaders Declare the Result in Maine Will Not Hurt Cause in Nation.

HOPE AMENDMENT WILL WIN

"Antis" Believe New York Will Follow Example of Sister State on Nov. 6.

Woman suffrage leaders in New York said yesterday they were not discouraged by the defeat of the suffrage amendment in Maine Monday; that it was their first campaign in that State, and that the men of Maine hadn't been sufficiently educated, in a Commonwealth which they declared was fifty years behind the times anyhow. They asserted that the men of New York, on the contrary, had been educated and would pass the suffrage amendment here in November. In the meantime, to make doubly sure, they will turn all their forces to obtaining the passage of the Federal amendment in Congress.

The anti-suffragists were highly gratified over the Maine returns, and saw in them an augury of the result in New York on Nov. 6. They said that what times were, least of all, the times to give women the vote. Because them may power was vested in governmental affairs.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, President of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, said yesterday:

> A good deal of suffrage education has been imparted that will count toward future victory. We have learned to take what looks like failure as the forerunner of success. It was a good deal to expect Maine to go pro-suffrage in a first campaign. Even in the Western States it has taken several campaigns to win.

I understand that a Maine "anti" hopes the question is settled in Maine for a long time to come, but the suffrage question is never settled until it is settled affirmatively. It is true that there probably never will be another campaign in Maine except for the purpose of ratification. The Federal suffrage amendment is surely going to pass, and soon.

The effect of every State's repudiation of the suffrage plank in the National platforms of political parties will be merely to focus the efforts of the National Suffrage Association anew on the remaining States, and more and more our work concentrates on Washington as the immediate focal point.

Miss Maloney, who has resigned the chairmanship of the Port of New York to work for woman's suffrage, said yesterday that the results in Maine showed that the best way to get the vote for the women was to obtain the passage of the Federal amendment. In this statement from the Cue in Song Maine:

> It took the liberal and progressive elements of the men and women in Maine nearly twenty years before they were permitted to put a suffrage amendment to the voters of that State, and when they declared it was fifty years behind the times they were not to be submitted to the electorate there for another years more or less. Political methods in Maine, a relic of the old political machine days, without which there would be no politics. The situation is not unlike that in the State of New York, and I am sure that the people of this State will make the fatal mistake of the people of Maine if they do not register at this critical time some two million votes.

ATTACK ON WILSON.

Mrs. Belmont Says Administration Oppresses Women.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont of New York, as one of the principal speakers at the banquet given at Cameron House tonight in celebration of the release from jail of the militant suffrage pickets from the Occoquan Workhouse, flung at the Administration the charge that they had been "persecuted" by a Government that had used its power to oppress women instead of liberating them.

Mrs. Belmont did not fail at strictures on the executive branch of the Government, but condemned the court that had sentenced the women for picketing in front of the White House. She asserted that the women had been "tortured" in workhouse after court trials which have been a bitter travesty on justice.

"We come together tonight," said Mrs. Belmont, "to honor the gallant six who have so bravely endured persecution at the hands of the Government which has used its power to oppress women instead of liberating them.

"The present undemocratic Administration, on technical and unproved charges, and in court trials which have been a bitter travesty on justice, has dared to imprison American women of patriotism and distinction in a filthy workhouse, in order to attempt to suppress the insistent demand of women for their political freedom. An Administration which could be stupid and tyrannical enough to answer this appeal by such medieval methods proves that it is hostile to the liberal movements of the world, and that it is trying to smother the needs of democracy at home. Such an Administration, if it does not receive a cowardly persecution, should be shorn of power in the next Congressional election."

PUSHING INSURANCE BILL.

Administration Leaders in House Defeat Attempts to Change Measure

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The final vote on the Soldiers and Sailors Insurance bill was delayed in the House again today by repeated unsuccessful attempts of its opponents to change the measure. When overwhelming support of the bill became apparent, through the decisive defeat of amendments, Administration leaders abandoned plans made yesterday to resort to a special rule to cut off debate. They

E. P. O'BRIEN WEDS MISS WEIGHTMAN

Ex-Justice's Son Marries Niece of Mrs. A. F. Richardson in St. Patrick's Cathedral.

MGR. LAVELLE OFFICIATES

Bridegroom Has a Commission in the Aviation Section of the Signal Corps.

The marriage of Miss Mary Weightman and Esmond Paul O'Brien, son of former Justice of the Supreme Court and Mrs. Morgan J. O'Brien, was solemnized yesterday forenoon at St. Patrick's Cathedral. The ceremony was performed by Mgr. Lavelle in the presence of the immediate families, being followed by a bridal breakfast at the Ritz-Carlton.

The bride wore a gown of orchid colored chiffon with a matching hat, and carried a bouquet of orchids of varying shades.

Mrs. Orson Hoyt, a cousin of the bride, was matron of honor, and appeared in a dress of dark blue chiffon. Morgan J. G. O'Brien acted as best man for his brother.

The wedding was hastened after the announcement of the engagement on Sunday, as Mr. O'Brien has received a commission in the aviation section of the Signal Corps. The couple will spend their honeymoon in the South.

The bride comes from Des Moines, Iowa, and has made her home for the last two years with her aunt, Mrs. A. F. Richardson, 45 East Seventy-sixth Street.

MORGENTHAU HOME AGAIN.

Ex-Ambassador Tells of Visiting the Trenches During a Battle.

Among the passengers arriving yesterday at an Atlantic port from France was Henry Morgenthau, ex-United States Ambassador to Turkey, who was sent abroad last June on a special mission by President Wilson.

Mr. Morgenthau said that during his trip he had visited the trenches at Lens and Ypres when they were under shell-fire from the German batteries, and had also talked with Field Marshal Haig and General Pétain, but he declined to make any comments on the war situation in Europe. Mr. Morgenthau said he was leaving at once for Washington to report to the President. Mrs. Morgenthau, who returned with her husband, wore the Legion of Honor which was bestowed by the French Government in recognition of the relief work organized by her during her stay in Constantinople.

Another passenger was Charles C. Kurzman of Fifth Avenue, who has been in Paris for several weeks on his regular business trip. He said that the situation for the coming Winter in France was serious on account of the scarcity of coal for heating purposes. When he left Paris ten days ago the price of coal was $80 a ton, and it was difficult to obtain even at that high figure. Mr. Kurzman brought with him some rare costume plates that had been presented to the Metropolitan Museum of Art by M. Aine of the French Syndicate in in Paris.

Wed to Lieut. H. H. Crommelin.

Announcement was been made of the marriage at Des Moines, Iowa, on Thursday last of Miss Mildred Valain of Denver, Col., and Lieutenant Harold H. Crommelin, U. S. R., son of Mrs. Edwin S. Crawley of Orange, N. J., who enlisted in the army four years ago. Two months ago he was commissioned a Second Lieutenant in the regular army and was transferred to Fort Yellowstone, Wyo., where a few weeks later he was commissioned First Lieutenant in the Officers' Reserve Corps.

Miss Perry Weds Paul L. Gross.

Mr. and Mrs. Orin Francis Perry of 96 Riverside Drive have announced the marriage of their daughter, Miss Antoinette Frances Perry, to Paul Livingston Gross of this city. The wedding took place quietly on Saturday at Detroit, Mich., and Mr. Gross returned immediately after the ceremony to the aviation training camp at Mount Clemens.

Engagements.

Dr. and Mrs. John G. Dorrance of 548 Riverside Drive have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Frances Dorrance, to Lieutenant James H. Preston, U. S. A., of the Officers' Reserve Corps. The wedding is to take place at an early date.

Mr. and Mrs. Huidekoper Bond of 21 East Sixtieth Street have told of the betrothal of their daughter, Miss Mary Louise Bond, to Edwin Stuart Peck, son of the late Dr. Edwin S. Peck of this city. Miss Bond made her début last Winter. Mr. Peck is an ensign in the submarine patrol at Newport.

Señora Angela de Barrios, widow of José R. de Barrios of this city and Havana, Cuba, announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Ines M. Barrios, to Walter Adam Lee, son of Mrs. Lee and the late W. H. Lee of Chicago. The wedding is to take place this Fall.

Mrs. Cora Depew Teel of 315 West Ninety-fourth Street has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Dorothy Elmendorf Teel, to Neal R. Andrews of this city and Waterloo, N. Y. Mr. Andrews is serving in the Naval Militia

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EXHIBIT SAFETY DEVICES.

National Council Co-operates in Guarding Government Plants.

The sixth annual conference of the National Safety Council opened yesterday with more than a thousand delegates present. The meetings are being held in the Hotel Astor and the displays in the Grand Central Palace. One of the features of the day was a conference of the fifteen safety engineers who are to look after accident prevention in Government navy yards and arsenals, led by R. M. Little, Chairman of the United States Employes' Compensation Commission.

L. R. Palmer, President of the Council and Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Labor and Industries of Pennsylvania, in his opening address said that the council was co-operating with the Council of National Defense in the safety campaign for Government plants. A loyalty resolution proposed by Ralph C. Richards of Chicago was adopted.

The danger emblem committee, headed by W. L. Chandler, recommended as the universal danger signal a black cross on a white diamond, with a red circle in the center.

A number of sessions will be held today and each day thereafter for the rest of the week. Tonight will be given the annual dinner at the Astor, with President A. Lawrence Lowell of Harvard University, Job E. Hedges, and John Mitchell as speakers.

TO WIDEN FRAUD INQUIRY.

Police Say Diplomas Were Sold in Many States.

Further investigation into the activities of a band of men who it is alleged have been selling fake diplomas, Regents' examination papers, and even licenses to practice medicine and other professions to persons desiring to open offices in this city, reveals the fact, according to Lieutenant Scherb and Detective Dannenberg, who have been aiding Assistant District Attorney Tompkins, that their "diploma factory," as it has been termed, operated throughout the country. Positive evidence has been obtained, it was learned yesterday, that diplomas and licenses to practice had been supplied to "customers" in the States of New Jersey, Maryland, Oklahoma, Georgia, and Massachusetts.

In addition to these activities Lieutenant Scherb said he had learned that the band furnished men to take Regents' examinations, posing as the persons whose names appeared on the papers turned in to the State Department of Education.

Acting on information given to the Grand Jury by Isaac A. Lazinsky, who was recently arrested on a charge of practicing medicine without a license, Detective Dannenberg placed under arrest yesterday a man who gave his name as Wilbur Strong, and is said to be the principal of the Westerleigh Collegiate Institute, at New Brighton, S. I. Strong was indicted on a charge of grand larceny in connection with the sale of a bogus certificate for which Lazinsky said he paid "Dr." Nicholas Clements, the alleged head of the "factory," the sum of $1,500. Clements is also under arrest charged with larceny and forgery. Strong was admitted to bail and held for trial.

INVITES JAPANESE MISSION.

Mayor Mitchel Appoints City's Committee of Welcome.

The committee appointed by Mayor Mitchel to welcome the members of the Japanese Mission to New York went to Washington last night to formally invite the Commissioners to come here. Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson will represent the Mayor and will deliver the invitation. The following are members of the committee:

Robert Adamson, Donn Barber, S. R. Bertron, John McE. Bowman, W. C. Breed, William M. Calder, Frederic R. Coudert, Thomas L. Chadbourne, Jr., William H. Edwards, George Featherstone, Stuart Gibboney, Cass Gilbert, Samuel Gompers, Thomas D. Green, Lamar Hardy, Colonel William Hayward, Timothy Healy, Henry R. Hoyt, Otto Kahn, Alexander Konta, Hon. F. H. LaGuardia, George MacDonald, William Fellowes Morgan, E. H. Outerbridge, Arden M. Reid, Leon H. Rouse, F. L. Rumely, Lindsay Russell, Leo Schlesinger, Walter Scott, Don C. Seitz, James R. Sheffield, George R. Sheldon, R. A. C. Smith, Melville E. Stone, Frank V. Sterre, Oscar S. Straus, Herbert Bayard Swope, Henry S. Thompson, Eugene M. Travis, Oswald G. Villard, Hunter Wykes.

FRESH AID FOR ARMENIANS.

Committee Working with Red Cross to Raise Funds.

Abram I. Elkus, ex-Ambassador to Turkey, was the principal speaker yesterday at the conference on Armenian Atrocities, which is being held by the American Committee for Armenian and Syrian Relief in the Madison Avenue Building. Mr. Elkus emphasized the fact that it was to America and America alone the stricken Armenians could look for help in this crisis. The need for aid was imperative now, he said, as all the relief work established under his supervision had been abandoned since his departure.

The committee will begin an active campaign for funds next month, working in harmony with the American Red Cross. The following telegram from the American Consul in Persia was read to the conference:

"Relief Committee requests American Committee in addition to June estimate cable $500,000 needed for new relief; 30,000 destitute Kurdish refugees have returned to Soujbulak, 75 per cent. of whom are widows and orphans. Azerbaijian crops failure, famine threatens, prices rising. PADDOCK, Consul."

The conference will continue in an all-day session Wednesday and end after a conference with editors Thursday.

OUR COLORS OVER VERDUN.

Flag Given by Red Cross Worker Flies from the Ruined City Hall.

PARIS, Sept. 11.—The American colors now fly over Verdun.

The flag, which was the gift of a prominent American Red Cross worker to the city, was hoisted over the ruins of the City Hall following a ceremony which was attended by the Sub-Prefect, Jean Grillon.

Americans Killed in France.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 11.—The following names of Americans appear in the casualty list issued today: Killed in action, C. E. Clark, Landy, Mont.; W. Dinsmore, Cambridge, Iowa; P. R. McVey, Charleston, Ill.; missing, G. McN. Moore, Pleasant Point, Maine; H. P. Poole, Long Island, N. Y.; wounded, E. Kristensen, Philadelphia; T. A. Walker, Boston; A. C. MacCallum, Chicago; previously reported wounded, now as not wounded, A. Labav, Arlington, S. D.; gassed, W. P. Browne, Baltimore; seriously ill, H. A. Pomroy, Calais, Me.

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NEW HAVEN SHARES HIT 21½, NEW LOW RECORD

Drop Follows Meeting of Directors to Arrange Issue of Preferred Stock.

Simultaneously with a meeting of Directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company yesterday morning to arrange for a new issue of $45,000,000 of 7 per cent. preferrd stock, New Haven shares fell to the lowest price at which they have ever been quoted on the New York Stock Exchange, being priced at 21½. In 1902, when the New Haven was at the height of its prosperity, its shares sold at 255.

The new drop in the stock resulted in the renewal of rumors in Wall Street that serious difficulties threatened the road, but officials declared that there was absolutely no foundation for them, and that, despite the low price of stock, which one Director characterized as "purely psychological," the New Haven's position was better, on the whole, than it had been for some time.

The situation, officials admitted, hinges upon the new stock isue, which has already been authorized by the Legislatures of Connecticut and Massachusetts, but must still be approved by the Legislature of Rhode Island, and then be accepted by the stockholders at the anual meeting to be held at New Haven in October.

The proposed stock issue is to meet the road's outstanding $45,000,000 of 6 per cent. short-term notes which fall due next May. It was decided on some time ago as the best method of meeting the obligation, but its progress has been slow because of the many legal difficulties in the way. At the meeting yesterday the form of a circular to be sent out to all stockholders, giving full information regarding the new issue and the purpose for which the money is to be used, was arranged.

Directors expressed themselves as entirely confident of the ability of the New Haven to weather its financial difficulties, if the new stock issue was carried out as planned. The road's earning's recently, it was stated, have been ample to cover all fixed charges, and several improvements have recently been effected in the management, notably the new central distributing yard for freight, which are expected to result in considerable gains in operating efficiency. The road is closely affiliated with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which owns upward of $5,000,000 of its stock, and Pennsylvania officials are believed to possess ample confidence in the New Haven's position.

SCHUMANN-HEINK SAVES BOY

Sucks Rattlesnake Poison from His Arm in Arizona.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 11.—In a successful effort to save life Madam Ernestine Schumann-Heink, the famous singer, sucked poison from the arm of a 9-year-old boy at Wenden, Ariz., today after he had been bitten by a large rattlesnake.

The diva had gone to Wenden to say good-bye to her own son, Fred Schumann, who was leaving for the war. The lad, she saved by Carlos Gonzales. The doctors say he will live and will owe his life to the great singer.

Madam Schumann-Heink's daughter-in-law had been bitten by a scorpion just after her son's departure. Little Carlos said that rattlesnake poison was a remedy against scorpion poison and started out to find a snake. Madam Schumann-Heink went with him.

While trying to catch the rattler he was struck in the arm. The famous singer acted at once, and the lips which had so recently kissed her own boy tenderly sucked the poison from the wound.

The Rev. Dr. C. Armand Miller.

The Rev. Dr. C. Armand Miller, a prominent minister of the Lutheran Church and pastor of St. Mark's Church of Philadelphia, died at Liberty, N. Y., Monday at the age of 53. He was a native of Shpherdstown, West Va. He was pastor of the Holy Trinity Church in New York from 1896 to 1908, when he went to St. John's Church in Charlestown, S. C. He served at St. Mark's Church in Philadelphia from 1912 until his death. He was the author of many devotional books, and was a member of the Quill Club of this city. Dr. Miller is survived by his wife and four sons.

Admiral Horatio N. Dudding, R. N.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Rear Admiral Horatio Nelson Dudding, R. N., retired, who took part in the suppression of the Nicobad pirates in 1867 and later in the suppression of the East African slave trade, died yesterday at his home at Ashley Mead, St. Albans. He saw service with the Eastern Soudan Field Force. He was retired in 1905.

Obituary Notes.

EDWARD A. S. MAN, former City Attorney of Bayonne, N. J., died Monday at the Latourette House, Bayonne, in his seventy-third year. He was graduated from Yale, and was once President of the University Club of Hudson County.

MARCUS TISCH, a retired clothing merchant, died of pneumonia at Mount Sinai Hospital last night at his seventy-second year. He lived at 255 Fort Washington Avenue.

THOMAS H. HOLMES, 58 years old, a printer for twenty-three years on The Evening Sun, died on Monday at his home, 259 Prospect Park West. He had been a resident of that borough for fifty years.

HUGH RILEY, a retired fireman and a brother of Thomas Riley, at one time Sheriff of this county, died at his home, 912 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He was 68 years old.

EDWARD FREDERICK HAGNETT, a haberdasher of Brooklyn and a member of Hoboken Lodge of Elks, died from heart disease on Sunday at his home, 1,760 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. MARY JUDD ANDERSON, a resident of Brooklyn since 1871 and long active in church work, died at her home, 1,081 Park Place, Brooklyn, on Monday, in her eighty-first year. She was formerly President of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society of St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church, and later for nearly twenty years served as New York East Conference treasurer of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society.

WILLIAM T. KEARNS, for many years in the Bureau of Buildings and Offices in Brooklyn, died on Monday at his home, 1,849 Broadway, Brooklyn. He is survived by a brother, Thomas L., and two sisters, Sister M. Grace of the Convent of the Good Shepherd and Sister M. Clement of the Immaculate Heart of Mary Convent at Carbondale, Penn.

Mrs. MINNIE A. RIDGWAY, wife of George A. Ridgway, a bookkeeper at New York Police Headquarters, died on Sunday at her home, 161 Maple Street, Brooklyn.

CHARLES W. FOSTER, a foreman stevedore for the Dominion Steamship Company, died in the Kings County Hospital on Sunday, aged 40 years. His home was at 793 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. SARAH IREMONGER, an active worker for the American Red Cross Society, and for many years head of the Altar Committee of St. Stephen's Protestant Episcopal Church of Brooklyn, died on Monday at her home, 3,216 Farragut Road, Flatbush. She was born in England.

CHARLES R. ROGERS, superintendent of the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company factory at Long Island City, died in St. John's Hospital, Long Island City, on Monday from a cerebral hemorrhage.

JOHN DONAHUE, a foreman employed by the Queens Highway Bureau, died at his home, Long Island City, on Monday.

HENRY ROGERS BRYAN, President of the Bryan Printing Company of Hudson, N. Y., died on Monday at his home in that city.

Excise Inspector WILLIAM DIGNAN of Newark, N. J., died on Monday at his home there. He was 54 years old.

Mrs. JANE HARROP, widow of Thomas Harrop, who was once Chief of the Fire Department of Orange, N. J., is dead at Orlando, Fla., in her seventy-second year.

THE BANDBOX TO BE A BANK.

Property of the Little Playhouse Leased to Chatham and Phenix.

The little Bandbox Theatre, in Fifty-seventh Street, near Third Avenue, has ceased its career as a playhouse and will be converted into a bank. It was announced yesterday that the building has been leased by the Chatham and Phenix National Bank for the purpose of enlarging its Yorkville branch quarters, now in the building on Third Avenue adjoining the little theatre.

The theatre covers a plot fronting 60 feet at 205 to 209 East Fifty-seventh Street. It was built about four years ago by a company headed by Alfred M. Rau and Walter H. Liebmann. The lease to the bank was closed through the firm of Pease & Elliman.

KIELEY ESTATE $636,297.

Inventor's Fortune Greatly Reduced by Expiration of Patents.

The estate of Timothy J. Kieley, who invented steam appliances which brought him a fortune and then invested his money in developing a section of Rockaway Beach, was appraised yesterday at $636,297.

When Mr. Kieley died on Aug. 17, 1913, it was estimated that he left a fortune of at least $2,000,000, but the appraisal shows that his business was worth not more than a tenth of its estimated value because his patents had just expired and a reorganization of his business was necessary. His will gave his entire estate to his second wife, Margaret V. Kieley, and was contested by two nephews and a niece on the ground that he was incompetent, but Mrs. Kieley won the contest.

George Bird Left $500,000.

The will of George Bird, capitalist, who lived at 960 Park Avenue and died on Aug. 21 last at his country place, Dial House, at Dark Harbor, Me., disposes of an estate of more than $500,000. He gave the residuary and a trust fund of $200,000 to his wife, Mrs. Ruth Moorhead Metcalf Bird, who has power to dispose of the principal of the trust fund in her will. The only other bequests were trusts of $20,000 to George B. Metcalf and Robert Lansing Pruyn, grandsons of Mrs. Bird by a former marriage.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

GROSS—PERRIN.—Mr. and Mrs. Orin Francis Perry announce the marriage of their daughter, Antoinette Frances, to Mr. Paul Livingston Gross, on Saturday, Sept. 8, 1917, at Detroit, Mich.

LOWENSTEIN—FRAZIN.—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Frazin of 321 West 92d St. announce the marriage on Sept. 6 of their daughter, Gladys Irma, to Mr. Leo Lowenstein, son of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Lowenstein of 5 East 95th St., New York City.

Died.

ACKERMAN.—Hannah, dearly beloved mother of Harry, Isidore, Hattie Phillips, and Carrie. Funeral Friday, Sept. 14, 11 A. M., from Rothschild's Funeral Parlor, 208 Lenox Av. Omit flowers.

ALPEREZ.—Sept. 10, in his 57th year, Joaquin Alperez, at his residence, 613 Sterling Place. Interment in family plot in Calvary Cemetery on Thursday, Sept. 13, at 2:30 P. M.

ANDERSON.—On Monday, Sept. 10, at her residence, 1,081 Park Place, Brooklyn, Mary Judd, wife of William Anderson in the 81st year of her age. Services will be held at the New York Avenue M. E. Church, New York Av. and Bergen St., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Sept. 12, at 2:30 P. M.

BARNARD.—In North Weare, N. H., Sept. 9, 1917, Marian Jesup, aged 39, only daughter of Marianna S. and the late William F. Barnard. Interment at Nantucket, Mass.

BECKMANN.—Kathrine, on Sept. 10, aged 64 years, beloved wife of Henry Beckmann, at her late residence, 2,385 Bathgate Av., Thursday, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

BRYAN.—Suddenly, at Hudson, N. Y., Tuesday, Sept. 11, 1917, Henry Rogers Bryan, in his 50th year. Funeral from his late residence, 823 Columbia St., Hudson, N. Y., Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Interment at Claverack, N. Y.

BURNHAM.—At New London, Sept. 10, 1917, Anna Wallace Elliott, beloved wife of the late Charles Luther Burnham of Hartford and new York, and daughter of the late Anna Simpson Wallace and George Elliott of New York. Funeral private. Interment Hartford, Conn.

BURHANS.—On Sunday, Sept. 9, at her residence, Warrensburg, N. Y., Helen Barrows Burhans, widow of the late Fredrick O. Burhans, in her [illegible] year.

CAREY.—On Sunday, Sept. 9, in his 78th year, Samuel Carey, son of the late Samuel Thomas and Mary de Peyster Carey. Funeral from his residence, Wave Crest, Far Rockaway, on Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 12, at 2:30 o'clock. Train leaves Pennsylvania Station, 33d St., at 1:30 o'clock. Carriages will meet the train on arrival at Far Rockaway.

COLLINS.—On Sept. 10, Edwin J., beloved son of Stephen J. and the late Bridget A. Collins, nee Vail. Funeral from his late residence, 215 West 135th St., to Church of St. Charles Borromeo, Thursday, Sept. 13, at 9:30 A. M. Interment Calvary.

COHN.—At Mount Marion, N. Y., Sept. 11, 1917, from accidental injuries, Sophia Cohn, wife of the late Manheim Cohn and mother of Jacques C. and Julius H. Cohn, Mrs. Max D. Isell, and Mrs. Henry S. Wallace. Funeral Friday, Sept. 14, at 10 A. M., from 801 West End Av., New York City.

CORBETT.—Margaret. "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Campbell's, 1,970 Broadway, Friday, 10 o'clock. [illegible] seventy-second year. He lived at 255 Fort Washington Avenue.

CRICHTON.—Sept. 11, Margaret Crichton, aged 31 years. Services at the residence of her mother, Jane Crichton, 989 Amsterdam Av., Thursday, 8 P. M. Glasgow, Scotland, papers please copy.

CUSHMAN.—On Sept. 10, in his 63d year, Frederick Cushman. Funeral from his late residence, Darien, Conn., on Wednesday, Sept. 12, upon arrival of 1:06 P. M. train from Grand Central.

DARNELL.—Sept. 11, Harriett Louise, 23 years; at her late residence, 979 Anderson Av. Funeral private.

DE MONTLORD.—On Sept. 11, at her residence, 503 West 111th St., New York, Annie T. Komp, beloved wife of George Robert de Montlord.

DUFFY.—On Sept. 8, William Duffy, son of the late John P. and Margaret Duffy, and husband of Alice Lent Duffy. Funeral from the Blessed Sacrament Church, Broadway and 71st St., on Wednesday, Aug. 12, at 10 A. M. Relatives and friends and the members of the Catholic Club and of the New York Athletic Club are respectfully invited.

DUFFY.—Members of the Catholic Club of the City of New York are requested to attend the funeral services of the late William Duffy at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Broadway and 71st St., on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

PERCY J. KING, President.
EDWARD K. HANLON, Secretary.

FRIEDMANN.—Sigmund, father of Voltan, Alfred, Charlotte, and Fannie, in his 69th year, after long illness. Funeral services at his late residence, 47 St. Nicholas Av., Thursday.

HERING.—Ridgewood, N. J., on Sept. 11, 1917, Emil Hering, aged 45 years. Funeral services Friday, Sept. 14, 1917, private.

JOHNSON.—Edward H., in his 72d year, at his residence, 911 Park Av. Funeral services private.

JORDAN.—Sept. 10, James Jordan, aged 74 years, of the firm of Jordan & Moriarity. Funeral services at the residence of his brother-in-law, John J. Perkins, 342 West 27th St., Thursday evening, 8 o'clock.

KARNER.—Suddenly, Tuesday, Sept. 11, Louise Deway, beloved wife of William J. Karner. Interment at Great Barrington, Mass., Thursday.

LANE.—Ex-Lieutenant Patrick J., husband of the late Sarah F. Lane. Funeral from his late residence, 38 Britton Av., Elmhurst, on Friday, the 14th inst., at 10 A. M.; thence to St. Bartholomew's Roman Catholic Church. Relatives and friends and the members of the Police Lieutenants' and Veterans' Association are invited to attend.

LOWERRE.—On Tuesday, Sept. 11, 1917, at South Beach, Conn., Thomas H. Lowerre, beloved husband of Lillie M., (nee Wright,) and son of Panella C. Lowerre and the late Thomas H. Lowerre, Jr. Notice of funeral hereafter. Sept. 13, at 9:30 A. M. Interment Calvary.

McLAUGHLIN.—On Monday, Sept. 10, 1917, Henry, beloved husband of Jane McLaughlin. Funeral from his late residence, 200 South 3d St., Brooklyn, on Friday, Sept. 14, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at SS. Peter and Paul's Church, Wythe Av., at 10 o'clock.

EX-INSPECTOR SWEENEY.

Police Official Who Served a Year After Graft Conviction Dies.

Ex-Inspector Dennis Sweeney of the New York Police Department, who served a year in the penitentiary on Blackwell's Island for conspiracy, died yesterday at his home, 68 West 127th Street, in his fifty-eighth year. Death was due to diabetes. He was born in Ireland in 1860 and came to this country as a boy. In 1888 he was appointed to the Police Department, and was made an Inspector in 1905. Upon his conviction in 1913 he was dismissed from the force.

Sweeney's conviction came as the result of an investigation into police affairs by the Curran Aldermanic Committee in 1912, after George A. Silpp, a Harlem hotel keper, testified that he had been paying $100 a month for police protection. He had given this to Patrolman Eugene Fox, he said, and Fox in turn declared that the money went to Sweeney.

He was released March 9, 1914. For a short period he was assistant manager of Loew's Boulevard Theatre and later engaged in the automobile supply business.

Dr. William F. McDowell.

Dr. William F. McDowell, Chief Pharmacist of the United States Immigration Department at Ellis Island, died last night at his home, 3 West 192d Street, in his sixty-sixth year. Dr. McDowell, who had been a medical officer in the service of the Government nearly all his life, commenced as medical officer of the U. S. S. Monongahela. In 1892 he was connected with the United States Marine Hospital at Portland, Me., and in 1898 he was appointed a special disbursing officer at Havana. Since that time he has been attached to the medical division at Ellis Island.

General T. J. Stewart.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 11.—Adjt. Gen. Thomas J. Stewart, for twenty-two years the administrative head of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and former National Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, died suddenly today, his birthday.

He was born near Belfast, Ireland, Sept. 11, 1848, but was brought to this country by his parents when less than a year old. He had attended every encampment of the National Guard of Pennsylvania for more than forty-five years.

Died.

MacDOWELL.—On Tuesday, Sept. 11, 1917, William F. MacDowell, M. D., aged 67 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 3 West 192d St., at the corner of Jerome Av., on Friday morning at 10:30.

MACLEOD.—At Bayfield, Wis., Sept. 6, 1917, John T. Macleod of Manila, P. I., aged 53 years, beloved brother of Mrs. George Elliot Jardine of Manhasset, L. I.

MAN.—At Bayonne, N. J., on Monday, Sept. 10, 1917, Edward A. S. Man, LL.D., in his 72d year. Notice of funeral later.

MASON.—On Monday, Sept. 10, Miss Helena Mason, of 402 West 20th St., New York City, at 1040 Warburton Av., Yonkers, where funeral services will be held Wednesday evening, 8 P. M. Relatives and friends invited.

MERKELL.—Rose. THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Campbell's, 1,970 Broadway, Thursday morning, 8 o'clock.

MIDDLETON.—John C. "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Campbell's, 1,970 Broadway.

MILLIKEN.—Maude Dickinson, on Sept. 11, widow of George F. Milliken. Funeral services at her late residence, Doden Lane, Flushing, Thursday, at 2 P. M. (Train leaves Pennsylvania Terminal at 1:23.)

MILLER.—Suddenly, on Sept. 8, 1917, John H. Miller. Funeral private.

NADAL.—Ramon. "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Campbell's, 1,970 Broadway.

ROTH.—Max, on Monday, Sept. 10. Family requests friends and relatives of the deceased to pay the last tribute. Funeral services at his late home, 600 West End Av., today, (Wednesday,) 11 A. M., also services at the Synagogue, 180 Stanton St., at 12 noon.

RYAN.—Michael J., Sept. 9, at his residence, 1,713 Cropsey Av., Bath Beach, Brooklyn. Funeral Thursday morning at 10 A. M. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

SCHNURER.—Jonas M., husband of the late Antonia, father of Gustav, Della, Bert, and Bella Schnurer. Funeral Thursday, 10:30 A. M., from his residence, 380 Manhattan Av. Washington Lodge No. 70, I. O. F. S. of I.; Manhattan Lodge No. 156, I. O. B. B., invited.

SCHNURER.—Members of Manhattan Lodge 156, I. O. B. B., are invited to funeral of Brother Jonas M. Schnurer from his late residence, 380 Manhattan Av., Thursday, Sept. 13, 10:30 A. M. S. LEAVITT, President; P. COWEN, Secretary.

SMITH.—Sept. 7, 1917, at San Francisco, Cal., Barbara Such, wife of Augustus Smith. Notice of funeral hereafter.

THOMPSON.—Mary Jane Thompson, in her 77th year, beloved mother of Frederic Thompson and Ida M. Hamlin. Service THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., (Campbell Bldg.) Wednesday afternoon, 2 o'clock. Interment convenience of family.

TISCH.—On Sept. 10, 9 A. M., at Mt. Sinai Hospital, Marcus Tisch. Funeral services at the Mt. Sinai Hospital Chapel, Thursday, 10 A. M.

WADE.—On Sept. 10, Anna O'Byrne Wade, at her home, 228 Alexander Av., Bronx, beloved daughter of Ida O'Byrne and the late Dr. William J. O'Byrne. Requiem mass at St. Jerome's Church Wednesday, 10 A. M. Funeral private.

WOOLLEY.—Suddenly, at Lakeville, L. I., on Sunday, Sept. 9, 1917, Frederick B. Woolley, in the 58th year of his age. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at the Dutch Reformed Church, Manhasset, L. I., on Wednesday, Sept. 12, 1917, at 2:30 P. M.

YOST.—At Lausanne, Switzerland, Sept. 7, 1917, Sarah Anna Yost, widow of the late James H. Yost of St. Louis, Mo.

BARNES.—John L., 506 East 163d St., Sept. 9. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BOYLE.—Margaret, 462 West 52d St., Sept. 9. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

COLLINS.—William J., 215 West 135th St., Sept. 10. Funeral notice later.

COOGAN.—Michael, 223 West 123d St., Sept. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

DALY.—Miles, Sept. 9. Funeral 954 Amsterdam Av., tomorrow, 9 A. M.

DUFFEY.—Catherine, 330 East 130th St., Sept. 9. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

ENBRUX.—Richard, Sept. 10, aged 42. Funeral 504 East 55th St., today, 2 P. M.

KUNTZ.—Louis, 161 East 126th St., Sept. 9, aged 61. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

McCAFFERTY.—Frank, Metropolitan Hospital, Sept. 10, aged 44. Funeral today.

McCARTHY.—Cornelius, 2,088 Madison Av., Sept. 10. Funeral service today.

MAHONEY.—Jeremiah, 151½ East 85th St., Sept. 10. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

MASTERSON.—Lillian A., 493 East 135th St., Sept. 9, aged 31.

MAY.—Nanette, 381 East 50th St., Sept. 10. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

ROBINSON.—Azema, Sept. 10, aged 85. Funeral 161 8th Av.

WALKER.—Elizabeth J., 371 East 139th St., Sept. 10. Funeral notice later.

Brooklyn.

ANDERSON.—Gustave, 863 58th St., Sept. 9, aged 48. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

ANTHONY.—Frederick, jr., Long Island College Hospital, Sept. 10.

BLASIUS.—Albert, Sept. 10, aged 22. Funeral 72 Knickerbocker Av., today, 1:30 P. M.

CARI.—Catherine, 970 East 95th St., Sept. 9, aged 47.

CUSTER.—Sallie P., 739 Halsey St., Sept. 9. Funeral private.

DEMARS.—Rose, 100 Dikeman St., Sept. 10, aged 39. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HEYN.—Harriett, 915 St. Mark's Av., Sept. 11. Funeral service tomorrow.

HOUSTON.—Josephine, 2,129 Cortelyou Road, Sept. 10. Funeral private.

KEARNS.—William T., 1,849 Broadway, Sept. 10. Funeral today.

KEERS.—Walter F., 735 Hancock St., Sept. 10, aged 36. Funeral service today.

KRUGER.—ARNKERNER.—Anna, 67 Grand Av., Sept. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

MOSCA.—Aurelia, St. Mary's Hospital, Sept. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

REHBOCK.—Edward F., Sr., 532 Central Av., Sept. 10, aged 68. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

RYAN.—Dennis J., 93 Java St., Sept. 10, aged 42. Funeral tomorrow.

SIEMSEN.—Anna M., 101 Bedford Av., Sept. 10, aged 59. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

STONE.—William A., 856 52d St., Sept. 10, aged 21. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

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Silk Gloves $1.00
Fownes & Kaysers
Tan Cape Gloves $1.50
Fall Neckwear, 49c
Plain Colors, Stripes and Figures
All are wonderful values
Compare! and You'll Buy Here

Died.

WALSH.—Patrick, 144 North 10th St., Sept. 9. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

YEOMAN.—David S., 312 Macon St., Sept. 9. Funeral notice later.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BARRY.—Dennis A., 206 9th St., Jersey City, Sept. 11.

BECKER.—Elmer, 230 13th Av., Newark, Sept. 10, aged 1 month. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BERGERHOFF.—Jane, 206 Virginia Av., Jersey City, Sept. 11.

BOLTON.—Ethel M., Newark, Sept. 10, aged 20.

BUGASCH.—William A., 165 Oakland Av., Jersey City, Sept. 9, aged 52. Funeral today.

CAPIERO.—Ferdenando, 497 Ocean Av., Jersey City, Sept. 9, aged 74.

DICKERSON.—Mary, Newark, Sept. 10. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HOLTON.—Ellen, 185 Newark Av., Jersey City, Sept. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.

JEFSEN.—William, Sept. 9, aged 73. Funeral 349 Central Av., Jersey City, today.

LOTTA.—Alfred A., 59 Germania Av., Jersey City, Sept. 9.

NELSON.—Lillian, Sept. 9, aged 5 months. Funeral 611 Washington St., Hoboken.

PFISTER.—Mary, 60 South 13th St., Newark, Sept. 10, aged 35. Funeral tomorrow.

PIEPER.—

New York Men Enrolled in the National Army

Reports received yesterday from twenty-one exemption boards in the city showed that 528 men had been enrolled in the new national army. The draft situation to date is shown in the following table:

	Districts.	Quota.	Enrolled to date.	Needed to fill quota.
Bronx	22	4,712	4,494	218
Brooklyn	66	13,764	13,074	690
Manhattan	82	16,356	15,353	1,003
Queens	15	3,035	2,982	53
Richmond	4	754	730	24
Total	189	38,621	36,633	1,988

BRONX.

DISTRICT NO. 1.
260 East 138th Street.
QUOTA, 193. ENROLLED, 198.

MEN ENROLLED YESTERDAY.

Bissam, Robert, 198 Brook Av.
Walther, Frank, 407 E. 136th St.
Sousa, Max, 535 E. 136th St.
Byrne, Frank S., 316 E. 136th St.
Addis, William, 265 E. 135th St.
Anderson, Frank A., 400 E. 137th St.
Calluccio, Vincenzo, 150 Brown Place.
Birney, William, 211 Alexander Av.
Feint, George E., 534 East 134th St.
Cohen, Max, 473 East 136th St.
Hammer, Albert K., 406 East 138th St.
Napolitan, Joseph, 2,494 3d Av.
Greenberg, Jacob, 169 Brook Av.
Rito, Serafino, 142 St. Ann's Av.
Gilliksa, Miska, 536 E. 136th St.
Stark, Frank, 134 Brook Av.
Salati, Salvatore, 113 St. Ann's Av.
Randolph, William F., 108 St. Ann's Av.
Levine, Ropel, 169 Brook Av.
Cowan, James F., 451 East 138th St.
Seidel, John, 618 East 135th St.
Schwartz, Samuel, 500 E. 137th St.
Hoffmann, Robert E., 550 East 138d St.
Schulstadt, Ivan V., 461 East 134th St.
Seda, Joseph, 168 Lincoln Av.
Matus, Victor, 270 East 137th St.
McClelland, Mongo S., 467 East 136th St.
Brew, Richard, 410 E. 136th St.
Johnson, Thomas, Jr., 260 E. 134th St.
O'Brien, Daniel Leo, 330 E. 135th St.
Ryman, Isidor, 104 Brown Place.
Berger, Albert H., 311 E. 133d St.
Otgie, Morris, 177 Brook Av.
Greenfield, Carl, Jr., Walnut Av. and 133d St.
Loyd, Harry David, 300 E. 134th St.
McCarthy, Dennis J., 409 E. 136th St.
Smith, Michael, 1066 Alexander Av.
Hasselwaty, Peter, 307 E. 134th St.
Shapiro, Louis, 134 Brook Av.
St. Massimo, Leonard, 160 Brown Place.
Russo, Louis James, 635 E. 134th St.
Riordan, Thomas F., 432 E. 137th St.
Greco, Alfonso, 180 Lincoln Av.
Allepine, Wolf, 147 St. Ann's Av.
Martin, G. J., 130 Alexander Av.
Cassone, Italigh, 124 Willis Av.
Hall, Frank W., 141 St. Ann's Av.
Gray, Harry, 355 E. 153d St.
Ratino, Giuseppe, 280 E. 136th St.
Sullone, John, 117 St. Ann's Av.
Gallo, George, 2,494 3d Av.
Ehrlich, Albert, 415 E. 135th St.
Campbell, Ernest Oswald, 558 E. 136th St.
Holden, Frank, 130 Alexander Av.
Kelly, John G., 144 Alexander Av.
Hunt, John, 620 E. 135th St.
Nastario, Frank J., 202 Brown Place.
Sevilacqua, Joe., 276 E. 137th St.
Kipp, Arthur F., 726 E. 141st St.
Kelly, Arthur Leo, 340 E. 144th St.
Geraghty, Patrick, 402 E. 135th St.
Thenen, Emil, 427 E. 134th St.
Greenleaf, Mark, 717 E. 136th St.
Morgano, Oliver James, 920 E. 179th St.
Roken, Samuel, 100 Brown Place.
Erashko, Vasili, 606 E. 136th St.
Passerino, Jos., 113 St. Ann's Av.
Gardner, Adam F., 451 E. 138th St.
Reinhardt, Julius, 718 E. 136th St.
Weronimsky, Nathan, 634 E. 134th St.
Redewian, Dick, 505 East 134th St.
Bonner, Edward, 40 St. Ann's Av.
Maloney, Michael, 384 E. 135th St.
Dick, Phillip, 400 E. 140th St.
Meiers, Henry, 253 E. 135th St.
Nicholls, Nicholas, 167 Lincoln Av.
Hoffman, Henry, 400 E. 134th St.
Harnett, John, 460 E. 134th St.
Procenzo, Giovanni, 250 E. 136th St.
Bidman, Thomas F., 142 Willis Av.
Seidel, John, 618 East 135th St.
O'Donnell, Harry, 450 E. 135th St.
Casper, Harry Joseph, 148 Willis Av.
Sing, Richard, 138 Willis Av.
McDonald, Joseph T., 404 E. 134th St.
Cohen, Isaac, 170 Southern Boulevard.
Suter, Charles, 401 E. 134th St.
Schulenberg, Ernest, 171 Southern Boulevard.
Raleigh, Thomas, 213 Alexander Av.
Brunnin, James I., 445 E. 141st St.
Pearson, Ernest, 414 E. 136th St.
Orico, Alfonso, 184 Lincoln Av.
Pesserino, Pasquale, 113 St. Ann's Av.
Averman, Meyer, 100 Brook Av.
Gibb, Augustus, 170 E. 135th St.
Orr, John, 401 E. 138th St.
Dolan, Patrick, 300 E. 134th St.
Sendent, Michael, 188 Lincoln Av.
Sweeney, Edward, 57 Southern Boulevard.
Jerome, John, 158 St. Ann's Av.
Murphy, Timothy G., 402 E. 134th St.
Bright, Louis E., 955 E. 134th St.
Friedrichsan, Charles S., 606 E. 136th St.
Reyes, Angel, N. Y. U. R. & E. Trans-fer.

DISTRICT NO. 5.
1,058 East 163d Street.
QUOTA, 268. ENROLLED, 259.

MEN ENROLLED YESTERDAY.

Antobiris, Max, 970 E. 165d St.
Horowitz, Arthur, 815 Kelly St.
Weinstein, Morris, 260 Fox St.
Wrenitz, Abraham, 211 Southern Boulevard.
Smith, Max, 1,044 Southern Boulevard.
Schiffer, Oscar, 1,044 Southern Boulevard.
Schiffer, Isidor, 806 Simpson St.
Schiffer, Harry, 942 Tiffany Pl.
Schiffer, Alexander, 942 Tiffany Pl.
Feuer, Edward, 1,025 Rue Av.
Rabinein, Harry, West 168th St.
Cohen, Isidore, 972 Simpson St.

DISTRICT NO. 11.
165th Street and Tinton Avenue.
QUOTA, 203. ENROLLED, 203.

MEN ENROLLED YESTERDAY.

Bricki, Michael, 871 Tinton Av.
Trickle, Peter, 785 East 164th St.
Ryan, Alfred, 1,000 Kelly St.
Hoffman, Joseph, 1,044 Hall Place.
Sterling, George, 1,044 Hall Place.
Richards, Lincoln, 970 Union Av.
Hoyer, Joseph, 970 Union Av.
Hoyer, Joseph, 801 Tiffany St.
Gutman, Sidney, 941 Tiffany St.
Greenwald, Henry, 941 Tiffany St.
Hall, Henry, 941 Union Av.
Hall, Charles, 800 East 163d St.
Hall, Samuel, 938 Forest Av.
Keating, Maurice, 917 E. 166th St.
Keating, Maurice, 917 E. 166th St.
Keating, Michael, 917 E. 166th St.
Peter, Stebbing, 1,044 Kelly St.
Gaetano, Lanteri, 865 E. 165th St.
Borrello, Benjamin, 945 E. 165th St.
Nicholas, Davis, 1,044 Tiffany Av.
Fraites, James, 941 Simpson St.
Robert, 816 E. 166th St.
Ralph, Louis, 1,009 Intervale Av.
Ralph, Bernard, 1,009 Intervale Av.
Ralph, Samuel, 1,009 Intervale Av.
Ralph, Joseph, 1,009 Intervale Av.
Aaron, 1,044 Kelly St.
Sarah, Bernard, 1,044 Jackson Av.
Morris, 1,044 Jackson Av.
Morris, 1,044 Union Av.
Jacob, 1,044 Union Av.
Herman, 804 Union Av.
Louis, 1,044 Prospect Av.
Joseph, 1,044 Union Av.
Herman, 937 Union Av.
Nathan, 780 E. 161st St.
Joseph, 1,000 Forest Av.
Morris, 1,000 Prospect Av.
Abraham, 1,000 E. 166th St.
Abraham, 1,000 E. 166th St.
Deutschman, Abraham, 940 E. 163d St.
Deutschman, Herman, 940 Fairmount Pl.
Cassidy, James H., 1,000 Prospect Av.
Kushner, Max, 821 E. 163d St.
Kushner, Max, 1,000 Union Av.
Kushner, Max, 1,000 Union Av.
Kelly, Joseph, 1,044 Kelly St.
Kelly, Joseph, 801 Tiffany St.
Williams, Otis, 1,044 Tiffany St.
Williams, Otis, 1,044 Prospect Av.
Williams, Otis, 1,044 Prospect Av.
Greenwald, Max, 816 E. 163d St.
Greenwald, Max, 1,044 Union Av.
Greenwald, Max, 1,044 Union Av.
Greenwald, Max, 1,044 Union Av

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

APPAREL. — Highest cash prices paid for jobs ladies' wearing apparel; quantity no object. Gruber, 448 Broadway. Canal 8070.

APPAREL.—Highest cash paid for high-grade dresses, coats, suits, waists. Sommer, 8 Lispenard St. Telephone 2412 Franklin.

BROADCLOTH—F. & H. and botany, all colors; $2.17½ net; also U. S. velours and Gilbert's serge 52/90. Madison Square 7428.

BROADCLOTH, Botany, or F. and H.; will exchange all shades for taupe and Japan blue. Farr, 2808.

BROADCLOTH.—Will exchange botany green for brown and navy. Haft, 104 West 27th.

BROADCLOTH.—Tan, Copen, and golf red at price. Room 005, 1,150 Broadway.

BROADCLOTH, Burgundy. I. Novick, 40 West 28th St.; Farragut 5140.

CHEVIOT.—Hug Fingler 24 range, Newheuse 114 range, or any single width coating in brown, blue, and green. Chelsea 2763. Ask for Mr. Rose.

CHINCHILLAS.—Open for navy, brown, gray. Greenberg, 114 East 23d.

COATS.—Jobber placing orders on snappy cloth coats. Call with samples. 19 W. 20th St., 4th floor.

COATS.—Jobber placing stock orders on the better grade in cloths. 1st floor, 15 West 20th St.

COATS.—Placing orders on better class. 1st floor, 32 West 27th.

CREPE.—All wool, all colors, spot cash. Phone Farragut 4068.

DRESSES.—Contractors can show samples velvet, silk, and serge street dresses of the better grades; daily 9 to 12; stock orders given. Wiener, 53 West 30th St.

DRESSES.—Contractors wanted on ladies' serge and satin dresses; bring own samples; large orders placed. 22 West 20th St., fourth floor.

DRESSES.—Job of suits, shirtwaists, and dresses wanted. Call, with samples, before 10:30, 110 West 32d St., Room 1611.

DRESSES.—Large jobbers placing stock orders on party dresses; samples daily. Wiener, 53 West 30th St.

DRESSES.—Contractors on silk and cloth dresses; bring samples. Room 803, 450 4th Av.

DRESSES.—Jobbers placing orders on silk and serges. Spirl & Kutner, 1,205 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Will pay spot cash for jobs on Fall dresses. Spirl & Kutner, 1,205 Broadway.

DRESSES, COATS AND SUITS.—Open for jobs, spot cash. Handels, 316 6th Av.

FRENCH SERGE.—Will buy French serge Jullards, 54221 and 54280 or any other 54-inch quality. Colors: Navy, black, plum, brown, green. Telephone Farragut 4060.

GABARDINES.—Open for quantity Stevens 3971, Spring 270.

GINGHAM.—Renfrew plaid; quantity no object; also green chambray; will pay cash. S. Rogenman & Co., 18 West 21st St.

LACE EDGING.—Will pay cash for silk lace edging, white, cream, ½-inch wide. Address B. S., 271 Times Downtown.

MERCHANDISE.—Always buying jobs in merchandise for the retail dry goods trade; large or small lots; cash paid before delivery. Cash Buying System, 401 Broadway.

MIXTURES, Stevens; we pay cash for Stevens mixtures No. 2791, in all colors. Schwartz Bros., 150 West 22d St.

OXFORD SUITINGS.—Submit samples and quote best cash price. G 140 Times.

SERGE.—Poiret twill gray, tan, at price for cash. Tel. Orchard 4220.

SILVERTON.—Navy, dark brown; 25 pieces; Holden, Leonard & Co. Blomberg, 38 East 30th.

SILVERTONE, Pekin, navy, beetroot; will pay cash. Greeley 5053.

VELOURS. — Heavyweight Burgundy and taupe. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st St.

VELOURS.—Open for burgundy, taupe, plum, heavyweight. Phone East N. Y. 537.

VELVET.—Jobs and remnants of velvet, light colors and white. V 66 Times.

VELVETS and velveteens, black; can use quantity the low grades if cheap. G 151 Times.

WOOL PLUSH.—Chase's or Stroock's green; also 09057 burgundy. Haft, 104 West 27th.

Offerings to Buyers

BATHROBES.—Children's, ladies', large assortment; reasonable prices. Subin, 36 West 20 h St.

BROADCLOTH.—Manufacturer closes out imported broadcloth, best quality tan, navy, serge; remnants broadcloth, serge, poplins; low price. Orchard 2749.

BROADCLOTH—Botany 315, black, navy, and brown; also black and navy mannish serge. Phone 3824 Madison Square.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany or F. & H.; will exchange all shades for taupe and Japan blue. Farragut 2368.

BROADCLOTH—All shades, including Pekin and taupe; $2.15 net. Murray Hill 2442.

BROADCLOTH.—Parker Wilders H90, all colors; reasonable. Chelsea 9865.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany in all shades. Madison Square 5344.

BURELLAS.—09057, 5758 botany broadcloth, American poplins; right prices. Tel. Chelsea 9023.

BURELLAS.—American, all shades, opening price; also wool Jersey. Far. 2840.

CHARMEUSE, satin duchesse, crepe de chine, for immediate delivery. Sigmund Heyman, 257 4th Av. Phone Gramercy 1240.

CHIFFON VELVETS.—$2.50 and up. Heinsheimer Bros., 621 Broadway.

CLOTH—American Pom Pom, A. B. Juillard, 90610-8 4-8 B Oxford; 6717 Zibeline, Rothstein & Nelson, Farragut 4717.

COATS.—We are working full speed on five exceptionally good sellers in broadcloth and plush coats; they sell on sight. I. Novick, 40 West 28th.

COATS.—Big line corduroy, cashmere, Bedford coats, white only; jobbing trade. United Infants Wear Co., 462 Broadway. Spring 8719.

COATS—1,000 plush and broadcloth coats to close out; reasonable prices. Ulin Brothers, 55 East 11th St., Phone Stuyvesant 3046.

COATS.—See our stouts, auto and street wear coats. Dunn, 127 West 25th.

COATS.—Plush and cloth, latest models, at low prices. Call and convince yourself. Joe Kronstoff, 30 West 20th.

COATS, SUITS.—Exceptional line; wonderful values; see our specials. Talbot, 114 West 27th.

COATS.—Children's and ladies' coats, to close out. Reikes & Jantman, 13 West 20th St.

COATS—Jobs children's plush and cloth coats; half price. Schwartz, 31 West 19th.

COATS, SUITS.—Our best styles; immediate delivery. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d.

COMBS.—Horn, celluloid, and rubber. Henry Isaacs, 114 East 16th. Stuyvesant 4945.

CREPE DE CHINE.—200 pieces Stewart No. 2380, in white and plush. Well & Well, 36 East 31st.

CREPE METEORS, crepe de chines, and washable satins, all colors, immediate delivery. J. L. Sachs, 315 4th Av. Gramercy 3445-5.

CREPE METEOR.—40 pieces, best shades, "Gerlis," No. 271, $1.25. Tel. Orchard 4220.

COTTON, absorbent, for sanitary napkins, pads, upholstering, stuffing. Box 516, Amsterdam, N. Y.

COVERTS.—Pom-poms, light-weight velours and plushes. 4284 Farragut.

DRESSES and Silk Skirts.—Big bargains in satins, taffetas, and poplins, from $2.50 up; immediate delivery and all latest Fall models. Milton Skirt Co., Inc., 450 4th Av. Madison Square 3876.

DRESSES.—Serges, satins, and crepe meteors, $8.50 to $18.50; stocks for immediate delivery; special assortment of large sizes always on hand. Princess, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Popular price; serge and silk dresses for immediate delivery. Phil Mark & Co., 71 West 23d.

DRESSES.—Silks and serges, fine styles, wonderful values, $6.25 up. Room 1106, 44 East 23d St.

DRESSES.—Wool Jersey, serges and silks for immediate delivery. Glockner, 40 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Silks and serges, for immediate delivery. Franco-American, 50 West 22d.

DRESSES, $3.75, assorted wool and serge; fine styles. Queen Costume, 149 West 36th.

DRESSES, 100 serge and satin, to close, cheap. Nivel, 151 West 36th.

DRESSES—Job silk and serge, to close out. Lepanto, 22 West 26th.

FRENCH SERGES.—36, 41, 47, 50, and 54 inch French and storm serges, all colors. A. Agress & Son, 27 West 26th.

FUR.—Sidney Blumenthal's 3-inch strips Hudson seal and Salts nutria for sale. Farragut 292.

GABARDINE.—Garfield 4066, Tricotine 4718, Botany Tricotine 8889, in all colors. Essay Commercial Co., 20 West 33d St. Madison Square 6875.

GEORGETTES, meteors, wash satins, duchess, all grades, colors; immediate delivery. Marks & Sonner, 354 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 0980.

HABUTAI—For sale, 11 Mms. selected; immediate delivery. Phone 0871 Madison Sq.

HANDKERCHIEFS.—(Stock:) Belfast goods. Room 1011, 349 Broadway. Phone 1039 Franklin.

HOSIERY.—Have large quantity hosiery, underwear, overshirts, notions, &c., for export. Henry Isaacs, 114 East 16th. Stuyvesant 4945.

JERSEYS.—All worsteds for immediate delivery. Phone Gramercy 5078.

KNIT GOODS—Hosiery and underwear, ladies', children's, infants' and men's, below market. J 228 Times Downtown.

KNIT GOODS.—Cash clearance knit goods and sweater samples. ABA, 38 West 32d.

LACES.—All overs, Venices, medallions, &c., close out at price. Phone Farragut 9720.

MATALAMB.—H. & H., 14 pieces, Farragut 3678.

MIXTURES.—Fisher, Kennedy, style 3400, 400, all shades, opening price. Spring 0278.

NET.—150 pieces white 21 whole $.35; 50 pieces chiffon, silk, light blue, pink and maize at 42½ cents. I. B. Skudowitz & Bro., 129 West 26th St.

PLUSH peco salts, velour du nord. Mad. Sq. 3121.

POIRET TWILL.—Five pieces Forstmann-Huffmann Poiret twill cloth, black, at $1.07½ net cash. J. Cohn & Co., 1,210 Race St., Philadelphia, Penn.

POMPOM.—Brown only, off price; also American 09057, all colors, opening price. Gram. 2517.

RAINCOATS, Raincapes; large stock on hand, close out cheap. Schwartz, 31 West 19th.

SERGES.—Half wool wine, granite, to close at low price. Spring 2830.

SERGE.—Botany French serge 11433, all shades. Simon, 44 East 32d.

SERGE.—Pacific's or Whitman's; large quantity. S. Rosenman, 18 West 21st.

SERGES.—French serges, all popular makes, at low prices. Chelsea 9807.

SILKS—Black taffeta, $1.00, any quantity; Eagle 684 crepe de chine, $1.15. Cordwain Mills, 30 E. 21st St.

SILK NETS.—72-inch, all colors; immediate delivery. Herbert B. Lederer Co., 135 5th Av. Gramercy 4190.

SKIRTS—All wool, French serge, poplin, silk, $5.25; better kind; close out. Pan-American Skirt Co., 5 West 31st.

SKIRTS.—Job of serges, close out for low price; cash only. 04-90 Canal St. Cohen Bros., top floor.

SKIRTS.—Wool and fancy cloth skirts to close, $12 dozen. Ford, 151 West 36th.

SKIRTS, silk, fancy and plain silk, $2.50 up. Queen Costume, 149 West 36th.

SNAP FASTENERS, finest quality only; carded or bulk; for export or dealers. Bethlehem Snap Fastener Co., inc., 1,013 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 1807 Williamsburg.

SNAP FASTENERS, (spring,) $2.75 gr. gr. carded. Reinhard, 32 Union Square. Stuyvesant 1606.

STOLES and capes in plushes and moleskins, fur effects; we are headquarters for same. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

SUITS.—F. & H.'s broadcloth suit for $18.75; cannot be beaten; special for two weeks only; don't fail to see it. Hirschorn Bros., 12 West 27th.

SUITS.—American burellas, peau de cygne lined, $10.90. Irving Cloaks, 1,328 Broadway.

SUITS.—Pleated burella, all colors, $9. Exceptional big, 127 West 47th.

SUITS to close out reasonable. Kessler & Gottheil, 10 East 23d.

TAFFETAS.—Felgram and Meyer fancy taffeta for sale; very cheap price. Farragut 4820.

TAFFETAS, crepe de chine, georgette meteors. Altman & Tynan, 257 4th Av. Gram. 1240.

VELOURS.—Coating weight, navy, taupe, Burgundy, $1.90 to $2. Myer Gans Co., 151 West 26th St.

VELOUR.—Garfield's 5060 navy, taupe, brown, and green, 11th floor, 34 West 20th.

VELOURS.—13002, 0359, 13046, 13015, 11050, 15020, assorted colors. Mad. Sq. 3121.

VELOUR.—American Woolen Co. K544 and 110.0. Madison Square 5344.

VELVETEEN and narrow wale corduroy, 36-inch wide, all colors; immediate delivery. B. C. Miller & Bro., 95 Bleecker st. Spring 5909.

VELVETEENS.—Imported, all widths and all colors, worrall dye; immediate delivery. J. L. Sachs, 3445 Gramercy.

VELVETEEN.—Twill back velveteen for sale, 24 inches wide, all colors; special low price Farragut 4820.

VELVETEEN. — Shorts in plain and twill backs; assortment of all colors. Madison Square 9760.

VELVETEENS and Velvets, extra fine quality, cheap; also astrachans. Farragut 9811.

VELVETEENS.—Black; will close out at sacrifice. S. Simon, 137 West 27th.

WAISTS.—Georgette, regular colors and styles, $3; original prices $3.75. 544 Broadway, first floor.

YARNS, woolen knitting, for Army, Navy, Red Cross, church aid societies, dealers, desirable qualities. Box 516, Amsterdam, N. Y.

YARNS.—Woolen knitting, for army, navy, Red Cross. Box 516, Amsterdam, N. Y.

Help Wanted.

SALESMEN for all territory except Ohio; splendid small line of popular-priced petti coats; quick sellers only; 10% commission; unusual side line opportunities. M 82 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted for reliable skirt house for Southern States; side line commission. United Skirt, 12 West 21st.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..5 5/16% per cent. for the best names.
Monday....5¼ " " " " "

The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Little Activity in Worsteds.

Worsted houses report buying in men's wear for the spring trade to have been unusually light this year. Some instances are reported of buyers placing orders for only 50 per cent. of their normal requirements. However, it is felt throughout the trade that in all such cases further buying will result in a second trip to the local market, and that when the season has finally ended it will not prove as bad a one as present figures would now indicate. The extremely light-weight "tropical" materials of around 5½ ounces have been in greater demand, comparatively, this year than ever before. The whole trend of the trade throughout the country is reported to be toward the lighter-weight fabrics.

***

Weather Helps Coal Demand.

The Coal Trade Journal will say today that two or three days of chilly weather, while not causing much actual increase in coal consumption, have served to focus public attention on the question of anthracite supplies. Retail offices report a marked increase in the number of new orders, and they are also receiving many urgent requests for prompt delivery on orders previously placed. The situation is becoming increasingly difficult for consumers of bituminous coal, for not only are those without contracts unable to cover their requirements in the open market, but in a great many cases contract buyers are beginning to run short of fuel because of the failure of shipments to arrive according to schedule.

***

He Reinstated the Order.

"As an example of the way retailers are buying suits this season," said a local suit manufacturer, "one of my out-of-town customers came in the other day to look over the Fall offerings. He hemmed and hawed and, finally, after prolonged deliberation placed a small order for about $600 worth of goods. He went home the next day, and the day after that I got a letter from him asking me to cancel the order. That was a week ago. Here is a letter I got from him this morning. He wants me not only to reinstate his order, but to include certain other items with it, bringing the bill up to about $800. His case is similar to many others. They get back home and see that there is business to be done, and that if they don't do it somebody else will."

***

Crude Rubber Prices Firmer.

Prices in the local crude rubber market have taken on a generally firmer tone in the last several days, due in part at least to a greater show of interest on the part of buyers. One of the features has been the increased inquiry by tire makers about upper Caucho ball, on which some nice business is told of at 42 cents a pound. While the other grades of Brazilians appear not to be so active, yesterday's quotation on up-river fine was 68½@69 cents, and the price asked for up-river coarse was 48½ cents. For shipment from now to the end of the year, first latex was held yesterday at 68½ cents, with smoked sheets, for the same positions, at 67½ cents. Both grades are available for shipment through the first half of 1918 at a half cent a pound higher than the figures quoted for the remaining months of this year.

***

Sustained Buying in Coats.

Local manufacturers of coats for women report that the strong buying movement which has been making itself felt throughout the trade displays no signs of letting up for some time to come. Buyers in town, who are accustomed to looking far ahead into the future and to act accordingly, are said to be placing large orders for the Fall trade wherever they find a house that can promise delivery. A number of manufacturers are offering some pleasing new designs which are proving very popular with buyers. All signs are said to point to an unusually good season

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Deliveries Will Be Retarded.

Some of the fruits of the recent discount squabble between the manufacturers of women's ready-to-wear garments and the jobbing trade are likely to come in the shape of delayed deliveries as a result of the approaching Jewish holidays. Monday of next week, for instance, is the celebration of the New Year, and the shops will be closed. In some cases it is expected that a full complement of workers will not be available on Tuesday, as both days are regarded as holidays by many of them. Wednesday, Sept. 26, is Yom Kippur, when work will stop again. It is said that the results of the interruptions will be felt most by buyers of coats and dresses, as the curtailed buying of suits has enabled the shops to keep deliveries pretty well up to date.

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Men's Overcoats Fur Trimmed.

Makers of clothes for men report a return to popularity of the full "burly" overcoat with the raglan shoulders for Fall and Winter wear. In suits it is said the double-breasted coat is gaining in favor and in many cases a detachable belt is added, which may be used or not according to the whim of the wearer. Fur-lined and fur-trimmed great coats, which, it is predicted, will predominate, are being made up this year in rich grays and browns instead of the conventional black, which is said to be almost disappearing. The skins most used are beaver and Hudson seal. Prices in all cases are considerably higher than last year's, but nevertheless wholesalers report their lines as practically sold out, and that retailers who are backward in placing their Fall requirements are likely to find it difficult very soon to get merchandise.

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Hardware Trade Rather Quiet.

The hardware trade, according to a number of local manufacturers, is going through a period of fair demand in some lines, while in others, noticeably in builders' hardware, there is a very marked lack of any buying activity. With prices advanced anywhere from 50 to 100 per cent., a buyer whose purchasing power, for instance, is $10,000 must necessarily reduce his purchases to come within his limit. In many cases, it is said, the retailer is displaying a tendency not only to curtail his stock, but to reduce the variety of his merchandise. He keeps more to staples, and in ordering things only of his immediate requirements, anticipating that with Government regulation of metal prices now pending prices can certainly go no higher and that very soon they should be lower.

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Says Women Will Wear Boots.

"Practically every woman of the better classes has a relative or friend who is an officer," a well-known shoe man said yesterday, "and I believe that the natty effect produced by the puttees and boots of these men will encourage many women to wear similar ones this Fall. War has brought out many unusual style tendencies, so I do not think I am altogether rash in saying this. The short skirts of the moment ought to help the vogue, once it is begun, and the value of natty boots or puttees in wet weather is not lightly to be regarded. Tan cordovan leather puttees easily can be made in women's sizes, though they will come high in price. The same is true of boots. A twelve-inch boot for women, for instance, will retail for about $40 a pair. These boots are about three inches shorter than the regulation riding boot for women."

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Gray Goods Inquiry Broadens.

While buyers did not pay any too much attention to drills and sheetings in the local gray goods market yesterday, there was a broader inquiry for printcloths than the market has seen since late June. Large quantities of the following goods were wanted, at the prices given, for delivery during the rest of this year: Thirty-nine-inch 68-72s, 10½ cents; 38½-inch 64-60s, 9 cents; 64-56s, 8¾ cents, and 60-48s, 8 cents. Some business was done on all of these goods from first hands at the prices given, though the rise in cotton and the size of the inquiries tended to stiffen the market somewhat. In more than one-quarter the belief is expressed that bottom has been touched on printcloths for the time being, and that some active trading is at hand. Mill prices at the close were:

39-inch, 80-80s	13½c	8¼-inch, 64-60s	9c
39-inch, 72-72s	12½c	8¼-inch, 64-56s	8½c
39-inch, 68-72s	10½c	8½-inch, 60-52s	8½c
39-inch, 64-64s	9½c	8¼-inch, 60-48s	8c
38½-inch, 64-64s	9½c	27-inch, 64-60s	*7c

*Asked.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

M. F. O'NEILL, INC., CORP.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against M. F. O'Neill, Inc., Corp., dealer in lumber at 327 Walton Avenue, by the following creditors: J. C. Turner Lumber Co., $1,900, and M. H. Schwartz, $2,400. The liabilities are said to be about $30,000 and the assets about $6,000. Judge Mayer has appointed B. W. B. Brown receiver in $2,000 bond.

BIJOU DOLL CO., INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Bijou Doll Co., Inc., manufacturer of dolls at 41 and 43 Greene St., by the following creditors: Henry J. Satran, $801; Selig Brimberg, $252, and the American Binding Co., $18. Liabilities are said to be $7,000 and assets $1,500. Judge Mayer has appointed E. A. Johnson receiver in $1,000 bond.

CHARLES J. EISENHAUER, known also in business as F. Ziegler & Co. and Eisenhauer Bros., formerly manufacturer of ice cream, &c., at 24 Washington Av., Yonkers, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy here with liabilities of $2,220 and assets of $3,781.

WILLIAM HIRSCH.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against William Hirsch, retail clothier at 121 Stanton St., by M. Simon, $200; M. Rosenstein, $200, and James C. Hogan, $200.

BOSTON NATIONAL GRAND OPERA COMPANY, INC., has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $122,380 and no assets. Among the larger creditors are Musical Art Association, $29,000; Giovanni Zenatello and Maria Gay, $15,215; Riccardo Martin, $6,025; Maggie Teyte, $5,050, and George Baklanoff, $5,666.

BENEDETTO, CLARK & NUGENT, INC., contractors, 423 East 115th Street, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $21,070 and assets of $15,750. Among the largest creditors are Crane Company, $2,000; Peck Lumber Manufacturing Company, $954; Russell & Irwin, $1,100, and Baker Screen Company, $1,000.

JACOB M. GLSHANSKY, 142 Essex Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $28,876 and assets of $4,850.

F. WESTPFAL COMPANY, INC., cutlery, 56 Warren Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $10,152 and assets of $8,371.

B. & L. BAKERY AND LUNCH ROOM, INC.—Schedules in the assignment of the B. & L. Bakery and Lunch Room, Inc., 827 Broadway, show liabilities of $5,040; nominal assets, $4,835, and actual asse's, $4,000.

ARNOLD A. GREENFIELD.—Judge Mayer has appointed Simon Sutta, receiver for Arnold A. Greenfield, manufacturer of furs at 27 West Twenty-fourth Street, in $500 bond. Assets said to be $800 and liabilities $4,000.

U. S. LADIES' TAILORS AND IMPORTERS, INC.—Judge Mayer has appointed Clifford G. Ludvigh receiver for the U. S. Ladies' Tailors and Importers, Inc., at 898 Fifth Avenue, in $1,000 bond.

BESSIE LOWRY, dealer in bed springs, metal furniture, &c., at 154 Essex Street, has assigned to Irwin J. Sikawitt.

EDWARD J. GILLIGAN, hotel manager, of Glenwood Landing, L. I., has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities, $33,370; assets, $100.

JOHN JACOBSON, a painter, 793 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities, $1,098; assets, $1,030.

MAX NEMIROWSKY, a novelty maker, 401 Barbey Street, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities, $771; assets, $236.

PH. FELDMAN & SON.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Ph. Feldman & Son, 1,158 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, by the following creditors: Schwarz & Cohn, $842; The Hart-Coley Company, $670; The Graff Furnace Company, $896; Strober Brothers, $62.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

TAMPA, Fla., Sept. 11.—The People's National Bank of Orlando is offering creditors of K. Kanner, dry goods store, 25 per cent. The bank has a mortgage on all fixtures, and the action follows the consideration of bankruptcy proceedings, which the largest local creditors deem unwise. Among the New York creditors are the Queen Petticoat Manufacturing Company, the Kennet Fixtures Company, and Weingarten Brothers. The most recent report furnished a commercial agency was in March, when assets were listed at $7,119 and liabilities at $3,785. No other estimates on assets are available, but it is thought the liabilities have at least doubled.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 11.—Anna C. Allen, dealer in women's wearing apparel, 224 Orange Street, New Haven, filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States District Court in this city today, showing liabilities of $17,078, of which $9,581 are unsecured. Assets are listed at $4,221, including stock in trade $2,800, and book accounts, $965. Liability on notes amounts to $7,450. Largest unsecured creditors are Goldman Costume Company, New York, $1,293; M. Block & Co., New York, $635.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 11. — Koerner-Marsh Shoe Company has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities, $17,014; assets, $15,122; unsecured liabilities, $13,780.

Albert C. Guetzkow, contractor. Liabilities, $10,121; assets, $6,130, of which $3,065 is exempt.

Special to The New York Times.

ARCADIA, Fla., Sept. 11.—Allan Parker, local dry goods merchant, has sent a voluntary bankruptcy petition to the Federal Clerk at Tampa for filing. The petition lists the assets at $1,500, with liabilities totaling $6,300. C. B. Rouse of New York is the largest creditor and is unsecured. The bankrupt claims no exemption, but it is believed that the mortgage of a local bank covers the largest part of the assets.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts $100 and over.

Aelter, Charles and Marie T.—H. J. Kestler..... $114.38
Adamson, Paul R.—City of New York..107.85
Burns, George B.—Crew Levick Co..1,017.83
Barber, Frank, (Scully-Walton Private Auto Service)—Union Pacific Co.....421.41
Bengoi Trading Co., Inc.—L. N. Farnum.....24,249.30
Blumenthal Wood Stock Co.—W. Salmon.....454.22
Clifford Devereaux, Inc., and Knight Studios, Inc.—A. M. Grean.....338.92
Culver Building Corporation, Nathan Roinick and Leo Mallinger (Liberty Chandelier Co.)—G. J. Gludici.....173.95
Cunningham, William J.—Richard E. Thibaut, Inc.....176.85
Chino del Norte Cooper Co.—F. G. Dodd.....1,445.58
Dentists' Laboratories—Walters & Mahon, Inc.....472.04
De Laisne, Albert—E. Kerling.....261.30
Dwyer, James S.—Tenent, Inc.....124.72
Deery, Arthur—C. N. Comerford.....1,424.37
Collin, Wm. W.—J. W. Mayer.....5,657.32
Cohen, Benj., and Philip Mandelbaum—C. M. Barbery.....2,317.70
Cohen, Benj.—Shaw.....250.00
Dirkes, August H.—F. P. Long.....275.66
Einbinder, Samuel—H. Heidelberg.....286.68
Frank, Harold A.—L. M. Ganter.....136.71
Fallon, Wm. F., treas.—O. R. Brande.106.15
Davis, Albertus W.—John Wanamaker, N. Y.....379.53
Grape Ola Corp.—Commercial Advertising Ass'n.....1,447.42
Guryan, Isidor—M. Gerbarsky.....226.84
Hazelton, Herb. H. and Wm. R.—First Nat. Bank of Fort Lee, N. J.....2,077.62
Holzapfel, Joseph, Moritz Weisberger, and Jacob Herskovitz—L. Welt.....169.47
Hoste, Georgine, and Benj. Green—People of the State of N. Y.....300.00
Iroquois Engineering Co.—Cline Electric Mfg. Co.....1,316.71
Ketchledge, George W.—R. Williston et al.....112.20
Keck, Carl H.—C. P. Miller.....2,414.81
Klemann, George F.—A. Adler.....2,064.22
Kessler, Max, and Leo Kohn—Ciner Mfg. Co., Inc.....191.94
Mahlig, Julius—E. E. Brill.....2,986.61
Murano, Frank—Morris & Co.....187.77
Mandeville, Ida H.—Oliver M. Farrand Co.....501.00
Progressive Lunch, Inc.—E. K. Loeb et al., ex'rs.....369.36
Prince, Sadie—M. Waiser et al.....175.22
Price, Jacob B., Louis Tulcin, Harry Tulcin, and Price Bros.—J. Asch.....215.62
Rudolf Gersman, Inc.—L. Schwartz.....100.16
Reikes, Max, and Isaac Hartman—M. Edelstein.....488.72
Russo, Teresa—Interborough R. T. Co., costs.....110.80
Reich, Lorenz—A. S. Cochran.....109.00
Rouland, Fred'k—M. H. Watts.....162.16
Sachter, Max and Tiny—H. Baron.....236.29
Silverman, Hannel—S. Sachs Co.....162.03
Smith, Russell—H. Aranow.....113.41
Schreiber, Hyman L.—A. Gunnen.....705.41
Sterling Pen Co.—K. Kraus.....112.41
Tollman, Charles P.—Cromwell Mfg. Co.....118.49
Tully, Michael J., and Nellie F. Tully and Michael J. Tully and James F. Meehan, as executors—H. J. Robertson.....552.51
Verdin, John M.—Beaton & Cadwell Mfg. Co.....813.44
Wieningmann Construction Co.—W. F. McLaughlin, receiver.....35,882.10
White, Anna M.—Contopoulo Bros., Inc.585.92

In Bronx County.

Breslin, James Thomas—Holly Crest Realty Co.....$59.41
Cantor, Samuel—S. W. Siegel.....35.72
Fidiger, Louis—D. Stetten.....59.16
Fitzgerald, Archer W. — Westchester Lighting Co.....59.68
Foody, James J.—H. S. Sisson.....1,820.25
McGowan, Davis—Hollywood Co.....887.08
Staudter, Leo—V. Loewers' Gambrinus Brewery.....769.82
Schilke, Lena—H. B. Pye & Co., Inc...196.46
Tomberg Morris—S. Kraus & Bro., Inc.533.72
Willmarth, Robert T. — V. Loewers' Gambrinus Brewery Co.....628.24
Zimmerman, Adam—A. Zimmerman....607.15

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Blumstein, Morris—W. Bregman, Dec. 21, 1916.....$602.53
Certified Products Co.—Dodge & Olcott Co., Aug. 20, 1917.....207.69
Hawley, William B.—Western Blank Book Co., Nov. 17, 1910.....135.84
Krzyzewski, Alexander—Max Stiner & Co., July 27, 1917.....200.77
Skinner, Lizzie C. and Charles—M. E. Hastings, May 10, 1911.....1,303.43
Tiffany Film Corporation and Joseph W. Engel—Otis Lithograph Co., May 17, 1917.....664.18
Rosenthal, Edward J., and Joseph Imerman, March 6, 1903.....270.81

In Bronx County.

R. G. Realty Corporation—M. Mayer, May 15, 1914.....$178.41

¶ Knowledge, based on many years' Experience in Commercial Banking, together with the desire to Serve promptly and faithfully, are distinguishing features of this Organization.

¶ An Inquiry incurs no obligation.

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BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of KENNEDY, MITCHELL & CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Sept. 12, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 35 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, comprising desks, chairs, typewriters, filing cabinets, safes, &c. WILLIAM H. GRIFFIN, Receiver, 52 William St.

M. B. & D. W. BLUMENTHAL, Attorneys for Receiver, 35 Nassau St., New York.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AARON—A. Polaks & Co.; H. Polaks, ready-to-wear; 301 4th Av.

AKRON, Ohio—W. A. Armstrong; C. H. Yeager, waite goods, linens, domestics; Waldorf-Astoria.

ALBANY, N. Y.—S. Sparburg; H. M. Sparburg, millinery; 921 Broadway.

ALBANY, N. Y.—John G. Myers Co.; W. Harris, silks; W. A. Findlay, coats, suits, waists; 220 5th Av.

ALBANY, N. Y.—Babbitt & Co.; G. D. Babbitt, J. H. Babbitt, clothing; Cullingwood.

ALLENTOWN, Penn.—H. Leh & Co.; Miss B. Hoover, infants' wear; Breslin.

ALLENTOWN, Penn.—Hess Bros.; Miss Butz, jewelry; Mr. Hartle, general mdse.; 41 Union Square.

ATLANTA—National Straw Works; A. Kaufman, straws, braids; 921 B'way.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; G. Freundlich, jewelry; 854 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—H. Sonneborn & Co.; B. Mahover, A. S. Roben, sweaters; 2 E. 23d.

BALTIMORE—M. M. Bernstein & Co.; M. M. Bernstein, piece goods; Hermitage.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; E. Thiele, boys' clothing; F. Robinson, notions; H. Turner, furn. goods; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—A. A. Brager; Miss N. Williams, jewelry, leather goods; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Cohn, Coblens & Co.; Miss L. Lieberman, ladies' cloaks, misses', children's, juniors', coats, dresses; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Boldenberg Bros.; O. Sedberry, dress goods; New Strand.

BALTIMORE—Carmel & Goodman; S. Goodman, middy suits; 1,182 Broadway; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss M. H. Schofield, laces, neckwear; 2 West 37th.

BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; J. E. Berk, children's coats; 470 4th Av.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich.—Specialty Store; J. Seamon, notions; Breslin.

BINGHAMPTON—Sisson Bros. & Welden Co.; Miss R. Van Denberg, muslin underwear; Breslin.

BINGHAMTON—Fowler, Dick & Walker; Miss M. Wheeler, jewelry; 212 5th Av.

BOSTON—C. F. Hovey & Co.; Miss H. Foley, misses' coats, dresses; 240 Church.

BOSTON—Shepard, Norwell & Co.; W. E. Hebbard, boys' clothing; 220 5th Av.; Breslin.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; E. W. Dempsey, Miss Peterson, Miss Altmons, gloves, ribbons; 404 4th Av.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; E. I. Lahty, lace goods; Miss Woodman, umbrellas, parasols; Miss G. D. Hurlbise, tailored suits, basement; Miss C. Maddock, millinery; Miss A. Chaloux, corsets; D. Robillard, boys' clothing, basement; Mrs. M. Blackden, hair goods; Miss Burns, worsteds, art embroideries; Miss Hitchcock, men's clothing; Miss J. Rowell, corsets; Mr. Crowley, representing; Miss D. E. Feely, misses' waists; R. A. Southworth, pictures; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—R. H. Stearns & Co.; W. E. Wood, neckwear, millinery, leather goods; Mrs. J. B. Knox, millinery; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—Farley-Harvey Co.; F. A. Tucker, linens; G. J. Quinn, silks; 103 Franklin.

BOSTON—Wm. A. Rooks Co.; Mr. McCabe, linens, domestics; Mr. McCahey, rugs, linoleums; Mr. Graham, upholstery goods; Mr. Siegel, general merchandise; Miss King, gloves; Miss O'Connor, jewelry, leather goods. Mr. Taffee, handkerchiefs; Miss Rosenberg, neckwear; Mr. Hirsch, mdse. mgr., ready-to-wear; Miss Hearn, misses', juniors' cloaks and suits; Miss Chevestelier, waists; Mrs. Strickler, infants' wear; Prince George.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Miss F. A. Hahn, waists, sweaters; Miss C. Townes, hdkfs.; 404 4th Av.

BOSTON—William Filene's Sons Co.; Miss

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Foreign Exchange
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BARING BROTHERS & CO., LTD.
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Go Off Again, with Motor Stocks Leading—Rubles at 13½.

Disturbed by the prospect of a real civil war in Russia, by an advance in call money, and perhaps to some extent by the exaggerated account of the battle between half a dozen submarines and American merchant vessels, the stock market was uneasy throughout most of the session yesterday, and declines of considerable magnitude occurred in issues in several different classes. The most striking, from a strictly market standpoint, was the pronounced slump in General Motors, the selling carrying this 12 per cent. issue from 97 at the opening to 89½ at the low. No explanation of any change in the company's affairs was forthcoming, and for lack of better reasons the Street professed to believe that the capitalists who were active in taking control away from the old management at the last annual meeting had fallen out among themselves, with the result that an unusually large amount of stock was pressed for sale. A recurrence of the pronounced weakness of recent days in New Haven, occurring simultaneously with a meeting of the Board of Directors to consider plans for the new issue of $45,000,000 7 per cent. preferred stock, gave impetus to the report that the management is seriously disturbed at the prospects for taking care of the company's one-year notes next Spring. The officials appear to be confident that with a contingent dividend charge substituted for the fixed interest on the notes to be retired the company can work itself out of its difficulties in time. Its motive power and tracks are said to be improving, and the decrease in earnings to date has not been alarming. Nevertheless, the stock dropped to a new low at 21½, and closed off 2 points. Soo lost 2¾ and Delaware & Hudson 1½. The public utilities picked out yesterday for the slaughter were Detroit Edison, which sold off 7¾ on one transaction, and Montana Power, off 5%. Maxwell Motor and Chandler both declined sympathetically with General Motors, the former losing 2½ for the common and 3 for the first preferred, while Chandler lost 4 points. Sears, Roebuck sold down 6¾, Wells Fargo 4, Wisconsin Central 7 and Woolworth 2¼. A number of stocks made fractional gains, and a few inactive issues scored substantial advances.

Most call loans were made yesterday at 5 per cent. The contest between Kornilloff and Kerensky resulted in a further break in the price of both the Russian internal and external bonds and in exchange, the rubles dropping to 13.50 cents, off nearly 75 per cent. from their normal value. The most cheerful news of the day was supplied by the directors of the Southern Railway, who voted to restore the preferred dividend and made public an excellent earnings statement for the current year.

LONDON MARKET IS QUIET.

Russian Situation Tends to Hold Back Trading.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—The stock market today was still under the influence of the Russian situation. Traders declined fresh business pending a clearer outlook and consequently values dropped slightly all around. Explosive, rubber and shipping shares were about the only firm exceptions. Russian issues were depressed and Russian exchange soared to 355@360. Scandinavian bonds were dull, Argentine rails declined without much business and American securities were idle.

Money was in better demand and discount rates were quiet.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Sept. 11.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 62 francs 40 centimes for cash. Exchange on London 27 francs 18 centimes. Five per cent. loan 88 francs 5 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High ..... 5 | Renewals 5
Low ..... 5 | Last 5

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLATERAL. ALL INDUSTRIALS.

Sixty days	5¼	Sixty days	6
Ninety days	5¼	Ninety days	6
Four months	5¼	Four months	6
Five months	5¼	Five months	6
Six months	5¼	Six months	6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days ..... 3½@3¼
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 90 to 90 days ..... 3¾@3½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 4¼@5

Commercial Paper.

Best Known Names.

30 to 90 days	4¼		
4 to 6 months	4¼		
Other Names.			
4 to 6 months	5¼@5½		

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.75⅝	$4.75⅝	$4.75⅝	..
Cables	4.76¼	4.76¼	4.76¼	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.78⅜	5.78⅝	5.78⅝	..
Cables	5.77⅛	5.77⅛	5.77⅛	..
Rubles—				
Demand	14.00	13.50	13.50	—2.20
Cables	15.00	13.75	13.75	—2.10

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close.— Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8065 London	4.7555	4.76¼
5.1826 Paris	5.78⅜	5.77⅛
China—		
Hongkong	$1.00	$1.25
Peking	128.00	128.00
Shanghai	121.00	121.25
19.295 Greece	1.90	1.95
40.19 Holland	42.00¼	42.18¾
23.44 India—		
Bombay	36.06	36.50
Calcutta	36.06	36.50
5.1826 Italy	35.00	35.50
40.84 Japan—	7.77	8.01
Kobe	51.00	51.25
Yokohama	51.00	51.25
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	$50.12¼	50.25
51.80 Russia	13.50	13.75
20.70 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	23.00	23.85
Copenhagen	20.40	20.90
Christiania	20.50	20.90
19.295 Spain	20.70	20.85
South America—	22.45	22.55
32.41 Rio	23.15	23.25
42.44 Buenos Aires	42.00	41.06
5.1826 Switzerland	4.67	4.65

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers.— 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial.— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71¾	$4.69¾	$4.71¼	$4.69¼

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $357,561,970; balances, $31,374,438; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $200,065; Federal Reserve Credit balance, $25,214,333.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 15@0c discount; San Francisco, 10c premium; Montreal, $1.09375.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 30d, up ¼d; in New York, 98⅝, up 1c; Mexican dollars, 78c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$4,551,750	$35,256,171
Ord. int. revenue	12,030,857	108,780,418
Income tax	1,710,681	15,449,054
Miscellaneous	4,617,174	21,932,900
Total receipts	$24,706,499	$182,874,502
Exc. of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts	72,578,963	400,047,090
Exc. of total disburse. over total receipts	59,655,852	600,470,773
Expenditures	97,285,461	583,022,483

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin, spot	$41.25	41.75	$41.00	42.00
Lead	9.62½	10.00	9.50	10.00
Spelter	8.00	8.25	8.25	..
Antimony	14.25	14.75	14.25	14.75
Quicksilver	$115.00	..	$115.00	..
Aluminium	44.00	48.00	48.00	..
Iron No.2 X Phila.	50.75	52.75	50.75	52.75

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 29¾@30c, carload lots, spot delivery, 29¾@30c, fourth quarter delivery.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Monday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	120	0	0	120	0	0
Copper, futures	119	10	0	119	10	0
Tin, spot	241	15	0	240	10	0
Tin, futures	241	15	0	240	10	0
Spelter	84	0	0	84	0	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	10	0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, SEPT. 11, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	444,373	1,221,843	451,448
Year to date	130,635,070	117,307,910	102,019,135

	Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
	3⅝	4	1,500	Alaska Gold Mines	3⅝	4	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
	2⅝	2¾	2,000	Alaska Juneau	2⅝	2⅝	2	2	— ⅜
	24	24¼	400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	24	24	24	24	— ⅜
	83	85	400	Am. Agricul. Chem.	86¼	86¼	85	85	— 4⅞
	97½	99	25	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	97½	97½	97½	97½	...
	85½	86¼	200	Am. Beet Sugar	86¾	86¾	86	86	— ⅛
	41¾	42¼	800	Am. Beet Sugar pf.	91	91	91	91	+1
	108⅞	110	400	Am. Can	42¼	42½	42¼	42¼	+ ⅛
	72½	73⅝	1,100	Am. Can pf.	105⅛	105⅛	104⅞	104⅞	+ ⅛
	111½	112½	100	Am. Car & Fdry	72⅝	73	72½	73	+ ⅛
	81	83½	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf.	112½	112½	112½	112½	— ½
	94	97	100	Am. Cotton Oil	31	31	31	31	+1
	94	97	75	Am. Express	95	95	95	95	— ½
	12	12½	400	Do., odd lot	94½	94½	94½	94½	— ⅛
	57	59	100	Am. H. & Leather	12½	12⅝	12½	12⅝	...
	52½	53	1,200	Am. H. & Leath. pf.	57	57	57	57	+1
	22⅞	23¼	100	Am. International	53½	53⅝	52¾	53	...
	61	62	1,000	Am. Linseed	22⅜	22⅝	22⅜	22⅝	— ⅛
	10¼	12½	100	Am. Locomotive	61½	62	61	61½	— 1½
	64	65	200	Am. Malting	12½	12½	12½	12½	...
	56⅜	98	200	Am. Malting 1st pf.	64⅞	64½	64½	64½	+1
	108½	110	6,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	97½	97½	95⅝	96	— ¼
	96¼	97	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝	— ⅛
	67⅞	68	200	Am. Smelt. S. pf. A.	97	97	96¾	96¾	— ⅛
	111⅜	112	200	Am. Steel Foundries	68	68	67¾	67¾	— ⅛
	43⅝	43⅞	1,700	Am. Sugar Ref.	111⅛	111⅞	111	111⅞	— ⅛
	99	100	100	Am. Sumatra Tob.	46	46	46	46	+1
	114½	114⅝	5,100	Am. Tel. & Tel.	115	115¼	114	114½	— ⅝
	190	193	300	Am. Tobacco	195	195	195	195	—1
	99	101	100	Am. Tob. pf. new	100	100	100	100	...
	99	101	37	Am. Tob., odd lot	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	...
	46½	47¾	200	Am. Woolen	47	47	47	47	...
	17⅞	20	200	Am. Zinc L. & S.	18	18	18	18	...
	98	99¾	10,000	Anaconda Copper	72	72½	71	72¼	+ ⅝
	94⅞	95	300	Atch., Top. & S. F.	96⅞	96⅞	96¾	96⅞	...
	95½	96¼	140	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	85	86	85	86	...
	59	59½	200	At., Gulf & West I.	96¾	96¾	95	95	— ¾
	99¼	100⅝	3,000	Baldwin Loco.	39½	40⅜	39½	40⅛	+ ½
	66½	66¾	200	Baltimore & Ohio	99½	99½	99¼	99¼	+ ½
	90	92	500	Bank of Commerce	66¾	66¾	66¼	66¼	+ ½
	102⅞	103	100	Barrett Co.	167	167	167	167	...
	95	105	22,000	Beth.S.Class B t.cfs	92⅜	92⅜	91	91	—3
	61	61½	300	Beth. Steel pf.	102⅝	103½	101¾	102½	+ ⅝
	95	105	100	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	100¼	100¼	100	100	—2
	5	9	100	Bklyn Union Gas	61½	61⅝	61¼	61¼	+ ⅛
	90⅞	92⅜	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S.	99	99	99	99	...
	20	20½	800	Burns Brothers	84½	84½	84½	84½	...
	40¼	40⅝	100	Butte & Superior	92½	92⅝	92	92	...
	16¼	16⅞	800	California Packing	29½	29½	29½	29½	— ⅛
	155⅞	157	400	California Petrol.	40¾	41⅜	40¾	40⅞	— ⅛
	26	28	2,000	Canadian Pacific	164	164½	163	163½	— ⅝
	82	82¾	100	Central Foundry	157½	157½	155½	156¾	+ ⅝
	109	111	4,300	Central Leather Co	28	28	28	28	— ⅛
	114	115	100	Central Leather pf.	85¾	85¾	81⅝	82½	— 2⅜
	114	115	100	Cent. & So. Am.Tel	111	111	111	111	—1
	32	33	100	Do., odd lot	115	115	115	115	...
	73	75¼	1,200	Cerro de Pasco	114	114	114	114	...
	56⅜	57½	4,475	Chandler Motor	33½	33½	32¾	32½	— ⅞
	9⅝	10	2,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	79½	80	74⅜	75	—4
	20⅞	21	200	Chi. Great Western	57½	58	57	57	—1
	62½	63	100	Chi. Great West. pf.	9½	9½	9¼	9¼	+ ⅛
	104⅝	105	2,900	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	29½	29½	29½	29½	+ ⅛
	104	105	100	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	63¾	63¾	62½	62⅝	— ⅛
	25½	28	400	Chi. & Northwest.	104½	104½	104½	104½	— ⅛
	63	64	2,000	Chi., R. I. & P. ctfs	104½	104½	103⅝	103⅝	— ⅛
			200	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c.	25½	25⅝	25¼	25½	— ⅛
	52	52¼	1,000	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c.	68	68¼	68	68¼	...
	17¼	17½	1,800	Chile Copper	52	52½	52	52	— ⅛
	54	54⅜	1,000	Chino Copper	17⅝	17⅝	17¼	17¼	— ⅛
	44½	45	200	Col. Fuel & Iron	54⅜	54⅝	54⅜	54⅝	— ⅛
	39½	40	100	Columbia Gas & El.	45⅝	45⅝	45¼	45½	+ ⅛
	101½	102	2,000	Consolidated Gas	39½	39½	39¼	39¼	...
	89	90	200	Continental Can	101	102	99⅞	102	+1½
	48	50	300	Continental Insur.	91	91	89½	89½	—1½
	26	28¼	3,400	Corn Products Ref.	47½	48	47½	48	— ⅛
	26	28	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	26¾	27	26	26	...
	96	98	13,500	Crucible Steel	96	96	96	96	+ ⅝
	70	71	3,800	Cuba Cane Sugar	70	70¾	68¾	69½	— ⅛
	33	34	100	Cuba Cane Sug. pf.	31¼	33	31½	31½	+ ⅛
	86	87	2,600	Delaware & Hud.	87	87	87	87	+1⅞
	101	102	100	Den. & Rio Grande	102	102	100	100½	—1½
	7	8	200	Den. & Rio Gr. pf.	7½	7½	7½	7½	— ⅛
	13	14	100	Detroit Edison Co.	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅞
	115	117½	400	Distillers Securities	115	115	115	115	—9⅝
	26	28	700	Dome Mines	26	26	25⅝	26	— ⅛
	10	20	3,200	Erie	10	10	10	10	...
	20⅞	21	300	Erie 1st pf.	20⅞	21	20¾	20⅝	+ ⅛
	30⅝	31	200	Erie 2d pf.	30⅝	31	30⅝	30⅝	...
	23½	25	500	Gaston, W. & W.	23½	23½	23	23	—1⅝
	38	38	110	Gen. Chemical pf.	38	38	38	38	...
	109	110	2,400	General Electric	109	110	109	109	—1½
	140	143	57,900	Gen. Mot. temp. ctfs	137¾	140	137½	138⅞	+ ⅞
	97	97	900	Gen. M.pf. temp.ctfs	97	97	89½	89½	—6½
	83	83	5,200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	83	83	82	82	—2½
	46	46	100	Granby Consol.	46	46	43	43½	...
	80	80	500	Great Northern pf.	80	80	80	80	...
	103⅞	104	2,000	G. N. ctfs. for S. P.	103⅞	104	103¼	104	—1¼
	33⅝	34	100	Greene-Cananea	33⅝	34	33½	33½	— ¾
	40⅝	40¾	100	Homestake Mining	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	...
	107½	108	3,100	Inspiration Copper	107½	107½	107½	107½	...
	54	54⅝	100	Int. Agricultural pf.	54	54⅝	53¾	53¾	— ⅜
	111	113	200	Int. Harvester, N.J.	46	46	46	46	+ ⅛
	29	29⅜	5,400	Int. Mer. Marine pf.	110¼	112	110¼	112	+2⅝
	87	87½	6,500	Int. Mer. Marine pf.	29⅛	29⅜	28⅝	29	...
	33⅝	33½	8,500	Int. Nickel	88	89	87	87¼	— ⅛
	30½	31	1,400	Int. Paper	35	35¼	33	33⅞	—1
	66	67	100	Int. Paper pf. sta.	30⅝	31⅜	30¾	30¾	+ ⅛
	18½	19	200	Kansas City South.	66	66	66	66	+1⅝
	43	44	200	Kelly Spring Tire	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅛
	40	41	1,800	Kennecott Copper	44	44	43½	43½	— ⅝
	81½	82½	400	Lackawanna Steel	41¼	41¼	41	41	—1⅜
	18	19	200	Lee Rubber & Tire	82½	82½	81¼	81¼	— ⅛
	61	61¼	200	Lehigh Valley	84	84	84	84	—2½
	190	210	200	Liggett & Myers	184½	184½	184½	184½	— ⅛
			1,891	Liggett & My. rgts.	60¾	61½	60¾	61½	+ ½
			600	Lorillard, Nash	199½	200	199½	200	...
			4,000	Maxwell Motor	¾	¾	¾	¾	...
			900	Max. Motors 1st pf	119⅞	120¾	119¼	119½	— ⅝
			100	May Dept. Stores	31⅝	32⅜	28⅝	29½	—1⅝
			2,200	Mexican Petroleum	69¾	69¾	63¾	63¾	—3
			1,000	Miami Copper	50	50	50	50	—1
			300	Midvale Steel	91¼	92	90¾	90¾	— ½
			400	Minn. & St. L. new	30½	30¾	30	30	— ½
			96,800	M., St. P. & S. M.	53⅜	53⅝	53	53	— ⅛
			1,800	Mo., Kan. & Texas	12¾	12¾	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
			4,000	Mo. Pac. tr ctfs	100	100	100	100	—2¾
			700	Mo. Pac. pf. tr ctfs	5	5	4¾	4¾	— ⅛
			200	Montana Power	28½	28⅝	27⅞	28	— ⅛
			1,500	Nat. Cond. &Cable	50¾	50¾	50	50	—1
			900	Nat. Enam. & St.	82	82	79	79	—5⅞
			300	Nat. Lead	31¼	31¾	30	30	—1⅝
			1,000	Nevada Con. Cop.	38	38	37½	37½	—1⅝
			225	N. O., Tex. & Mex.	52	52	52	52	+1
			200	N. Y. Air Brake	22⅜	22⅜	22¼	22¼	...
			3,100	N. Y. Central	25	25	25	25	...
			20,700	N. Y. N. H. & H.	117¼	119½	117¼	119¼	+2⅜
			100	N. Y., Ont. & West	77	77	76½	77	— ⅛
			400	Norfolk & Western	24¼	24¾	24¼	24¾	— ⅛
			100	Northern Pacific	19½	19½	19½	19½	—2⅛
			100	Nova Scotia S. & C.	114	114	114	114	...
			3,000	Ohio Cities Gas	90¾	100	99¾	100	+ ⅝
			400	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf.	95	95	95	95	...
			1,300	Penn. R. R.	49	49	49	49	...
			1,900	People's Gas, Chi.	94	94	94	94	+2
			100	Pere Marquette	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾	— ⅛
			100	Pierce-Arrow	70	70	68	68½	— ⅛
			100	Pierce Arrow pf.	16½	16½	16½	16½	— ⅛
			900	P. C. C. & St. L.	88½	88½	86½	86½	— ⅛
			400	Pittsburgh Coal	71	71	71	71	...
			200	Pitts. & West Va.	51	51	50½	50½	— ⅜
			400	Pitts. & W. Va. pf.	26	26	24½	24½	— ⅛
			400	Pressed Steel Car	60	60	60	60	—1
			1,900	Pullman Co.	62½	62¾	62¼	62¾	— ⅛
			100	Quicksilver pf.	13½	13½	13½	13½	— ⅛
			100	Railway Steel Sp.	1	1	1	1	...
			1,100	Ray Con. Copper	47¼	47½	47½	47¾	...
			4,000	Reading	27½	27⅝	27½	27	+ ⅛
			200	Reading 2d pf.	83	83	82⅝	82⅝	— ⅛
			1,400	Rep. Iron & Steel	88⅝	88⅝	88¼	88½	— ⅛
			1,800	Royal Dutch f.	81½	81½	80⅝	81	—1¼
			100	Savage Arms	67⅜	67⅜	66⅞	67	+ ⅛
			300	Saxon Motor	61⅜	61⅜	61⅜	61⅜	+ ⅛
			100	Seaboard Air Line	13½	13½	13½	13½	— ⅛
			2,500	Sears, Roeb. & Co.	104½	104½	104½	104½	— ⅛
			600	Simplex Coil & Ref.	158½	158½	152	152	—6¾
			300	Sloss-S. Steel & I.	37⅝	37¾	37¼	37¼	+ ⅛
			900	Southern Pacific	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞	— ⅛
			1,800	Southern Railway	21½	21½	21½	21½	— ⅛
			300	Southern Ry. pf.	28⅜	27	26⅝	26⅝	— ⅛
			5,400	Studebaker Co.	57½	57½	57¼	57¼	— ⅛
			200	Stutz Motor	44½	44½	42	43	— ⅛
			200	Tenn. C. & C.	40	40	40	40	— ⅛
			1,600	Texas Co	16½	16½	16⅜	16⅜	— ⅛
			300	Texas & Pacific	100¾	107½	105⅝	106¾	— ⅛
			1,900	Tobacco Products	15	15	15	15	...
			1,600	Union Pacific	73¾	73¾	72	72¾	— ⅛
			200	Union Pacific pf.	124½	126½	124¾	126⅜	— ⅛
			1,600	United Alloy Steel	77¼	77¼	77¼	77¼	— ⅛
			8,400	United Cigar Stores	43	43	42	42	— ⅛
			100	United Dyewood pf.	121¾	122½	120⅝	120⅝	— ⅛
			100	United Rys. Invest	95	95	95	95	— ⅛
			100	United Rys. Inv. pf.	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
			2,200	U. S. Indus. Alco.	16	16	16	16	+ ⅛
			100	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf.	132½	132½	128⅝	130¼	—1½
			9,200	U. S. Rubber	104	104	104	104	+ ½
			200	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	61	61¾	60¾	60¾	—2½
			100	U. S. Sm., R. & M.	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾	— ⅛
			96,800	U. S. Steel	61¾	61¾	61¼	61½	— ⅜
			1,800	U. S. Steel pf.	108½	108	107⅝	108⅝	— ⅛
			4,000	Utah Copper	116¼	116¾	116½	116½	— ⅛
			100	Va. Iron, Coal & C.	100	100	100	100	— ⅛
			200	Wabash pf. A	58	58	58	58	+3
			200	Wells, Fargo Express	47¼	47¼	47¼	47¼	— ⅛
			2,900	Western Union	90¼	90¾	88	88	— ⅛
			1,650	Westingh. E. & M.	90¼	90¼	88½	89	—1½
			200	Wheeling & L. E.	45¼	45¼	44¾	44¾	— ⅛
			200	Wilson & Co.	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
			2,900	Willys-Overland	12¾	12¾	12¼	12¾	— ⅛
			200	Willys-Overland pf.	83¾	83¾	82¾	82¾	— ⅛
			300	Wisconsin Central	27½	27½	27½	27½	— ⅛
			400	Woolw., (F.W.) Co.	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	— ⅛
1184½	120				42	42	42	42	— ⅛
					120	120	118	118	—3¼

SMELTING CO. PROFITS GROW

Its Properties in Mexico Are Again Making Money.

The American Smelting and Refining Company announced yesterday in its report for the half year ended June 30 that for the first time in three years profits were coming in from its properties in Mexico. Partly due to income from Mexican sources the net earnings from operations, amounting to $16,031,116, were $5,163,731 greater than in the same period in 1916. Revenue from interest, dividends, rents, &c., brought the aggregate income up to $18,757,886, from which a deduction of $8,555,770 was made by tax reservations, fixed charges, and depreciations.

The final net income amounted to $10,202,119, a decrease of $945,576. The recession was brought about chiefly by extraordinary reservations for excess profits, taxes, and depletion of ore reserves. The management set aside $3,880,861 to meet all taxes, an increase of $3,778,527, while the depreciation and ore depletion account of $2,896,173 was $1,376,684 larger than in the first half of the preceding year. After meeting dividends a balance of $5,165,070 remained, which was $1,477,838 less than a year before.

In respect to the Mexican situation, President Daniel Guggenheim said:

"All the mines and smelters in Mexico owned by the company are now operating, except those at or adjacent to Chihuahua, and those at Velardena. Work is carried on under many difficulties and to a limited extent as yet. The Government of Mexico is most anxious to have the company succeed, and laborers are more than willing to work. They are suffering, however, to even a greater extent, comparatively, than in the United States on account of the high cost of living. It is estimated that the cost of necessities in Mexico is at the present time six times greater than during the period preceding the revolution. To meet this situation the company is importing and selling such necessities to our laborers at cost, or lower, and has largely increased the wages paid."

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	86.47	85.98	86.18	— .21
25 industrials	82.74	81.17	81.69	— .12
50 stocks

Loans to Our Allies

The United States Government has loaned $200,000,000 additional to Great Britain and France, making a total of $2,266,400,000 to all allied nations thus far.

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offer excellent opportunity for investment. They are issued in denominations of $1,000 and in some cases $100 and $500, and can be purchased by easy monthly payments.

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RULES FOR SHIPMENT OF GOLD ANNOUNCED

Federal Reserve Bank's Order Closely Follows President's Embargo Order.

APPLICATION BLANKS READY

The Central Board in Washington Must Approve Request Before Exports Are Permitted.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York made public yesterday the Treasury Department's regulations issued in pursuance of President Wilson's gold export embargo proclamation. The text follows very closely the wording of the Executive order. In addition, the bank let it be known that it had on hand tentative application blanks that exporters of coin, bullion, and currency were required to fill out in triplicate. The applications must be sent to the Federal Reserve Bank, which makes its recommendations and forwards the same to the Federal Reserve Board in Washington. If the board approves of the prospective shipment it so advises the Secretary of the Treasury, who will issue the license.

The New York bank has already received a great many inquiries and applications, but the time has been too short for it to take any action with respect to the requests for permits. All of the prospective shipments are said to be relatively small, and the destinations mentioned in the applications are Spain, Japan, India, and Canada. These include both gold and silver exports.

The application blank calls for the following information: 1. Description of shipment, (i.e. gold coin, silver bullion, &c.); 2. value; 3. date and place of shipment; 4. destination; 5. proposed route; 6. consignor; 7. consignee; 8. name and address of person, firm, or corporation or government for whose account shipment has been ordered; 9. name and address of person, firm or corporation or government to whose account shipment will be charged; 10. name and addresses of all other persons interested in the transaction, directly or indirectly; 11. nature of transaction which resulted in the order for shipment; 12. if shipment is made for applicant's own account, state whether the purpose is to furnish customers with exchange, names and addresses to be given, and 13. additional information indicating that the exportation "will be compatible with the public interest." The application must be sworn to before a notary. Following is the text of the Treasury regulations:

1. Any individual, firm or corporation desiring to export from the United States or any of its territorial possessions to any foreign country named in the proclamation dated Sept. 7, 1917, any coin, bullion, or currency, shall first file an application in triplicate with the Federal Reserve Bank of the district in which such individual, firm or corporation is located, such application to state under oath and in detail the nature of the transaction, the amount involved, the parties directly and indirectly interested and such other information as may be of assistance to the proper authorities in determining whether the exportation for which a license is desired will be compatible with the public interest.

2. Each Federal Reserve Bank shall keep a record copy of each application filed with it under the provisions of this regulation and shall forward the original application and a duplicate to the Federal Reserve Board at Washington, together with such information or suggestions as it may believe proper in the circumstances, and shall, in addition, make a formal recommendation as to whether or not in its opinion the exportation should be permitted.

3. The Federal Reserve Board, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, is hereby authorized and empowered upon receipt of such application and the recommendation of the Federal Reserve Bank to make such ruling as it may deem proper in the circumstances and if, in its opinion, the exportation in question is compatible with the public interest, to permit said exportation to be made, otherwise to refuse it.

The President's proclamation on the embargo of gold exports was made public last Saturday.

GERMAN GOLD PLOTS CAUSED EXPORT BAN

Washington Had Heard That Teuton Agents Here Were Trying to Obtain Supply.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Reported activities of German agents here and in neutral countries to obtain possession of American gold, it was learned today, were largely responsible for the recent proclamation placing gold on the list of commodities requiring export license.

With an enormously inflated paper currency and with a gold reserve that has been dwindling steadily since the war began, the demand of the German Government for gold has reached proportions where, according to reports received here, unheard-of methods apparently have been adopted to replenish the store.

One report reaching officials here is that German submarines in the area around Great Britain were instructed to remove gold from steamers transporting the precious metal from the United States to neutral European countries, torpedo the vessels, and bring back the gold to their bases. How far this program has been carried out is not known.

A plan for obtaining a part of the huge store of gold which has accumulated here since the war began, said to have been regarded with much favor by German agents, is the exportation of gold to neutrals, ostensibly to settle commercial transactions, but in reality to establish credit to German firms operating in neutral countries.

Officials have been unable to verify the accuracy of numerous reports of this nature, but the activity in gold exportations to neutrals for some months past aroused the concern of Treasury officials prior to the President's proclamation. There is little doubt in official circles that Germany has been fully advised, in many instances, of the exportation of gold through spies working in this country.

It is believed that on some occasions the Berlin Foreign Office has been advised of the sailings and destinations of vessels carrying gold to and from the United States and was thus placed in possession of exact information as to when and where these vessels could be met most advantageously by submarines.

The bulk of American gold exports during the past seven months has gone to South America, mostly to Argentina, and to Japan. A tremendous increase in the gold exports to Spain also is recorded. For several months past officials have vised carefully all gold exportations to European neutrals.

Exports to the Orient also have been observed closely. Japan's withdrawals of gold during the last fiscal year were $110,507,313, as compared with $800,048 the year previous. None of the gold for the Orient, however, has been regarded as likely to fall into German hands. Most of the Japanese withdrawals are due to trade balance accumulating for two years, and some gold withdrawn by Japan is reported to have been sent to India for British account.

Mexico has figured to some extent in reports reaching Treasury officials to the effect that German agents were straining themselves for American gold. A comprehensive investigation, however, is understood to have convinced officials that there was little likelihood of gold sent to Mexico reaching German hands, and whatever apprehension existed on that score has been dissipated.

In no case has the investigation disclosed the official knowledge of any neutral Government, it is said, of the plans of German agents in their gold campaign.

EARNINGS.

Railroad.

RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
July gross.....	$53,227	$42,945	$10,282
Net after tax..	13,584	11,118	2,466
Def. after chg.	4,455	*1,580	
7 mos. gross..	340,432	302,590	37,842
Net after tax..	109,951	66,924	40,027
Def. after chg.	9,246	46,887	*37,041

*Decrease.

Public Utilities.

ARIZONA POWER CO. for June—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Gross	$37,052	$24,778	$12,274
Net after tax..	20,344	17,491	2,852
Sur. after chg.	7,108	5,180	1,122
12 mos. gross..	397,829	244,893	152,936
Net after tax..	202,442	172,053	90,409
Sur. after chg.	108,857	45,184	63,673

AURORA, ELGIN & CHICAGO for July—

Gross	220,805	209,030	11,773
Net after tax..	77,841	70,595	*2,254
Sur. after chg.	34,806	38,208	*3,402
7 mos. gross..	1,218,891	1,155,863	63,028
Net after tax..	383,840	384,889	*51,020
Sur. after chg.	87,942	96,277	*58,029

KEYSTONE TELEPHONE for August—

Gross	132,327	122,473	9,854
Net after tax..	58,707	57,452	1,255
Sur. after chg.	30,985	30,550	66
8 mos. gross..	1,040,708	963,215	77,485
Net after tax..	486,475	470,9 0	16,515
Sur. after chg.	167,091	160,494	6,597

PORTLAND RAILWAY, LIGHT & POWER CO. for July—

Gross	511,624	448,219	63,405
Net after tax..	232,581	192,903	39,678
Sur.aft.int.,&c.	84,993	11,183	41,812
12 mos. gross..	5,727,398	5,437,240	290,358
Net after tax..	2,453,083	2,267,723	185,360
Sur.aft.int.,&c.	464,100	177,852	286,248

UNITED LIGHT & RAILWAYS CO. subsidiaries for twelve months ended July 31—

Gross earnings.	7,177,847	6,692,615	484 232
Net after tax..	2,720,735	2,670,143	50,592
Sur. after chg.	1,278,496	1,272,707	6,101

UNITED LIGHT & RAILWAYS CO. for twelve months ended July 31—

Gross earnings.	1,201,676	1,254,324	7,352
Other income..	735,650	584,941	150,709
Total income..	1,997,327	1,839,265	158,061
Net after tax..	1,837,831	1,699,601	138,230
Bal. after int. and b'd disc..	1,190,874	1,140,777	50,097
Sur. aft.pf.div.	588,792	548,993	39,799

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous.

McCRORY STORES CORPORATION—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
August sales...	$619,735	$527,762	$91,973
8 months	4,645,023	3,837,003	798,020

THE COTTON MARKET

Firm Undertone Throughout the Day, with Net Gain of 44 to 53 Points.

A generally firm undertone prevailed throughout the day in the cotton market yesterday, and at one time prices were 58 to 65 points net higher, although some of this was lost in the late afternoon because of very disquieting reports from Russia. The close, nevertheless, was steady, at a net advance of 44 to 53 points.

Stimulated by cold weather over a good part of the belt, but notably in the Southwest, the market opened 16 to 23 points higher, reaching its best level around midday, when October sold up to 20.90 and December, to 20.75. Throughout the entire session, October was relatively firmer than other months, due to an embargo on shipments from Galveston to New York and to the small stock of cotton here available for delivery on contract.

Part of the early cold weather talk was offset by the Government prediction for rising temperatures in the Southwest, but against this was a storm warning which emphasized the apprehension that has been felt here for several days regarding a low barometer in the Caribbean and a possibility, from its location, south of Jamaica, that it might work up into the Gulf and so into the belt, instead of up the Atlantic coast. Not all of the Southern spot news was bullish, although much of it was such and indicated a good demand for cotton, with not enough moving in Texas to supply the demand. Other Texas advices said there was considerable freight room available and a corresponding good demand while the spot basis had risen in the last few days half a cent. On the other hand, it was reported from the Eastern belt, that the spot demand was a temporary affair made necessary to cover September shipments, and that exporters were buying very sparingly while the movement was increasing.

According to the National Ginners' report, there was a decline in condition figures for the half month of 4½ points, which compare with a full month decline last year of 4.0 points. This accounted for part of the early buying as it seemed to confirm the unfavorable reports which have been coming in of late. In numerous instances over the Eastern belt the detailed weather reports showed minimum temperatures well below 50, which fact, considering the lateness of the crop, and the menace of a tropical storm, had a very bullish effect on sentiment around midday. It was said that middling Georgia cotton was offered yesterday, landed East, at 75 points on October, whereas last week similar cotton was offered 50 points on October. In the section around Dallas, Texas, cotton was said to be bringing big premiums, ranging around 80 points on October free on board interior.

The Liverpool market was unchanged on spots and futures, while houses with Liverpool connections were large buyers around the opening. Exports were 27,345 bales, making 457,951 so far this season.

Following are yesterday's quotations:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon.
Sept. ...	..	..	..	21.08 bid	20.55
Oct.	20.40	20.90	20.40	20.78@20.75	20.23
Nov.	..	..	..	20.60 bid	20.16
Dec.	20.38	20.75	20.32	20.58@20.62	20.15
Jan.	20.32	20.66	20.23	20.52@20.56	20.08
Feb.	..	..	..	20.56 bid	20.10
March....	20.45	20.82	20.39	20.69 bid	20.25
April	..	..	..	20.72 bid	20.28
May	20.50	20.91	20.49	20.84@20.86	20.37
June	..	..	..	20.87 bid	20.38
July	20.82	20.92	20.52	20.90 bid	20.45
Aug.	..	..	..	20.75 bid	20.30

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 40 points higher at 21.75c for middling upland. Southern spot markets follow: New Orleans, 20.38c; Savannah, 20.56c; Augusta, 20.38c; Galveston, 21.70c; Memphis, 22.50c; Houston, 21.70c.

Following are yesterday's cotton statistics:

	Tuesday. Bales.	Last Wk. Bales.	Last Yr. Bales.
Port receipts.....	23,780	20,004	47,592
Exports	27,345	9,140	15,054
Port stocks.....	484,019	444,610	517,570
Interior receipts....	19,674	27,229	32,988
Interior shipments..	13,014	18,527	18,032
New York arrivals.	5,072	..	..
New York stocks...	41,913	68,230	63,534

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton in moderate demand; unchanged at 16.95d; sales, 3,000 bales, including 2,000 American; imports, 17,000 bales, all American. Futures unchanged; October-November, 15.05d; January-February, 14.40d; March-April, 14.22d; May-June, 14.06.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 11.—Twenty-four new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $331,500, were chartered today. They include:

The Savage Supply Co., Inc., Manhattan, wearing apparel of all kinds, $5,000; P. J. Savage, A. L. Kenney, H. Brill, 500 West 158th St.

Kor-Ker Sales Co., Inc., Manhattan, auto and motorcycle accessories, $10,000; A. D. Stanton, R. Buggeln, H. C. Harris, Mount Vernon.

Eagle Poultry Farms, Inc., Manhattan, deal in poultry and game and operate farm, $5,000; A. J. Adams, S. Snyder, S. Lederer, 412 West 126th St.

Chonon Bernstein, Inc., Manhattan, drugs and chemicals, $5,000; L. Scott, C. and E. Bernstein, 253 West 112th St.

Fifth Avenue Uniform Co., Inc., Manhattan, make clothing and wearing apparel of every description, $5,000; E. C. Tishler, M. Levin, C. Spero, 853 Beck St.

Palmers Express, Inc., Manhattan, general trucking and storage, $5,000; I. Kafka and B. and J. Palmer, 453 West 38th St.

Sibimun Realty Co., Manhattan, realty and construction, $10,000; R. Walsh, C. M. Cerlyon, D. C. Evans, 16 West 94th St.

C. O. Peacock & Co., Inc., Manhattan, sell ladies' wearing apparel by mail-order system, $10,000; C. H. Taxis, C. Mintz, C. Birman, 209 Broadway.

Cheney & Co., Inc., Manhattan, make and lay floor composition, $25,000; E. J. Hazard, A. M. Craig, J. B. Cheney, 103 Park Av.

The Improved Sign Co., Inc., Manhattan, electric signs, $100,000; F. M. Whitemore, H. S. Williams, B. Riesner, 550 West 144th St.

James Keenan, Inc., Brooklyn, general contracting and construction and deal in building materials, $8,000; F. E., E. F., and A. J. Keenan, 251 New York Av., Brooklyn.

Failing Optical Co., Buffalo, optical business, $5,000; A. J. Gray, M. L. and G. M. Failing, Buffalo.

Conaheer Co., Inc., Manhattan, general contractors and stevedores, $5,000; F. W. Lorch, J. J. Donovan, E. J. Flynn, 529 Courtlandt Av., Bronx.

Capital increases: Silverthorne Lumber Co., Inc., North Tonawanda, $50,000 to $150,000; Bias Binding Co., Manhattan, $1,000 to $50,000; Smiley Steel Co., Inc., Manhattan, $5,000 to $50,000, shares of common stock, no par value, increased from 1,000 to 10,000.

Authorizations: Armstrong and Latta Co., Inc., Pennsylvania, general contracting, $150,000; representative, J. J. Hession, Eddyville, Ulster County. Midwest Products Co., Inc., Wisconsin, deal in evaporated fruit and vegetable products, $1,200; representative, H. S. Gould, 27 Wall St.

Capital reduction: George Hall Coal and Transportation Co., Ogdensburg, $1,750,000 to $1,225,000.

Change of name: Buffalo German Insurance Co., Buffalo, to Buffalo Insurance Co.

Dissolutions: D. Antolini and Co., Newark, N. J.; Expert Estimating Corp., Manhattan; Sheridan A. Walker Co., Inc., Manhattan; Wheatley-Matchett and Co., Inc., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 11.—Charters filed: Capital Woman's Shop, 26 West State St., Trenton, to deal in women's wear, $23,000; A. M. Elfman, B. Zentnor, F. Elfman, all of Trenton.

Harry Taub, Inc., Plainfield, to conduct a plumbing and heating establishment, $5,000; H. Taub, J. Taub, J. P. Mattley, all of Plainfield.

Tower Levick, Jersey City, to deal in petroleum products, $3,500,000; J. D. Baker, J. P. Murray, F. F. S. Saurman, all of Philadelphia.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Sept. 11.—Charters filed: Magnetic Motors Car Co., to build motor cars, &c., $3,000,000; W. B. Randall, F. A. Armstrong, C. M. Enger, Wilmington, Del.

New York and Arkansas Oil and Gas Co., to drill and produce oil, &c., $1,000,000; W. S. Randall, F. A. Armstrong, C. M. Egner, Wilmington, Del.

The Wilbur Manufacturing Co., Inc., to make attachments for internal combustion engines, $200,000; G. Grant Wilbur and J. Duke, New York; B. Wright, Montclair, N. J.

Increase in capital stock: Tanner Gillman Schools, Inc., New York, from $150,000 to $200,000.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

There was little new development in the wheat situation, aside from a growing fear on the part of Eastern millers lest they be forced to close down on account of inability to procure wheat to grind. The movement continues moderate, and it is thought that farmers, being now assured of a fixed price, are in no hurry to market their wheat, and are giving their attention to Fall plowing, as well as other activities. It was reported from Canada that the Government there has fixed the price at $2.20 as a maximum figure. Prices in the local market remained unchanged, at $2.27 for No. 2 red and No. 2 hard, and $2.30 for No. 1 Northern, Duluth, RYE.—Market steady; No. 2 Western, $1.95, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CORN.

The predicted frost, which caused such a sharp upturn in the corn market on Monday, occurred over the entire northern part of the corn belt, extending from slightly west of the Mississippi River practically to the Atlantic seaboard. Aside from a slight early advance just at the start, the corn market was weak under heavy selling, closing with a partial rally, but 1¼ to 1⅝c net lower, in the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at $2.35 and No. 2 mixed at $2.31, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
December	1.20	1.16¾	1.18	1.18¾	71¾
May	1.17⅛	1.14	1.15⅝	1.16⅝	74¾

OATS.

The market for oats was easier under quite active selling, prompted by the decline in corn. Furthermore, it was said that stocks in country elevators are piling up rapidly and the movement in the near future is only a question of the ability of shippers to procure cars. Exporters were again in evidence and took about 300,000 bushels. The local cash market was easy; standard quoted at 69c; No. 2 white, 70c; No. 3 white, 68½@69c; No. 4 white, 68@68¼c; fancy clipped white, 71@73c; ordinary clipped white, 70@71c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	59⅝	57⅝	58⅛	59⅛	44¼
December	58⅜	57	57½	58⅜	47½
May	61¼	59¾	60¾	61¼	50¼

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was easier under quite active selling, prompted largely by the decline in corn. Packers were said to be against the market, and there were rumors that efforts were being made to bring about a lower range of values in accordance with the Government's attitude against high prices for commodities. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 8,000; estimated for Wednesday, 15,000. Kansas City received 6,000 and Omaha 2,500.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
September ...	23.80	23.57	23.65	23.85	14.10
October	23.72	23.50	23.57	23.77	14.05
Ribs—					
September ...	23.75	23.60	23.70	23.80	14.30
October	23.75	23.50	23.65	23.77	13.93
Pork—					
October	43.25	42.94	42.90	43.30	26.45

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cotton seed oil was nervous, with the situation decidedly mixed and sentiment divided. Prices moved feverishly and closed with a fair rally from the lowest, although 4 to 11 points net lower. Total sales for the day were 28,100 barrels. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot			15.60	
September	15.80	15.73	15.74@16.00	15.85
October	15.65	15.45	15.64@15.80	15.70
November	15.26	15.15	15.23@15.25	15.28
December	15.33	15.13	15.21@15.22	15.25
January	15.35	15.12	15.25@15.27	15.30
February			15.28@15.34	15.32
March	15.39	15.30	15.35@15.39	15.40
April	15.35	15.35	15.35@15.50	15.40

COFFEE.

Reports from Washington that the Government will not impose a consumptive tax on coffee was given a bullish interpretation in the local market, and early prices experienced an advance of 4 to 5 points. Trade interests sold quite liberally, however, and later the market experienced a partial setback, closing with only slight net gains. Cables from Brazil indicated a slightly easier tone in prices there over the holidays, although receipts were moderate. The local spot market showed no improvement, and prices were unchanged on the basis of 8c. for Rio 7s and 10c. for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	..	..	7.46@7.48	7.48
October	..	..	7.52@7.55	7.51
November	..	..	7.61@7.62	7.60
December	7.72	7.72	7.70@7.72	7.69
January	..	..	7.78@7.79	7.77
February	..	..	7.85@7.86	7.84
March	7.96	7.95	7.92@7.93	7.91
April	..	..	7.99@8.00	7.98
May	8.10	8.10	8.07@8.08	8.05
June	..	..	8.14@8.15	8.12
July	8.25	8.24	8.21@8.22	8.19

SUGAR.

The market for refined sugar was unchanged at 8.40c to 8.50c for fine granulated. There was a little better inquiry noted but not much new business resulted. Withdrawals on old contracts continue of fair proportion, and refiners are catching up on old orders. Raw sugar was quiet, with practically all offerings having been withdrawn from the market. The trade continues to be in a very unsettled condition owing to a lack of definite information as to just what plan will be put in operation by the Food Administration in its proposed Government control of the sugar situation. Washington advices state that the Government has called for a conference with sugar brokers and also for a conference with sugar producers. There was a little buying interest in very prompt sugar at 5¾c c. f. by Canadian and one or two local refiners, but no fresh business was reported. Spot quotations are nominally unchanged as follows: Centrifugal, 7.02c; molasses, 6.14c; cost and freight, &c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 9,916 packages. Demand was fairly active and prices ¼@½c higher on all grades of creamery. Buyers are paying the advanced rate without serious protest and the situation apparently is healthy. Renovated has gained a little, best marks selling at 42@42½c. Ladies firm at the recent advance. Packing stock is about 2c higher. Creamery, higher than extras, per pound, 44¾@45¼c; extras, (92 score,) 44¼@44¾c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 43@44c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 41@42¼c; thirds, 39¼@40¼c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 46@46½c; extras, 45@45½c; firsts, 43½@44¼c; seconds, 41½@43c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 42½@44c; good to prime, 41½@43c; common to fair, 38@41c; renovated, extras, 42@42¼c; firsts, 41@41½c; lower grades, 37@40c; imitation creamery, firsts, 38¼@39½c; ladies, current make, firsts, 37½@38c; seconds, 37c; lower grades, 35½@36½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 37@37½c, No. 2, 36@36¼c; lower grades, 34@35¼c.

EGGS:—Receipts yesterday, 14,128 cases. There is an improved demand, and with continued strong Western advices the market shows a firmer tone. Demand is chiefly for fine to fancy qualities and for good to fine cheap stock. Medium grades are still in considerable accumulation, but the stock is reducing. Storage eggs meeting a better demand and slightly in seller's favor. Nearby whites of fancy quality are firm; defective lots still drag at a wide range of prices. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 46@46c; extra firsts, 44@44c; firsts, 40½@42c; seconds, 38@40c; thirds and poorer, 34@37c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 36@37c; No. 2 and poorer, 32@35½c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 33@34c; undergrades, 28@32c; refrigerator special marks, nearby, storage and insurance paid, 40c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 38¼@39½c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 36½@38c; refrigerator State whites, 41@43c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western henneries whites, fine to fancy, 53@56c; ordinary to good, 42@52c; gathered whites, good to fine, 49@53c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 40@46c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 47@50c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 38@46c.

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Full descriptive circular furnished on application to the City Treasurer's Office.

THOMAS B. SMITH, Mayor.
JOHN M. WALTON, City Controller
JOHN P. CONNELLY, City Solicitor

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE LAKE ERIE AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY.

Peoria, Ill., September 5, 1917.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Lake Erie and Western Railroad Company for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting will be held at the principal office of the company, in the City of Peoria, Ill., on Wednesday, the 3rd day of October, 1917, at 10 o'clock A. M.

DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of **The Canal Tobacco Company, Incorporated,** for the purpose of election of officers and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the Home Office of the Company, No. 511 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y., on **Tuesday, the 25th day of September, 1917,** at eleven o'clock A. M.

JAMES P. WATSON, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Notice of closing of Transfer Books of

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25 Thompson-Starrett
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SOUTHERN DIVIDEND AGAIN.

Railway Resumes Payment on Preferred Stock—Earns $81,388,324.

The Directors of the Southern Railway Company yesterday declared a dividend of 2½ per cent. on the preferred stock of the company, payable Nov. 20 to stock of record Oct. 31 next. As the company has $60,000,000 of preferred stock outstanding, this will amount to a disbursement of $1,500,000 in cash. The Southern's preferred stock is 5 per cent., non-cumulative, and the new dividend will be the first paid on it since December, 1914, when a 4½ per cent. dividend, 2½ per cent. in cash and 2 per cent. in scrip, was paid.

The return of the Southern Railway to a dividend-paying basis was not generally expected, although there had been reports for some time that the company was enjoying an unusually prosperous season, due in considerable measure to the business brought by the location and building of the army training cantonments in its territory. The recent announcement of the plan of the Railways' War Board to route a larger proportion of export shipment to Southern ports, to relieve the congestion at New York, is also counted upon to bring more business into the Southern's territory.

A preliminary report of the Southern's year, ended June 30 last, shows a surplus, after deducting all charges, of $12,360,161 an increase of $3,026,262, or more than twice the disbursement of the declared dividend. The company's gross earnings were $81,388,324, an increase of $11,390,645, which was cut down by increased expenses, taxes, &c, to a net earning of $24,331,543, an increase of $3,327,448. The Southern has a total funded debt of $279,844,500, of which $235,650,500 is in bonds, the balance two-year notes and equipment obligations.

Dividend-bearing stocks bid and offered in The Annalist every Monday by reputable firms in the Open Security Market. The stocks and bonds on sale are not listed on any Exchange. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

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The Outlook for Bonds

A clear explanation of the causes which have brought about the great decline in bonds, and a discussion of the vital influences and *probable price movements* of the near future.

A few copies of this valuable and timely letter, T-12, have been reserved for *free* distribution.

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Our Letter No. 31

is of beneficial interest to holders of the above bonds and will be mailed on request.

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UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	97½	98¼
2s, coupon, 1930	97	98½
3s, registered, 1918	98⅝	99⅜
3s, coupon, 1918	98⅝	99⅜
3s, registered, 1940	80	87
3s, coupon, 1940	80	87
3s, conversion, 1947	80	86
4s, registered, 1925	105	106½
4s, coupon, 1925	105	106½
2s, coupon, 1938, reg	97	98½
2s, Panama, '38, coupon	97	98½
3s, Panama, '61, reg	80	87
3s, Panama, '61, coupon	80	87

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Mon-day. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	101⅜	101¾	101⅜
4½s June, 1965	101⅝	102	101⅝
4½s Mar., 1963	101⅞	102	101⅞
4½s Nov., 1957	101⅞	102	101⅞
4½s May, 1957	101⅝	102	101⅝
4½s Nov., 1917	99⅞	100	99⅞
4½s April, 1966	97¼	97½	97¼
4½s Mar., 1960-30	97	97½	97
4½s Mar., 1954	97¼	97½	97¼
4½s May, 1962	97¼	97½	97¼
4½s Sept., 1960	97¼	97½	97¼
4s May, 1959	93⅜	94¼	93⅜
4s Nov., 1958	93⅜	94¼	93⅜
4s May, 1957	93⅜	94¼	93⅜
4s Nov., 1956	93	94	93
4s Nov., 1955	93	94	93
4s Nov., 1936	94	96	94
4s May, 1919	99¼	..	99⅛
4s Nov., 1918	99⅜	..	99⅛

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s 1924-1932	4.40	4.15	4.40
4½s 1918-1923	4.25	4.10	4.25
4½s 1924-1931	4.40	4.25	4.40
4½s 1921-1923	4.40	4.25	4.40
4½s Aprl. 1920	4.50	..	4.50
4½s 1918-1919	4.50	..	4.50
4½s 1940-1953	4.50	4.35	4.50
4½s 1930-1939	4.50	4.25	4.50
4½s 1922-1929	4.50	4.25	4.50
4½s 1919-1921	4.40	4.10	4.40
4½s 1917-1918	4.40	4.10	4.40
4½s 1940-1953	4.50	4.20	4.50
4½s 1926-1930	4.50	4.20	4.50
4½s 1918-1925	4.40	4.00	4.40

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,000 ‡Aetna Exp.	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜
200 ‡Do pf	42	42	42
500 ‡Air Red'n	93⅛	93	93
10 Atlantic S'l	150	150	150
500 ‡Beth. St'l B, w. i	100	100	100
6,000 ‡Do rights	3	2	2⅛
300 B. A. T. Co., ord. bear'r	17⅜	17⅛	17⅜
600 ‡Car L. & P.	3⅛	3	3⅛
1,100 Carwen Steel	10⅜	10¼	10⅜
1,000 Chev. Motor	70	67	68
800 Curtiss Aero.	38	37¼	37⅝
200 Ev. H., Inc.	23⅜	23⅛	23¼
200 ‡F.-Lynn P.	¾	¾	¾

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

20 Illinois Pipe Line	216	216	216
20 Ohio Oil Co.	350	348	348

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

6,000 ‡Allen Oil	1⅝	1½	1⅝
7,000 ‡Ark. Pet.	49	47	48
1,000 ‡B. O. & G.	2	1⅞	1⅞
32,000 ‡B.-W. Oil, (a pros)	50	47	47
400 ‡Con. M. Oil, (a pros)	43	43	43
5,500 ‡Cosden Oil	9⅝	8½	9¼
14,000 ‡Crosby P. (a pros)	50	42	50
1,100 Cum. P. & R	1⅛	1	
1,000 ‡Elk B. Pet.	10¼	10	10
2,700 ‡E. O. & G., (a pros)	⅜	⅜	⅜
1,800 ‡Esm. O. Co	¾	¾	¾
800 ‡Federal Oil	4½	4½	4½
5,000 ‡Filar Oil	⅛	⅛	⅛
25,000 ‡Glen-ock Oil	16	14	15⅜
1,000 ‡Gr. Pet'm	12¼	12¼	12¼
21,000 ‡K. U. C. Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼
4,700 Ken'a Oil, (a pros)	⅝	⅝	⅝
500 ‡K.-W. Oil	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
100 ‡Do pf	10	10	10
1,355 ‡Lost C. Oil	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
1,700 Acme C. H.	2¾	2¼	2¾
650 Al.-Brit.Col. Metals	⅝	⅝	⅝
4,500 ‡Als.-Corn., (a pros.)	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,000 ‡Atlanta	11	11	11
1,100 Big L. Cop.	1⅝	1½	1⅝
2,000 ‡Bon. & Mon.	65	64	65
2,100 ‡Brad. C. M.	¾	¾	¾
1,000 Butte C.& Z., v. t. ctfs.	9¼	9¼	9¼
1,200 Butte Det.	7⅞	7½	7⅞
9,500 ‡Caledonia	77	72	76
20,000 ‡Cal. & Jer.	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
2,500 Canada Cop.	2½	2⅜	2⅜
15,000 ‡‡ Do rights	2	1	2
5,700 ‡Cashboy	3	2	3
1,100 ‡Coco M.	1⅞	1¾	1⅞
2,500 Con. Ariz. Sm.	2	2	2
300 ‡Con. G. M.	70	68	70
5,500 Con. Cop. M.	10½	8¾	10¼
400 Con. Nat'l C.	6	5¾	5¾
500 Cres. Con. G.	6	5¾	5¾
1,500 ‡‡Dun.M.& M.	7	7	7
7,200 ‡Emma Con.	1	1	1
3,500 ‡‡Fort. Con.	36	33	36
2,500 ‡Gold Hill Con., (a pros.)	49	47	48
1,000 ‡Gold. Mor.	5½	5¼	5½
100 ‡Greenm. M.	10	10	10
570 Hecla Min.	9	8⅞	8⅞
100 ‡Hud. Tun.	13	10	13
500 ‡‡Jm. Butler	90	90	90
2,000 ‡Jer. Verde, a (pros.)	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
5,000 Jose.-Keune., (a pros.)	¾	2⅞	3¼
300 Kerr Lake	6¾	6½	6⅝
2,500 La R. Con.	⅞	⅞	⅞
7,500 ‡‡W. Caps Pet.	28	27	28
5,700 ‡‡Wilbert Min.	34	33	33
9,600 ‡Yerington	23	21	22

BONDS.

$16,000 ‡Beth. St'l 5s 2-yr. notes	98⅛	98	98
40,000 ‡Can. Gov. 5s	98⅝	98¼	98⅜
25,000 ‡C.-W. I. 5s	98⅝	98⅜	98⅜
6,000 ‡G. M. 2-yr. 6% notes	97¼	97¼	97¼

‡Odd lot. ‡Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Ask.
Aetna cfts. of deposit	5	6	5	6
Am. Br. pf	42	45	42	45
Am. Chicle	80	85	80	85
Am. Drug. S.	10	15	10	15
Am. Stores	..	..	35½	..
Do 1st pf.	99	99	99	99
Am. Writ. P.	8¾	9	8¾	9
Am. Writ. P. 8	8	8¼	8	8¼
Boyd Motors (a prospect)	3¾	4	3¾	4
Br.-Am. Tob., ordinary	18⅛	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜
Butt. Judson	60	65	60	65
Can. Nat. Gas	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
Carbon Steel	95	98	95	98
Charcoal Iron	4	5	4	5
Chalm. Mot.	8	8¼	8	8¼
Do pf	60	..	60	..
Cities Service	97	98¼	97	98¼
Cub. Motors	9	10	9	10
Cuyuna Iron	2	3	2	3
Dom. Tar	1	1¼	1	1¼
Emerson Phon.	1	1¼	1	1¼
Fed. Mtg. & Tr.	10	15	10	15
Fed. Mtg. & Tr. pf.	45	50	45	50
Gen. Motors	90	95	90	95
Gen. Motors pf.	90	95	90	95
Gen. Motors deb.	90	95	90	95
Gen. Motors Truck	100	105	100	105
Gen. Motors Truck pf.	100	105	100	105
Gen. Motors Truck deb.	100	105	100	105
Gen. Motors Truck rights	1	2	1	2
Gen. Motors Truck w. i.	100	105	100	105
Gen. Motors Truck w. i. pf.	100	105	100	105
Gen. Motors Truck w. i. deb.	100	105	100	105
Gen. Motors Truck rights	1	2	1	2
Gen. Motors w. i.	100	105	100	105
Gen. Motors w. i. pf.	100	105	100	105
Gen. Motors w. i. deb.	100	105	100	105
Gen. Motors

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

To the Stockholders of the E. I. duPont de Nemours and Company:

In the suit of Philip F. duPont and others against Pierre S. duPont and others, No. 340 in Equity, in the District Court of the United States for the District of Delaware, the Court has filed a decree, a copy of which is enclosed, finding that the purchase on their own behalf from T. Coleman duPont of the 50,314 shares of common stock and the 14,500 shares of preferred stock of the E. I. duPont de Nemours Powder Company by Pierre S. duPont and his associates, through the Delaware Securities Company, which was organized by Pierre S. duPont and his associates for the purpose of financing the purchase of said stock, acquired the same subject to the rights of the Powder Company therein; that the act of Pierre S. duPont and his associates in acquiring said stock on their own behalf and never been ratified or condemned in such a manner as to limit the rights of the E. I. duPont de Nemours Powder Company, and that at the time of the purchase of the stock by Pierre S. duPont and his associates and at all times subsequent thereto, the Powder Company was indebted to them in an amount of the paid stock and had on hand funds sufficient to enable it legally to make such a purchase.

The Court also found that the stockholders of E. I. duPont de Nemours and Company have the right to determine whether the said E. I. duPont de Nemours and Company shall acquire and receive the 50,314 shares of the common stock of E. I. duPont de Nemours Powder Company purchased by the defendants from T. Coleman duPont, carrying with the same the 126,028 shares of the common stock of E. I. duPont de Nemours and Company, less such sums of money with interest as were paid by the defendants for the purchase from T. Coleman duPont of the 50,314 shares of the common stock of E. I. duPont de Nemours and Company, and certain preferred stock of the Atlas Powder Company.

It further appears from said statements that the defendants have received since the purchase of the common and preferred stock from T. Coleman duPont on account of the 50,314 shares of the common stock and 14,500 shares of preferred stock of the E. I. duPont de Nemours Powder Company; from dividends upon the 126,028 shares of the common stock of E. I. duPont de Nemours and Company; from the sale of the preferred stock of the Atlas Powder Company; from sales of the 14,500 shares of preferred stock of the E. I. duPont de Nemours Powder Company; from the sale of certain Anglo-French bonds received as dividends on the 126,028 shares of the common stock of E. I. duPont de Nemours and Company; sums in cash, with interest thereon to May 1, 1917, in the aggregate largely in excess of the purchase price paid by the defendants for the 50,314 shares of the common stock and 14,500 shares of preferred stock of E. I. duPont de Nemours Powder Company.

The question, therefore, upon which the stockholders of the E. I. duPont de Nemours and Company must pass at the special meeting of stockholders now called, is as follows:

Do the stockholders now desire to acquire for the Company the 50,314 shares of the common stock of E. I. duPont de Nemours Powder Company formerly held by T. Coleman duPont, with the right to require the defendants to turn over the corresponding 126,028 shares of the common stock of E. I. duPont de Nemours and Company; and further to require the defendants to account for the cash which they have received in excess of the amount paid by them, with interest as the purchase price for the said 50,314 shares of the common stock and 14,500 shares of the preferred stock of E. I. duPont de Nemours and Company, and further to require the defendants to account for the Anglo-French bonds received by them as dividends and which have not been converted into cash.

For the information of the stockholders, it is proper to state that from the statements filed in this cause by the defendants, it appears that the Company desires to exercise the right to acquire said stocks, and to require the defendants to account for the excess in cash, and the Anglo-French bonds not converted into cash received by them thereafter, it will not be necessary for the Company to pay anything to the defendants, for they have been repaid in cash more than the amount paid by them, with interest, for said stocks purchased from T. Coleman duPont.

Notice is hereby given that the Special Meeting of the stockholders of the E. I. duPont de Nemours Company, in pursuance of the decree of the District Court of the United States for the District of Delaware, in the cause of Philip F. duPont et al. v. Pierre S. duPont et al., No. 340 in Equity, will be held on the Tenth day of October, 1917, at twelve o'clock noon, at the principal office of the Company, at Wilmington, Delaware, for the purpose of voting upon the following resolution to be submitted to said meeting under the decree of the Court aforesaid:

"RESOLVED, that the stockholders of E. I. duPont de Nemours and Company hereby determine that said corporation shall acquire and receive the 50,314 shares of the common stock of E. I. duPont de Nemours Powder Company purchased by said defendants from T. Coleman duPont, carrying with the same the 126,028 shares of the common stock of the E. I. duPont de Nemours and Company received as a dividend thereon, together with all other cash, stock and bond dividends, or the proceeds or value of such other stock and bond dividends, with interest or income thereon, paid to or realized by the defendants on the 50,314 shares of the common stock of the E. I. duPont de Nemours Powder Company, and that the 14,500 shares of preferred stock of said Company, after crediting on the amounts so paid by them such amounts as may have been received by defendants from the sale of the preferred said purchased as aforesaid from T. Coleman duPont, or the proceeds thereof, with interest, the exact figures, together with the proper calculations of interest thereon to be ascertained by an accounting to be taken under the direction of the Court, and less any sums for expenses connected with said purchases which may be allowed by the Court on such accounting."

The voting shall be by ballot, and the polls will remain open to receive the votes of the stockholders from 12 o'clock noon to 6 P. M. on the said Tenth day of October, 1917.

DANIEL O. HASTINGS,
Special Master.

Dated the Eighth day of September, 1917.

THE CONSOLIDATED COAL COMPANY OF ST. LOUIS.

FIRST MORTGAGE THIRTY-YEAR SIX PER CENT. SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS.

Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee under the First Mortgage, dated September 1, 1911, securing the aforesaid bonds, invites proposals for the sale to it of an amount of said bonds, at prices not exceeding par and accrued interest with five per cent. premium sufficient to exhaust, as nearly as may be, the sum of $18,193.41 now held in the Sinking Fund. All proposals should be for all or any part of the bonds offered, and should be enclosed in sealed envelopes and delivered to the Trustee at its office, 16 Wall Street, New York City, not later than 12 o'clock noon on September 15, 1917, after which notices will be mailed to holders of such bonds as may be accepted. Bonds so accepted must be delivered to the undersigned on or before September 25, 1917, with all coupons maturing on and after March 1, 1918.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.
By R. G. PAGE, Assistant Secretary.
September 4, 1917.

Rex Consolidated Mining Company

Transfer Office—United State Corporation Co.

28 Nassau Street, New York City, N. Y.

Stockholders are requested to have certificates of stock placed in their name so that they will receive notice of a Special Stockholders' Meeting and information regarding plans recommended by the Directors, which will give stockholders important rights.

L. E. Whicher, Pres't.,
28 Broad Street, New York City, N. Y.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

SINCLAIR GULF CORPORATION

First Lien Ten-Year Convertible Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds
Due March 1, 1927

Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee of the Mortgage dated March 1, 1917, under which the above-mentioned bonds were issued, hereby gives notice that the amount now on hand in the Sinking Fund provided pursuant to Article Three of such Mortgage is $360,770.00, and invites offers to be made to it, as Trustee, for the sale of such bonds on October 1st, 1917. Such offers must be sealed, be addressed to the Trustee, and be received by the Trustee, at its office, on or before 12 o'clock noon on September 20, 1917. From the bonds so offered the Trustee will purchase on October 1, 1917, for such Sinking Fund an amount sufficient to exhaust as far as may be the funds then in the Sinking Fund at the lowest price or prices so offered, but at prices not to exceed 110% of the face amount thereof, with interest accrued to October 1, 1917. Prior to such last date the Trustee will give notice to those whose offers may be accepted as that delivery of bonds purchased may be made to the Trustee on October 1, 1917. All offers should indicate the address where such notice may be mailed, and the time of the delivery at the option of the Trustee reserves the right to reject all or any part of the bonds so offered.

Proper Federal Income Tax ownership certificates covering the amount of accrued interest must accompany the accepted bonds when delivered to the Trustee.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By R. G. Page, Assistant Secretary.

TO HOLDERS OF EMPIRE GAS AND FUEL COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE AND COLLATERAL TRUST SINKING FUND SIX PER CENT. GOLD BONDS DATED MAY 1, 1916:

Proposals are invited to be made to BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, 16 Wall Street, New York City, as Trustee under the Indenture between EMPIRE GAS AND FUEL COMPANY and said Trustee, securing the aforesaid bonds, for sale to the Trustee, for account of the Sinking Fund provided for in said Indenture, of bonds of said issue at prices not to exceed 102½ and the principal of such bonds, plus accrued interest thereon to such date, as may be received by the Trustee on or before November 1, 1917, this company will deposit with the Trustee sufficient funds to retire on that date, at the redemption price of 102½ and accrued interest to said date, the bonds so purchased, or drawn for redemption, and the bonds equal in aggregate face value to $450,000, and it is the intention of said Trustee, pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture, to apply the funds that may be received by the Trustee from the sale or purchase or redemption of bonds of said issue, at not to exceed the price above mentioned, to the purchase or the procuring to be purchased by the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under the Indenture of Empire Gas and Fuel Company, dated May 1, 1916, of bonds of said issue, at not to exceed the price above mentioned, of bonds equal in aggregate face value to the amount of funds in Sinking Fund under Indenture of Empire Gas and Fuel Company, dated May 1, 1916, must be for all or any part of the bonds offered, and must be sealed by and bonds offered, and must be received by said Trustee at or prior to 3:00 o'clock P. M. on September 20th, 1917.

Advices as to bonds accepted will be mailed on or before September 27th, 1917, by Bankers Trust Company, Trustee.

Federal Income Tax Ownership Certificates covering accrued interest should accompany all accepted bonds.

Dated, September 8th, 1917.
EMPIRE GAS AND FUEL COMPANY,
By FRANK W. BRUEAUFF,
Vice President.

Pennsylvania Central Brewing Co.

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY, Trustee under the Mortgage of the Pennsylvania Central Brewing Company, dated October 29, 1907, invites proposals for the sale to the said Trustee of all or any part of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) of bonds secured by the said Mortgage proposals, to be addressed to the said Trustee at its office, Nos. 325-335 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, to be opened and acted upon Friday, September 14, 1917, at 12 o'clock M.

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY,
Wm. P. Gest, President.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

New York City, N. Y., Sept. 6, 1917.

A special meeting of the stockholders of JOHN MacGREGOR GRANT, INC., will be held on the 21st day of September, 1917, at 2 P. M., at the office of said company at No. 120 Broadway, in the City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase its capital stock from One Hundred Thousand (100,000) Dollars, consisting of One Thousand (1,000) shares of the par value of One Hundred (100) Dollars each, to Two Hundred Thousand (200,000) Dollars, to consist of Two Thousand (2,000) shares of the par value of One Hundred (100) Dollars each.

JOHN MacGREGOR GRANT, President.
JOHN B. GRAY, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of JOHN LANE COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 120 West 32d St., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, State of New York, on the 26th day of September, 1917, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

Dated New York, Sept. 12, 1917.
By order of the Board of Directors.
EMMA M. POPE, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

AMERICAN CAR AND FOUNDRY CO.

New York, September 4, 1917.

PREFERRED CAPITAL STOCK
DIVIDEND NO. 74.

A dividend of One and Three-Quarters Per Cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable Monday, October 1, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business Friday, September 14, 1917.

Checks to be mailed by the Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

H. C. WICK, Secretary. S. S. DeLANO, Treasurer.

AMERICAN CAR AND FOUNDRY CO.

New York, September 4, 1917.

COMMON CAPITAL STOCK
DIVIDEND NO. 74.

A quarterly dividend of One Per Cent. (1%) and an extra dividend of One Per Cent. (1%) on the Common Stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable Monday, October 1, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business Friday, September 14, 1917.

Checks will be mailed by the Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

H. C. WICK, Secretary. S. S. DeLANO, Treasurer.

THE AMERICAN BRAKE SHOE AND FOUNDRY COMPANY

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND ON PREFERRED AND COMMON STOCK.

The fourth installment of 2% of the 8% dividend upon the outstanding preferred stock and of 1¾% of the 7% dividend upon the outstanding common stock of The American Brake Shoe and Foundry Company, which were declared on August 25, 1917, will be payable on September 29, 1917, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. on September 21, 1917.

The board of directors of said company has also this day declared an extra dividend of 1% upon its outstanding preferred stock, payable on September 29, 1917, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. on September 21, 1917.

Checks will be mailed.

GEORGE M. JUDD, Secretary.
Dated, New York, September 11, 1917.

OFFICE OF
American Public Utilities Company
Grand Rapids, Michigan
DIVIDEND NO. 21

The Board of Directors of the American Public Utilities Company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) on the Preferred Stock, payable October 1st, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 30th, 1917. Transfer Books will reopen September 21st, 1917.

KELSEY, BREWER & CO.
OPERATORS

September 10th, 1917.

BETHLEHEM STEEL CORPORATION.
Notice of Dividends on Preferred, Common and Class B Common Stock.

The 2½% dividend upon the Common Stock and Class B Common Stock of Bethlehem Steel Corporation which was declared on August 14, 1917, and the third installment of 1¾% of the seven per cent. dividend upon the Preferred Stock of the Corporation which was declared on January 23, 1917, will be payable on October 1, 1917, to the respective holders of record of said stock at three o'clock P. M. on September 15, 1917; and the fourth installment on January 2, 1918, to the preferred stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. on December 15, 1917.

Checks will be mailed.

Dated September 1, 1917. B. H. JONES, Secretary.

UTILITIES SECURITIES CORPORATION

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND.

September 11th, 1917.

The Board of Directors has today declared a dividend of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. (1¾%) on the preferred stock of Utilities Securities Corporation payable September 27th, 1917, to the preferred stockholders of record at the close of business on September 17th, 1917. Checks will be mailed.

L. J. HART, Treasurer.

NATIONAL LICORICE COMPANY.

PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 61.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable on September 29th next to all Preferred Stockholders of record September 24th.

H. W. PETHERBRIDGE, Treasurer.
September 11th, 1917.

The New York Central Railroad Co.

New York, September 11, 1917.

A Dividend of One Dollar and Twenty-five Cents ($1.25) per share on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared payable November 1, 1917, at the office of the Treasurer, to stockholders of record at the close of business October 8, 1917.

EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

McADOO EXPLAINS BOND BILL

Senate Committee Hopes to Report on the Measure Tomorrow.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—For three hours today Secretary McAdoo explained to the Senate Finance Committee the necessities for the $11,000,000,000 war credit bill passed last week by the House. He did not conclude, and to-morrow will complete his statement, previously given to the House Ways and Means Committee. The Senate committee hopes to complete the bill tomorrow and report it Thursday to the Senate, where it will be given the right of way.

Secretary McAdoo was closely questioned by committee members, but it was said no serious opposition developed. It believed the bill can be passed, after minor committee changes are made, with comparatively brief debate. In the absence of Chairman Simmons, Senator Stone is presiding over the committee deliberations and will have charge of the measure in the Senate because of Senator Simmons's conference duties in connection with the tax bill.

Secretary McAdoo told the committee today that all of the $9,000,000,000 new bonds proposed in the bill for loans to the Allies probably would not be needed, but that it was desired to make the amount ample to meet any emergency.

The new bonds bear interest rate of 4 per cent. authorized in the bill for the new bonds appeared to meet with general approval, but some committeemen expressed doubt of the wisdom of the convertibility proposal and also of the taxation authorized.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Hugh R. Pritchett, senior member of the banking firm of Pritchett & Co., has received a commission in Red Cross work under Major G. M. P. Murphy, and will leave soon for his post in France.

Joseph A. Wiener have prepared a circular describing short-term securities maturing from six months to three years, which yield from 6.08 to 7.18 per cent. on the purchase price.

Newburger, Henderson & Loeb have issued a letter comparing the new Bethlehem Steel 8 per cent. preferred stock with a number of similar issues.

The annual scholarships given to the American Institute of Banking by the National City Bank of New York have been awarded to E. H. Bradbury and J. R. McCarter, both from the Kansas City chapter, and to Louis Hoffman from the Commercial National Bank of Kansas City, Kan.

The Railway Steel Spring Company will retire its outstanding $2,084,000 issue of 5 per cent. bonds on the next interest date, Jan. 1, 1918, at 105 and interest. In the interim the company will purchase any of these bonds at that price.

The Public Service Commission of Pennsylvania has granted the Duquesne Light Company of Pittsburgh, a subsidiary of the Philadelphia Company, permission to issue $6,271,000 securities to provide for existing obligations, extensions, &c.

The Newport News & Hampton Railway Gas Electric Company has filed notice of increase in its capitalization of $1,000,000 to provide for extensions and improvements.

Holyoke, Mass., has sold a temporary loan of $100,000 to Grafton & Co. at 4.07. Quincy, Mass., has sold a temporary loan of $100,000 to F. N. Bond & Co. at 4.00.

The American Brake Shoe and Foundry Company has declared an extra dividend of 1 per cent. on its preferred stock.

The Public Utilities Commission has approved the application of the Hocking Valley Railroad for authority to issue $5,000,000 5 per cent. gold notes, to run one year, maturing Nov. 1, 1917, and to be sold or pay and refund an issue of $4,000,000 5 per cent. notes, maturing Nov. 1, 1917, and to pay for improvements made.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-27	6	6.25	6.00
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'26	4½&5	5.25	5.00
Can. Northern	1918-'27	4½&5	5.50	5.00
Can. Pacific	1918-'27	4½	6.50	5.20
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	5.00	5.25
Chic. & N. W.	1917-'27	4½	5.25	5.00
Chi. R. I. & P.	1917-'27	4½&5	5.50	5.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'27	5	5.40	5.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'27	5	5.70	5.30
Cuba Railroad	1917-'26	6	6.25	5.25
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.40	5.00
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½&5	5.50	5.00
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	6.50	5.75
Ill. Central	1917-'27	4½&5	5.25	5.00
Louis. & Nash.	1917-'26	5	5.20	5.00
Mich. Central	1917-'30	5	5.20	5.00
Mo., Kans. & T.	1917-'27	5	5.50	5.30
N. Y. Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.90	5.30
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½&6	5.75	5.25
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1917-'32	4½&5	5.40	5.20
Nort. & Western	1917-'27	4½&5	5.20	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'27	4½&6	5.80	5.50
Penn. Gen. Ltr.	1917-'23	4 6½	5.15	4.85
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½&5	5.70	5.40
Seaboard Air L.	1917-'26	6	6.00	5.20
Southern Pac.	1917-'27	4½	5.20	5.00
Southern Ry.	1917-'27	4½&5	5.75	5.20
Union Tank Line	1918-'20	5	6.00	5.75

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.04	Jacket	.08
Alta	.02	Justice	.02
Andes	.01	Justice	.02
Best & Belcher	.02	Mexican	.08
Bullion	.02	Occidental	.00
Caledonia	.10	Ophir	.00
Challenge Con.	.04	Overman	.01
Chollar	.04	Potosi	.03
Confidence	.05	Savage	.03
Con. Imperial	.01	Seg. Belcher	.02
Con. Virginia	.01	Sierra Nevada	.17
Exchequer	.00	Union Con.	.45
Gale & Norcross	.02	Mexican dollars	.77½

TONOPAH.

Belmont	4.50	Great Bend	.11
Jim Butler	.60	Jumbo Ext.	.25
McNamara	.11	Kewanas	.10
Midway	.11	Silver Pick	.00
Monarch Pitts	.00	Spearhead	.08
North Star	.10	MANHATTAN.	
Rescue	.19	Big Four	.06
Tonopah Ext.	2.25	Consolidated	.22
Tonopah Nev.	6.50	Morning Glory	.22
West End	.11	Reed Top	.23
West Tonopah	.18	Union Con.	.23
GOLDFIELD.		White Caps	1.42½
Atlanta	.10	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Booth	.07	Louisiana	.06
Daisy	.05	Nevada Hills	.17
Florence	.10	Packard	.29
Fraction	.03	Rochester	.53
Goldfield Con.	.42	Round Mountain	.25
Goldfield Merger	.06	United Eastern	4.20

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	5¾	5¾	Granite	.40	.50
Dr. Jackpot	4	5	Isabella	.10	10¼
Elkton	5¼	7	McKinney	.12	12¼
El Paso	.25	.30	Portland	.140	142
Fanny R.	8¼	9	U. Gold M.	18¾	19¼
Gold Cycle	.205	.260	Vindicator	.69	.70
Gold Bov.	4¾	4¾			

DIVIDENDS.

GUANTANAMO SUGAR COMPANY.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of one dollar and twenty-five cents ($1.25) per share, or at the rate of two and one-half per cent. (2½%) on the stock of the Company for the quarter ending September 30th, 1917, payable October 1st, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 19th, 1917. The transfer books will not be closed.

F. H. CLARK, Secretary and Treasurer.
New York, September 11th, 1917.

CUBA CANE SUGAR CORPORATION.
Preferred Stock Dividend.

A quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share has this day been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Corporation for the quarter ending September 30th, 1917, payable October 1st, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 15th, 1917.

H. F. KROYER, Treasurer.
September 7th, 1917.

THE TEXAS COMPANY,
HOUSTON, TEXAS.

A dividend of $2.50 per share on the outstanding capital stock of this company has been declared by the Board of Directors, payable September 30th, 1917, to stockholders of record September 21st, 1917.

GUY CARROLL, Assistant Treasurer.
September 11th, 1917.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

New York September 11, 1917.

A dividend of two and one-half per cent. (2½%) on the Preferred Stock of Southern Railway Company has this day been declared by the Board of Directors, payable on Tuesday, November 20, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business Wednesday, October 31, 1917. F. S. WYNN, Secretary.

Yadkin River Power Company
Preferred Stock Dividend No. 6.

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarter per cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable October 1, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 15, 1917.

E. P. SUMMERSON, Treasurer.

Asheville Power & Light Company
Preferred Stock Dividend No. 22.

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of one and three-fourths per cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable October 1, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 15, 1917.

E. P. SUMMERSON, Treasurer.

CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT CO.

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 34.

The Board of Directors of this company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent. on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable October 1, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 15, 1917.

E. P. SUMMERSON, Treasurer.

Famous Players-Lasky Corporation.

At a meeting of the directors of the Famous Players-Lasky Corporation, held on the 10th day of September, 1917, a dividend of $2.50 per share, payable October 1st, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 27th, 1917, was declared.

Dated September 11th, 1917.

RALPH A. KOHN, Assistant Secretary.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

TUESDAY, SEPT. 11.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

GOUVERNEUR St, 25, e s, 74 ft n of Water; 20x90; Frederick Steinmetz to Charles Steinmetz, one year; attorney, Hunsman & Co.

MADISON AV, 1,480, s e cor 120th st, 25x100; Archibald Berman to Hyman Berman, 2 yrs; $1,000 and assumption; attorney, Wasservogel & Co.

MAIDEN LANE, 138, s s, 45 ft e of Pearl, 20x68; Mary F. Bertle to Pearl Realty Co.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co.

MAIDEN LANE, 138 also Fletcher st, 17, 19 and 21, s s, 20x68; Mary F. Bertle to Pearl Realty Co.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co.

MAIDEN LANE, 138, s s, corner of Fletcher st, 20x68; Mary F. Bertle to Pearl Realty Co.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co.

MURRAY ST, 20, s s, 50.6 ft e of Church, 20.6x90; Elizabeth A. Underhill to Manhattan Corporation, 32 Beaver st; mtg $40,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co.

PARK AV, 1,000, s e cor 59th st, 100.5x irr; Harry Whelan to Hudson Realty Co., 29 Liberty st; mtg $100,000; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

PARK AV, 1,000, s e cor 59th st, 100.5x irr; Hudson Realty Co. to Harry Whelan, 29 Liberty st; mtg $100,000; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

PARK AV, 1,000, s e cor 59th st, 100.5x irr; Harry Whelan to Hudson Realty Co., 29 Liberty st; mtg $100,000; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

RIVERSIDE DR, 1,000, s e cor 96th st, 100x irr; Hudson Realty Co. to Harry Whelan, 29 Liberty st; mtg $100,000; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

RIVERSIDE DR, 1,000, s e cor 96th st, 100

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

The realty market showed considerable activity yesterday, both sales and leases being of a larger and more important volume than has been the case for several days.

In the Grand Central Station zone a sale was made on Lexington Avenue which may ultimately result in a high-class improvement. It was the plot at 415 Lexington Avenue, northeast corner of Forty-third Street, 22.4 by 90, which was purchased by Edward Baer and Isidor H. Kempner from Fanny J. and Percy Allan Kirkwood of Oyster Bay. The old building on the plot is now used as a café, being under lease to Harrigan's Corporation until 1930, but it is said negotiations are pending for a purchase of the unexpired term of the lease. Some time ago a savings bank had an option on the property for $100,000. It occupies an eligible site, being opposite the easterly side of the Grand Central Station and diagonally opposite the new Hotel Commodore now under construction.

Wertheim & Clear and Brooks & Momand were the brokers in the sale.

Wooster Street Purchase.

The seven-story commercial building at 80 and 82 Wooster Street, 50 by 100, between Broome and Spring Streets, has been purchased from the Wardour Corporation by a syndicate headed by Clarence Payne. The property was held at $85,000, and is fully rented at $10,500 a year. The Charles F. Noyes Company was the broker in the sale and Stoddard & Mark represented the sellers as attorneys.

The purchaser is negotiating a resale with an out-of-town investor. The property was acquired by the Wardour Corporation several years ago through the Charles F. Noyes Company, which has made three sales on Wooster Street in the immediate vicinity during the last thirty days, and it is understood that other deals are pending in the same neighborhood.

Small Cliff Street Corner Sold.

In the downtown section the small parcel at 52 Fulton Street, southeast corner of Cliff Street, was sold by Goodale, Perry & Dwight for the Trevor Estate to an investor. It has been in the possession of the selling family for over forty years. The frontage is 8.8 on Cliff Street, 28 on Fulton, and a rear line of 14.8.

Sells East Side Residence.

The four-story residence at 79 East Seventy-ninth Street, 16 by 102.2, between Madison and Park Avenues, has been sold by Mrs. Richard Stein. John J. Kavanagh was the broker.

Tenement Investments.

The American Savings Bank has resold the five-story tenement on lot 27 by 100.5 at 63 East 133d Street, purchased for $20,000, at auction last Thursday by Arthur C. Sheridan.

The six-story tenement 509 East 117th Street, 30 by 100.10, has been purchased by Caroline E. Belknap from Rosario Rossi.

Dyckman Apartments Bought in for $390,000.

One of the largest foreclosure sales of apartment house property in the Dyckman section that has been seen since the building activity started there some time ago was held yesterday in the Vesey Street salesroom. The properties involved six five-story houses, partially completed, on Nagle and Post Avenues, between Dyckman and Academy Streets, including all but the corner parcels. The buildings are known as 9 to 23 Post Avenue and 158 to 188 Nagle Avenue, each house covering a plot 100 by 155. They were bought in by the plaintiff, S. W. Strauss, and others for a total of $390,000.

The action was brought against the 208 Fifth Avenue Corporation, Henry and Joseph Falk, to recover mortgage liens aggregating with interest over $428,000. The property was acquired by the builders in June last year from the Empire Trust Company. S. W. Straus & Co. financed the operation with a loan of $720,000. Joseph P. Day and Arthur C. Sheridan were the auctioneers.

Bronx Sales.

William Peters & Co. sold 820 McLean Avenue, Woodlawn Heights, for Mrs. Winnie Yaeger of Waterbury, Conn., to a client for business purposes.

The two-story dwelling on the southwest corner of Grand Avenue and Clinton Place, 25 by 100, has been sold by Charles W. Morse to Hattie W. Miller.

Brooklyn.

Walter S. Ross and C. C. Gretsinger sold for the Ovington Builders the one-family house on the north side of Eighty-second Street, west of Fourth Avenue, to a client for occupancy.

The Jerome Property Corporation sold a plot of ground on the South Side of Seventy-ninth Street, 180 feet east of Narrows Avenue, 160 by 120 feet, for E. Jackman to George W. Averill, who intends to improve the property with detached houses. The seller took in part payment a four-story eight-family apartment house located at 543 Fourth Street, between Eighth Avenue and Prospect Park West. The same brokers also sold 335 Ocean Parkway, near Beverly Road, a two-story and basement stone two-family house, for L. Weill to P. H. Houusstein. The purchaser gave in part payment a plot of lots on Tyndall Avenue, Bronx Borough, north of 259th Street, 140 by 120 by irregular.

L. F. Brauns sold the two-family brick dwelling, 20 by 100, 521 Seventy-fourth Street, for Sylas Terwilliger, to Augustus Ellis, who resold it to a buyer for occupancy; also the cottage, 38 by 100, with a garage at 142 Eightieth Street, for the Morrison-Alardyce Construction Company, and the two-family dwelling at 534 Seventy-fifth Street, for Emile E. Campbell.

I. Salzberg sold for G. Carr to I. Sandler No. 1615 Forty-ninth Street, a one-family dwelling on a lot 40 by 100.

Queens Borough Sales.

The Broadway Astoria Company has exchanged with the Interstate Land Corporation the property 35 by 143 on the north side of Flushing Avenue, 105 feet west of Debevoise Avenue, Long Island City, for the property 45 by 70 on the northeast side of Grand Avenue, twenty-four feet northwest of Second Avenue, Long Island City. The Broadway Astoria Company has also taken title to three plots on Grand Avenue, adjacent to the above property, with a frontage of sixty feet and a depth ranging from seventy to ninety feet. It will be developed with apartment houses.

J. F. McGuire sold to A. Nappi the plot 25 by 107 on the northeast corner of South Street and Larch Street, Jamaica.

The Royalton Realty Company sold to William H. Williams a plot 50 by 100 feet on the east side of Purdy Street 200 feet north of Potter Avenue.

L. Stier sold to C. May the dwelling on the southwest corner of Oxford Street and North Street, Woodhaven.

Connecticut Suburban Sales.

Arthur C. Sheridan sold at auction yesterday on the premises the estate of Emil V. Bigouronas at Stamford, Conn., for $6,100 to Dr. Jacob Nemsitin of Stamford.

L. Walter Lissberger has resold the eleven-acre Brookside estate at South Norwalk, Conn., on the Boston Post Road, which he purchased at auction last month conducted by Arthur C. Sheridan for $7,000.

Times Square Leases.

The International Millinery Company has leased for a term of years the store at 1,501 Broadway, in the Putnam Building, adjoining the entrance on the west side of Broadway, between Forty-third and Forty-fourth Streets. The lease was made through the Charles F. Noyes Company for Vincent Astor. The rental will aggregate $75,000.

Another lease said to have been closed in the Times Square section involves the three-story building at 121 West Forty-fifth Street, 38.4 by 82, which has been rented for ten years by William Leon from James H. Hebron for restaurant purposes. The aggregate rental will be about $100,000.

Long Island.

A plot of nine lots on the south side of Ocean Avenue, Far Rockaway, has been purchased by Martin Strauss, who owns adjoining property, giving him a frontage on the avenue of 300 feet. The sale was made by the Lewis H. May Company for Walter C. and Edwin A. Friedenberg and Minnie F. New, Trustee.

Commercial Leases.

Pease & Elliman leased for the Schulte Cigar Company to a client the store at 61 Church Street for a term of years.

Henry Hof has leased to H. Berkman the store at 521 Third Avenue for A. Jaworsky, and the store at 696 Third Avenue to J. Bonigan for Fannie Hellbronner.

Louis Schrag leased for Herman Younker the store in building 143 West Twenty-second Street, to the Edward B. Lickinson China Exporting and Importing Company.

Joseph P. Day has closed negotiations between the N. and W. J. Peck Company and the Forty-eighth Street Warehouse Company, which is the holding company for the Warner Sugar Refining Company, for a lease for a term of fifteen years, on the plot fronting 75 feet on the north side of East Forty-seventh Street and running through to the south side of Forty-eighth Street, with a frontage thereon of 75 feet, and being about 200 feet in depth, commencing 400 feet east of First Avenue. The plot is improved with two-story brick and frame buildings, and has access to the waterfront.

Fifth Avenue Dwelling Leased.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased, fully furnished, for the estate of Cecilia Borg, the forty-foot residence at 855 Fifth Avenue, directly adjoining the new home of Judge Elbert H. Gary, President of the United States Steel Corporation, at the southeast corner of Sixty-sixth Street, to Nicholas C. Partos, President of the Partola Manufacturing Company. This house was held at a yearly rental of $25,000.

Leases Libby Castle.

The old Libby Castle home in upper Washington Heights, formerly part of the C. K. G. Billings estate, purchased recently by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and offered to the city as a park, has been leased for one year by Winnifred T. Cook. William A. White & Sons were the brokers.

Gould Holding Company for Fifth Avenue Corner.

The 920 Fifth Avenue Corporation has been incorporated at Albany by Taylor, Knowles & Hack, attorneys, to take over the property at the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Seventy-third Street, 77.2 by 130.

It is now held in the name of the Seventy-third Street Realty Company, controlled by George J. Gould, which acquired it at foreclosure two years ago for $513,000 as the result of a suit brought by George J. Gould against his brother, Howard, and the latter's wife, Katherine Clemmons Gould. The present assessed value is $690,000.

Brokers in Indian Museum Deal.

The firm of Albert P. Ashforth acted as brokers in the purchase of the American Indian-Heye Foundation of the triangular block bounded by St. Nicholas Avenue, St. Nicholas Place, 150th and 151st Streets. Title to the property passed last week. The property was foreclosed from James K. Kennedy, Augustus Schenck, Mary G. Horton, and the Trustees of Annie Mary Avery. Five buildings cover the plot. The new museum building is nearing completion on the northwest corner of Broadway and 155th Street, the site of which was given by Archer M. Huntington.

New Factory for Newark.

The Turner Construction Company of New York, Buffalo, and Boston has received general contract from the Bristol-Myers Company for the erection of a reinforced concrete fatory building at Hillside, Newark, N. J. Building to be 77 by 100, one and one-half stories high.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Broadway, w s, 100 ft n of 218th St, 618.9x 121.2x irregular, vacant; Mutual Life Insurance Co. against M. A. Meyer et al.; F. L. Allen, attorney; due on judgment, $130,975.74; taxes, &c., $1,727.10; to the plaintiff for $80,000.

By Samuel Marx.

Houston St, 111-117, s w corner of Chrystie St, 100x164.9, eight-story Thomashefsky Theatre building; adjourned to Sept. 18.

2d Av, 2,450, e s, 19.11 ft s of 126th St, 26.8x100, five-story tenement and store; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., administrator, against Robert Bader; Geller, R. & H., attorneys; due on judgment, $13,125.01; taxes, &c., $450.01; to the plaintiff for $18,000.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

Post Av, 9-15, e s, 100 ft n of Dyckman St, 100x155, five-story apartment; S. W. Straus, trustee, against 302 Fifth Avenue Corporation et al.; Action 1; S. T. Stern, attorney; due on judgment, $90,491.15; to the plaintiff for $80,000.

Post Av, 17-23, e s, 200 ft n of Dyckman St, 100x155, five-story apartment; same against same; Action 2; due on judgment, $90,401.15; to the plaintiff for $80,000.

Nagle Av, 152-88, w s, 400 ft n of Dyckman St, 100x155, five-story apartment; S. W. Straus, trustee, against 302 Fifth Avenue Corporation et al.; Action 8; S. T. Stern, attorney; due on judgment, $40,315.18; to the plaintiff for $30,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

Nagle Av, 158-64, w s, 100 ft n of Dyckman St, 100x155, five-story apartment; same against same; Action 5; due on judgment, $83,549.34; to the plaintiff for $75,000.

Nagle av, 166-72, w s, 200 ft n of Dyckman St, 100x155, five-story apartments; same against same; Action 6; due on judgment, $83,540.34; to the plaintiff for $75,000.

Nagle Av, 174-80, w s, 300 ft n of Dyckman St, 100x155, five-story apartment; same against same; Action 7; due on judgment, $40,315.18; to the plaintiff for $30,000.

Lewis St, 32 e s, 149.3 ft n of Broome St, 25x100; Margaret Ward and another against Millie Mayers et al; Cary & C., attorneys; due on judgment, $28,279.17; taxes, &c., $316.07; to the plaintiff for $18,000.

Avenue D, 101, w s, 73 ft n of 7th St, 24.4x 115, five-story front and four-story rear tenements; Lawyers Mortgage Company against Sarah Schlesinger et al; Cary & C., attorneys; due on judgment, $21,432.10; taxes, &c., $840.09; to the plaintiff for $18,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

St Ann's Av, 107, w s, 25 ft n of 132d St, 25x74.11, five-story flat; adjourned to Oct. 13.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

Walton Av, 1,064, e s, 136.3 ft n of 165th St, 20x100, three-story dwelling; adjourned to Sept. 18.

By Joseph & Co.

St. Ann's Av, 109, w s, 50 ft n of 132d St, 25x74.11, five-story flat; adjourned to Oct. 13.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

53d St, 437 East, for a one-story brick garage, 83x200; Warc Baking Co., George S. Ward, President, Southern Boulevard and St. Mary's Place, owner; Otto Strack, 220 East 23d St, architect; cost, $20,000.

Cooper St, 9 and 11, for a one-story brick garage, 18.1x25; Cerl Realty Co., 578 West 130th St, owner; Neville & Bagge, 105 West 40th St, architects; cost, $500.

Clover St, w s, 128.7 ft n of St. Raymond's Av, for a one-story frame dwelling, 21x28; Pasquale Glaccobbi, 1,708 Zerega Av, owner; B. Ebeling, 2,400 Westchester Av, architect; cost, $2,100.

Bainbridge Av, e s, 111.6 ft n of 196th St, for a one-story brick garage, 33x18; Tessie McCort, 2,750 Bainbridge Av, owner; Moore & Landsdell, 3d Av and 148th St, architects; cost, $700.

Belmont Av, e s, 185.8 ft n of Fordham Road, for a one-story steel garage, 50x18; Anchor Corrugated Construction Co., 2, K. Berlin, 140 Washington St., President, owner; Benjamin Ascher, 140 Washington St, architect; cost, $1,200.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

105th St, 154 and 158 East, to a four-story stable; Mrs. Olga J. Hillard, 58 Central Park West, owner; Nathan Langer, 81 East 125th St, architect; cost, $5,000.

Broadway, 2,786, to a three-story market and salesroom; William Mitchel, 44 Wall St, owner; Samuel D. V. Harned, 848 Herkimer St, Brooklyn, architect; cost, $7,000.

8TH ST, 53 West, to a six-story store and factory building; the Manhattan Savings Institution, M. Bird, President, owners; A. F. L. & A. Cary, architects; cost, $5,000.

32D ST, 120 East, to a four-story garage; George H. Shaffer, 673 Madison Av., owner; L. Wortmann and H. H. Braun, 114 East 28th St, architects; cost, $5,000.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 236; Eugene Maute against Elizabeth Mueller, owner; Hannah Elias, contractor.....$212

127TH ST, 125 West; Abraham B. Scheuermann against William Lustgarten & Co., Inc., owner and contractor.....$299

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Bronx.

BRIGGS AV, n w corner of 201st St, 100x 100; Conway Co. against John L. Fox Co. et al., Aug. 25, 1917.....$1,935

SAME PROPERTY; M. F. O'Neill, Inc., against John Fox Co., Inc., et al., Aug. 24, 1917.....$3,401

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORTGAGE MONEY

ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, Inc.

Mortgage Department

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Telephone Rector 4090

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An opportunity to purchase an exceptional bargain in the handsome residence,

No. 24 West 76th Street,

having every modern improvement. Caretaker in charge.

Brokers protected.

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318 WEST 76TH STREET

Remodeled Private Residence.

Large rooms, four baths, hardwood floors; electric light; newly decorated.

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20 miles from Grand Central, 8 acres, consisting of brook, woodland, gardens and lawns, great century old oaks. The setting we can never offer again. English stone and half timber house, 11 rooms, 3 baths, garage and stable, with outbuildings. Ground worth $40,000; house would cost $30,000 to build. Immediate sale price $50,000. Terms.

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8 room house	$45
8 room, 2 family apartment	$45
9 room house, modern improvements	$65
10 rooms, 2 baths	$65
8 rooms, rustic surroundings	$70
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WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES.

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Small Farm Buyers, Wake Up!

Do you not realize that OPPORTUNITY is knocking at your door RIGHT NOW? You read every day of the alarming shortage of farm produce. YOU KNOW the prices you are NOW paying for potatoes, poultry, eggs and garden truck. There never was a time when you could be so sure of a BIG SUCCESS in poultry, fruit and garden farming as NOW!

I have the FARMS; ready to move in at once, from 2 to 5 acres, good buildings and rich garden soil, in town of 9,000 people, hour from New York, near station, stores, school and trolley, and they are the best BARGAINS on Long Island.

Call or write for lists and pictures.

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WONDERFUL BARGAIN

$12.50 Per Lot

22 lots, 45,000 square feet, at $12.50 per lot; will sell for $275; all you need is $25 cash, balance $3 per month; the property is high and dry; short walk to station and river; boating, bathing and fishing; excellent climate for poultry raising; plenty of work on nearby millionaires' estates; why live in crowded city when you can enjoy and own your own home in good healthy country for less money than you pay rent? Call or write for free tickets to inspect this property. B. Estate, 243 West 34th St., N. Y. City.

IDEAL BUNGALOW

overlooking the ocean, 5 rooms, bath; panel walls, beamed ceilings; large open fireplace; all modern improvements, gas, electricity, &c.; large garden plot; select neighborhood; 3 minutes' walk to sandy bathing beach; 40 minutes out; $250 cash, balance very easy terms. B., BUNGALOW, 243 West 34th St., N. Y. City.

Bargain, Modern Colonial Home,

10 Rooms, tiled bath; large garage; corner lot 125x200. Trees, fruits and shrubs. South Shore; one thousand commuters. Price $10,000. Terms to suit. Photo. R. C. GILLIES, 101 Park Ave., N. Y.

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6-room house, needs repairs; convenient to station and trolley; one hour from city; sell to quick buyer $100 cash, balance $12 per month. B. THOMAS, 243 W. 34th St., N. Y. City.

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IF YOU HAVE $300

Are Socially Eligible for Membership IN COUNTRY CLUB

Can Pay $50 a Month for 3 Months, and Then Easy Monthly Payments Like Rent,

YOU CAN OWN THIS COLONIAL HOUSE, built on large shaded plot in attractive Northern New Jersey Club Colony; 14 miles out; 7 large rooms, tiled bath; wide porches; big open fireplace in living room; model gas kitchen; steam heat; half block from Golf Course and Club House. P. DELMONT, 50 Church Street, Room 178, N. Y. City.

4-Room Bungalow .265

For Spring, Fall, and Summer use for the whole family; containing living room, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, sanitary toilet, rubblestone fireplace and latticed piazzas; can be completed in 8 days, ready to live in, for $265 cash; ideal for week-ends and Summer use, this year and every year; ¼-acre bungalow plots, $100 to $225 additional, according to location selected, and the plot may be paid for $10 down and $5 monthly, with immediate possession; location, Cedar Knolls, in the mountains adjoining Morristown, N. J.; elevation 500 feet; 30 miles from New York; 75 trains daily; 65 bungalows built and occupied by congenial people, and only a few more can be accommodated. Send for booklet and maps.

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Seven-room house, gas, electric light, hot-water heat, tiled bath, large panelled dining room; lot, 50x200 with garage; chicken house with large run; plenty of fruit and shade trees; one block from trolley, and 10 minutes from R. R. Station; 30 minutes from New York. Price only $5,500. Small cash payment, balance easy terms.

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The features of this estate are impossible of description. The advantages can only be appreciated by a personal inspection.

A little over 5 acres, high elevation, excellent views. House of modern architecture. 5 master bedrooms, 3 baths, 3 servants' rooms and bath; 5-car garage, stable; cottage, 4 rooms and bath; artesian well water, complete sewerage system; 2-acre lawn, tennis court, formal gardens.

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To Effect Quick Sale. Terms To Suit Responsible Buyer.

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Will pay for and $38 is the price of high—dry—cleared lots 25x100. Small payment down. New Jersey Town, 6,000 inhabitants, 4 Railroads, 100 trains daily, 14 Factories—Banks—Schools—Stores, etc. Send for Free R. R. Tickets.

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Suitable Manufacturing Jewellers, &c.

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25x95, elevator, heat; suitable for light mfg.; exceptionally good light.

LARGE CORNER STORE, $900

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STORE For past 20 years a successful delicatessen store; well located, in heart of high-class apartment section; suitable any business; will give lease.

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Ideally located salesroom or accessories; especially fine show windows; moderate rent.

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3 modern floors to let for business in refined mercantile building. This new building now ready for inspection. All further information on premises.

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17 Rooms—4 Baths—2 Lavatories

Completely renovated. Hot water and steam supplied from adjoining building; new plumbing and electric fixtures; windows on 3 sides; exceptionally deep house; ready October 1st; will decorate to suit.

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HIGH CLASS APARTMENTS OF

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Convenient to subway. Buses pass door.

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7th Av., 1919, Corner 116th; one block to subway and "L" express station; one eight room corner Apartment, six rooms on street; continuous uniformed elevator service; $1,000; also eight large, airy rooms in adjoining building, light four sides, $780. These apartments are ready. Why not move now at your leisure, avoid the rush, and save money?

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All improvements; superior service; A1 references indispensable. Apply Supt., Prem., or

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4-5-6 Rooms High-class apts. Hall service. large, light and sunny rooms, all outside. walk-up

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Modern House. Fireproof.

Exceptionally attractive view.

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FIREPROOF.

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A new 12-story Apartment House. One block from 91st Street Subway Station. Southern exposure; every room an outside room; abundance of light and air.

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$65. $75. $85. $100. $115. $150

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With 1 and 2 Baths.

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Only Two Apartments for Rent.

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One Two-Room, Non-Housekeeping Apt.

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5-6-7 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths

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Two Blocks East of Amsterdam Av. High-Class Elevator Apartments.

5-6-7 Elegant large rooms; exclusive residential section; near subway & "L" Rents Reasonable

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1 and 2 rooms with bath.

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ALSO LARGER APARTMENTS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED. ALL ROOMS LIGHT AND AIRY.

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Exceptional accessibility, subway express station at corner, "L" station within two blocks; surface cars within half a block.

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9 Rooms—3 Baths

$2,800

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High Class Apartments of

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Riverside Drive, 156th to 157th St.

Modern Twelve Story Fireproof Apartment. Near Subway. For lease from Oct. 1st.

5 rooms, $750 to $780; 7 rooms, $1,100 to $1,300; 8 rooms, $1,400 to $1,500; 9-10 rooms, $1,600-$2,000. With two or three baths. Apply to Manager on Premises, Audubon 6400, or

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EXCLUSIVE DUPLEX

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENT

9 ROOMS, 2 BATHS

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FOUR ROOMS AND BATH.

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CORNER ST. NICHOLAS AV. & 119TH. EXCEPTIONAL SUNNY APARTMENT. Large closets, home house, full service, only $65; one other for $50. Janitor, or

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Six Rooms and Bath. All improvements. **Rent $45.00**

Park st., private rear, "L" and Subway Stations

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Corner Apartment.

8 and 9 Rooms, 2 Baths

$2,000 to $2,200.

Modern Fireproof Apartments

Very attractive, and must be seen to be appreciated.

Southern Exposure. Abundance of Light and Air.

Representative on premises, or

SLAWSON & HOBBS - Agents

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High class 10 story fireproof house

S.W. Cor. 161st St. & B'way

Corner Apartment

8 Rooms

2 baths, 3 toilets, large foyer. Spacious closets, butler's pantry.

IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY

5 & 7 Rooms

With large foyers, pantries. Large closets, 2 baths.

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1 West 68th St., Cor. Central Park W.

7 Rooms, 2 Baths,

$1,500 TO $2,200.

300 Central Park West

13 ROOMS, 3 BATHS, $4,000
8 ROOMS, 2 BATHS, $2,100
5 ROOMS, 1 BATH, $900

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High Class Elevator Apartments. 3 to 8 Rooms, $10 Per Room.

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High-class elevator apartments, 8 rooms, 1 and 2 baths, $900 to $1500.

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Near Broadway, 204 West 109

4 & 5 Rooms

$30 to $45

Steam, bath, electricity, telephone, parquet floors, hardwood finish; beautiful entrance; select family.

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Efficient Management

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JACKSON HEIGHTS
Garden Apartments
JUST COMPLETED
are only 19 minutes from Grand Central Station
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6 Rooms & 2 Baths, $54 to $64 — 3 Rooms & Bath, $30 to $40
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Tennis Courts, Bowling Alleys, Basket Ball Courts, Playgrounds, etc.
TAKE THE SUBWAY and transfer at Grand Central Subway Station, to Queensboro Subway, direct to 25th St. Station (Free Transfers.)
Time 20 Minutes
Illustrated Descriptive Booklet, with Floor Plans, &c., upon request.
THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION
Renting Office, Opposite 25th St. Subway Station. Tel. Newtown 764.

35 Manhattan Square North
81st St., Bet. Columbus Av. & Central Park West
9 Rooms, 3 Baths, 4 Master Bed Rooms
A single suite may be leased now at a moderate rental, for October occupancy, in this modern apartment building, which is administered under the personal supervision of the owner. All outside rooms, with southern exposure, facing Manhattan Square Park. Owner's representative on premises.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION—NEW BUILDING
6 ROOMS, 2 & 3 BATHS
7 ROOMS, 3 BATHS
ATTRACTIVE RENTALS
Renting Agent on Premises.
103 East 84th St. Adjoining Park Ave.
Unusually Large, Well Arranged, Light Rooms.
Apply to Your Own Broker or to
Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Ave.
George Neiman, 437 Fifth Ave.
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ONE APARTMENT
8 Rooms, 3 Baths
Includes 2 Maids' Rooms.
Rental $2,000.
ONE APARTMENT
5 Rooms, 2 Baths
GROUND FLOOR,
SUITABLE FOR PHYSICIAN.
Rental $1,350.
Apply to Superintendent.
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At West End Ave.

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Conceded the finest on the Heights.
Highest type fireproof Apartments. Overlooking the Hudson and Hispanic Museum grounds.
8 & 9 Rooms, 3 Baths.
Only 2 Apartments on a floor.
One 8-Room Apartment Suitable for Physician.

The Somerset and Wallace
855 Edgecombe Ave.—568 West 140th. Park Thoroughfare, S. E. Cor. B'way.
3 & 4 Rooms. 7 Rooms.
Ideally situated, unusually large.
REASONABLE RENTAL.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO. 3187 B'way, at 157th St.

400 WEST 118TH STREET
NEAR COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.
7 ROOMS 2 Toilets $1,050
5 Rooms, Bath..... $600
7 Rooms, 2 Toilets... $960
W. ALANSON ALEXANDER,
603 5TH AV. TEL. 2718—MURRAY HILL.

REAL VALUES
94th St. near Riverside
Elevator Apartments, All Improvements
314 W.-5-7 Large Light Rooms; $900 to $1,050.
315 W.-5-6 Light Rooms and Bath; $42.50 to $55.
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501 West 178th St.
Corner Amsterdam Avenue
Attractive Apartments. Elevator and Switchboard Service. Moderate Rentals. Apply
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES
410 West End Av.
One Block from Subway Station.
5 Rooms $1200-1300
Elevator and All Modern Conveniences.
610 W. 111th St.
One Block from Subway Station.
5 & 6 Rooms, $840-$1000
Elevator; Exceptionally Desirable.
GOODALE, PERRY & DWIGHT, Arts., Riverside 975. 2705 Broadway (103d)

THE ENDYMION
352 WEST 117TH ST.
Near park, close to transit; six and seven rooms, full service; home use; tenants stay years; rents very low to right families; only $45 to $67.50. Superintendent, or
WILCOX & SHELTON,
2,107 7TH AVE., AT 125TH ST.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

"VANDERBILT STUDIOS."
62-64 EAST 34TH ST.
Adjoining Vanderbilt Hotel.
1 & 2 Rooms, Unusual Apartments & **Studios.**
Telephone 2838—Madison R. S. KAMIN 277 5th Av., or premises.

2 Rooms & Bath, Non-Housekeeping
Cor. 44th St. and Madison Av. (726 Mad. Av.).
Cor. 45th St. and Madison Av. (25 East 45th).
Cor. 48th St. and Madison Av. (25 East 48th).
Rooms or Suites. Apply to janitor or to
MALSEY & FLINT, 7 East 42d St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. MANHATTAN—East Side.

BACHELOR
691 Madison Ave. N. E. Cor. 62d St.
Parlor, Bedroom, and Bath,
Furnished or Unfurnished.
Service Included.
RENTS $480 TO $720.
Apply on premises, or to
MOORE & WYCKOFF
546 Fifth Ave., 45th St. Tel. 1263 Bryant
APARTMENTS

LA SALLE CHAMBERS
26 East 60th St.
5 Rooms, suitable for doctor....$1500
1 Room, 21x25, and Bath.....$1100
Studio 21x29, 19 Ceiling.....$1500
Studio 16x21, 19 Ceiling.....$1200
Apply on premises, or
BING & BING, 119 WEST 40TH ST.

VERY DESIRABLE CORNER
Physician's Apartment
8 ROOMS, 2 BATHS, $2,000
All modern improvements and conveniences.
1261 Madison Av., cor. 90th
Duff & Conger, Inc., Agts., Mad. Av. & 85th St.

35TH ST., 152 EAST, Near Lexington Av.
High-Class Ground Floor Apartment.
6 Elegant rooms, 2 bath and 2 store rooms; suitable dentist, doctor or private family; hall service day & night. Prem. or
Franklin L. Partridge, 49 Wall St. Hanover, 4642.

109-111 EAST 56TH STREET
NEAR PARK AVENUE
Select studio apartments, large and light, one and two rooms and bath. Elevator and maid service. Supt. on premises, or HALL & BLOODGOOD, 542 Fifth Av. Tel. Vanderbilt 1732.

944 PARK AV.
Seven and eight rooms, 2 baths, $1,400 and $1,500; excellent service. Owner on premises.

75 EAST 81ST ST.,
NORTHWEST CORNER PARK AVENUE.
High class Apartments, six, seven, eight rooms; $75, $85, $95, $100 upward; service unexcelled.

Exceptional Studio Apartments
59th, 67 E. 2 Beautiful, extra large light, elegantly decorated rooms, kitchenette. $45 to $40
Huberth & Huberth, Columbus—9364.

BRONX.

MOST MODERN
APARTMENTS
NOW LEASING
4=5=6 extra large rooms; all conceivable improvements; $32-$54
12 Min. to 42d St.
163d St. and Teller Ave.
NIEWENHOUS BROS., Owners,
393 E. 163d St. Tel. Melrose 9799.

BROOKLYN.

"THE DANDRIDGE"
415 Washington Ave.
5-room apartment in this high-class elevator building, with all latest improvements; telephone service day and night. Convenient to all transit.
Apply to Superintendent on Premises.

"THE MILRAE,"
872 ST. JOHN'S PLACE.
4 and 5 room apartments for people who desire a modern apartment at exceptionally low rent; located near Eastern Parkway and Prospect Park; convenient to all car lines and subway. Telephone service.
RENT, $36 and $45.
Apply to Janitor on Premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

530 MANHATTAN AVE. COR. 122D
Near 125th St. "L" and Subway. Nr. Columbia
420 W. 119TH ST. College
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
2-3-4-5 ROOMS
KITCHENS AND KITCHENETTES $22-$65
Tel. Morningside 3927. Owner on premises.

BROOKLYN.

"THE DANDRIDGE"
415 Washington Ave.,
Bet. Greene & Gates.
5-room furnished apartment, high-class elevator building, with telephone service night and day; convenient to all transit. Apply Superintendent, on premises.

REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

119TH ST., just east of Lenox Ave.—3-story and basement dwelling, 11 rooms and bath, 17.6x100.11; can be bought cheap for a small amount of cash. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Telephone John 5700.

HENRY BRADY,
REAL ESTATE,
200 West 23rd St.; Tel. Chelsea 7900.

103D, 303 WEST.
Beautiful home, ten rooms, two baths; inspection 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

KEW GARDENS.
SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE.....$9,000
EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE.....9,500
NINE-ROOM HOUSE, (2 BATHS)..11,500
BUILDER, J. K. TURTON, 101 PARK AV.
PHONE 20 RICHMOND HILL. PHONE 0028 MURRAY HILL.

11 rooms, 3 baths, all modern improvement, overlooking Long Island Sound; 2 blocks to station, bathing beach; price, $13,000; terms can be arranged to suit purchaser; several ideal locations, 100x100, for building. Address B. H., 70 Times.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

ATTRACTIVE NEW COTTAGE overlooking Hudson; 8 rooms, 2 baths, lavatory, North Yonkers; terms reasonable; price, $9,500. Also several bargains in cottages. Van Ness Bros., 6 So. B'way, Yonkers.

For rent, Mount Vernon, desirable 8-room house; fine location; convenient to 2 stations; rent, $37 and water tax; possession Oct. 1. Cooley Realty Co., 39 Prospect Av. Phone 5400.

WESTCHESTER.—County rentals, $60 upward. Clarence G. Martens, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

Bronxville.—Attractive stucco house, near station; rent $75. Telephone 7528 Murray Hill.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Handsome five-room bungalow, block from private bathing beach and harbor; great fishing and boating, club, &c.; large, airy rooms, modern improvements, connecting bath with bedrooms; will decorate to suit owner's taste; large plot, lawn, shrubs, hedge, &c.; makes dandy year-round home; near trolley; easy commute to New York; will sell reasonable on easy terms to quick interested party. Bungalow Owner, 280 Times Downtown.

Cozy small home, with two full acres of fine cultivating farm land, fruit and shade trees; makes an ideal home for small family wanting a place to raise vegetables, fruit, poultry, &c.; good locality, stores, schools, &c.; price, $1,450, on easy terms to right party. For details to visit write to Cozy Home, 277 Times Downtown.

HANDSOME 7-ROOM HOME.
Large, airy rooms; heat, gas, electricity; modern kitchen and bath, porch; beautiful plot, all plants; will trade for city vegetables and flowers, near trolley, school, stores, and station; owner will sell reasonable to interested party for $200 cash and balance monthly. Mack, 234 Times Downtown.

Should you be looking for an old house having plenty of ground for farming and chickens, house needing some small repairs; good section; near station and bay; full price $1,450, for $100 down and $10 monthly; write or call at once for further details and tickets, B Store, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

At Elmhurst.—8-room cottage, with all improvements, including sewer, &c., on a plot 40x100; one block from station and ½ blo.k from trolley; a bargain; must be seen to be appreciated. Address X 284 Times Annex, or telephone 1561 Franklin.

$100 down on 6-room house, with improvements; nice town, not far out; just the place to raise some vegetables and poultry; will take balance at $12 a month from responsible party. Write or call at once to B., Owner, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

"A MOVE TO LONG ISLAND IS A WISE MOVE."

$25 cash and $5 monthly will buy dandy two-acre farm; fine fruit and shade trees; best soil; near lake. Farm, 285 Times Downtown.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, open quiet floors, beamed ceilings, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Malden Lane. John 5047.

GILLETTE.
Exceptional opportunity, six-room house, bath, steam heat, electric light; chicken house, fruit trees; two acres; beautiful location, six minutes station, Lackawanna; $4,200, required $1,500. Apply owner, W. Palmer, Gillette, Morris Co., N. J.

IF YOUR RENT is $800 a year or more you can buy my modern 9-room-and-bath home, all improvements, fully decorated, at a less monthly outlay, and in a few years you own it; 30 minutes out on Erie, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

RIDGEWOOD, N. J.—For Sale or to Let, 10-room cottage; all improvements; electric motor pump, telephone, &c.; 4 acres; shade trees, fruit; barn-garage and large chicken run; stream running through property; two miles from station, (Erie.) S. S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN, 120 Broadway, N. Y. Ridgewood, N. J. Rector 7718. Tel. 555.

Upper Montclair.—Ten minutes to station, splendid 12-room residence, on highly restricted residential street; 2 open fireplaces, 2 baths, 3 master's bedrooms, 2 servants' rooms; every modern improvement; 100-foot plot; garage; privet hedge; price $11,000, less than cost of buildings; terms to suit; possession at once. W. B. Camp, 220 West 20th St., New York.

Rebuilt house, Westfield, nine large rooms, gas, electricity, and furnace heat; plot 100x175; improved street; $5,500; easy terms; house would cost $6,500 to build; lot worth $2,000. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg., New York.

AN UNUSUAL BARGAIN.
For immediate sale, high-class six-room house; large plot; restricted nearby suburb; $6,000; beautifully furnished, $7,500. Owner, W. M., 98 Times.

Exceptional value, new six-room house, on acre plot; all improvements; excellent neighborhood; $5,200. Write for particulars to Smith-Singer Co., Glen Rock, N. J., (adjoining Ridgewood.)

RUTHERFORD, N. J.
To let, comfortably furnished house, four bedrooms; located central residential section; convenient to trains and trolley; $60 per month; owner going South. Y 128 Times.

New house at Plainfield, choice location, two baths, beautiful finish, sleeping porch, &c.; $8,500; terms like rent; send for photo. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg., New York.

A commuter's town home, four acres; modern 8-room house, barn, poultry house, orchard. Frank Stevens, Ridgewood, N. J.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

Nyack-on-Hudson, three-story dwelling; sacrifice; rent $40; ferry, Erie station, city commutation. Peter De Pew, Nyack, N. Y.

Massachusetts—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale—Sacrifice, fine home; no brokers. Elmer Bowen, Enfield, Mass.

Real Estate.

FACTORY
FOR SALE OR RENT,
42,000 SQ. FT. FLOOR SPACE,
IN ONE-STORY BUILDINGS.

5 Acres Land; Railroad Sidings; Property on Main Line; Station One Block; Near Lake; 500 Horse Power; Boilers, Engine; Sprinkler System, Heat, &c.

TERMS.
CHICAGO DROP FORGE AND FOUNDRY CO.,
447 to 517 Kensington Av.,
Kensington Station, Chicago, Ill.

For Sale, Rent, Exchange—Furnished or unfurnished, five-story American basement; modern improvements; tiled bathrooms; below 116th St., Riverside Drive; country dwelling. Y 223 Times Annex.

For Sale—5½ acres, with 6-room semi-bungalow house; hot-water heat, electric light, bath, large barn, poultry houses, horse, wagon, &c.; $7,000. W. D. McCombs, Port Jervis, N. Y.

Farms
New York State—For Sale or to Let.

Farms at all prices. Write for pictures and details. Slocum Agency, 141 Broadway.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Country estate, Boonton, N. J., 30 miles from N. Y.; 14 large rooms, 3 baths, entirely modern; 25 acres, gardener's cottage, stable and garage; 400 feet frontage on private lake. J. H. Himmelman, Boonton, N. J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

41st, 449 West.—Ground floor, 50x100; good for automobile storage and repair; low rent.

Store to sublet, Broadway, near 110th St.; good location for gent's furnisher or ladies' wear. 2,895 Broadway.

Light private office near Times; stenographer, phone; all conveniences ready. G 154 Times.

Office to sublet cheap; light, all conveniences. Florentine, 116 West 32d St.

MADISON AV., 926, (73d.)—Large store. Inquire 460 Bryant.

Large corner store, good business section; 222 Lexington Av. Houlihan, Mur. Hill 582.

Use of desk, well-furnished office, $5; every convenience. Duane, 300 B'way, Room 807.

Loft, 42x77, at 630 1st Av. Tel. 3015 Morningside.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted, ground floor, suitable for storing motor trucks, 50x100. Fitzgerald, 1,777 Broadway. Phone 8457 Columbus.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

INDIVIDUAL
Fireproof concrete Garages—West 144th Street, near Lenox Avenue—convenient to subway, elevated, Lenox Avenue, and 145th Street Crosstown Trolley lines.
For particulars phone, write or see
A. N. GITTERMAN,
51 E. 42d St. Tel. M. H. 737.

MADISON AV., 173, (Between 33d and 34th Sts.)—Store or office, consisting of 2 rooms, about 18x30 and 10x15; steam heat, electric light; $1,200; no lunch room. Wm. A. White & Sons, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

140 WEST 34TH ST.—Showrooms and offices. Apply to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

Doctor's office, waiting and operating room, fully equipped, furnished, and maid service. 123 West 75th St.

At 404 4th Av., (ninth floor,) corner 28th St., private office, desk room, or mail privileges; excellent service.

Will sublet part of large office, furnished, 610 square feet, in Vanderbilt Avenue Building. LEWIS, 51 East 42d St.

MADISON AV., near 40th St.—Furnished large first floor for doctor or dentist; also a sleeping apartment. Tel. 4597 Murray Hill.

To lease, restaurant, grill, and cafe, with kitchen in New Morgan House Hotel, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

HOUSES TO LET.

Furnished.

IN THE 70'S, between Madison and Park Avs., a very desirable five-story American basement dwelling, to rent furnished for the season; the house has hardwood floors, modern plumbing, electric light, white woodwork, open fires; rent $3,200. Apply to Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co., 10 East 45th St. Telephone 3100 Murray Hill.

UNIQUE HOUSE
near Irving Place, forty feet from street, 8 rooms, 2 baths, modern improvements. Particulars, address Dr. Rounds, 40 West 72d.

Unfurnished.

ON MURRAY HILL.—A four-story, high-stoop dwelling, 20 feet wide, with a two-story butler's pantry extension; the house has white woodwork, electric light, modern plumbing; asking rent $3,500. Apply to Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co., 10 East 45th St. Telephone 3100 Murray Hill.

Pretty cottage, nine rooms; large porch, all improvements; six minutes Bronxville Station; rent $35. L. Gahagen Smith, Jerome and Burnside Avs. Telephone Fordham 1848.

9xD, 257 WEST.—Five-story American basement; three-story extension; 3 baths; parquet floors; rent, $2,500. Caretaker.

Bronx.

Desirable detached frame dwelling, 1,789 Sedgwick Av.; eight rooms, bath; hot air furnace; porch; all conveniences; three minutes Morris Heights station, N. Y. C. & H. R. R.; $50 per month. Address E. Utard, 90 5th Av.

Brooklyn.

TO RENT.—Old Colonial mansion on Ocean Av., large grounds, all kinds of fruit, shade trees and flowers, vegetable garden under cultivation; garage, stable; house has hardwood floors, four master bedrooms, three baths, servants' quarters, &c.; out-of-town business necessitates my moving; will accept $100 month; or $125 unfurnished, from right party. Phone Midwood 1311-W.

Out of Town.—Furnished.

Nine-room house, furnished, for rent for the Winter; electric light, gas; located Northern Yonkers; convenient car line. Apply 45 Morsemere Place, Yonkers. Telephone 670.

Wanted—Furnished.

Modern, up-to-date, completely furnished house wanted, garage, from Oct. 1 to May or June; commuting distance from New York City, in Westchester County or adjacent; plenty grounds. J. J. M., Times.

Wanted—Unfurnished.

House, five-six rooms, or lower part two-family; state particulars. Write Katzman, 41 Park Row, city.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, with meals, $25 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge.

35TH ST., EAST.—Large studio, 21x41; kitchenette, tile bath, living room, and bedroom, white ivory or mahogany; southern exposure; 3 large French windows to a room; open grate fire; unusually and attractively furnished with Stickley furniture; $135 monthly. Phone Plaza 9014.

82D, 129 EAST, (near Park Av.)—Six rooms, 2 baths; beautifully and completely furnished, with linen and china; sublet $325 monthly. H. F., 57 Times.

A SEVEN-ROOM, front, outside, corner apartment, bath, extra lavatory; maid's toilet; modern elevator building; completely furnished; to responsible party, six months or longer; $200 month; exceptional opportunity; seen by appointment. Phone Lenox 2623. E 180 Times.

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished, two rooms and bath, full hotel service, one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel Benton, 35 East 27th St.; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

COUPLE, no family, will rent sitting room and one or two bedrooms; all conveniences. Plaza 4069.

IN THE EIGHTIES.—East Side, between Park and Lexington Avs., six rooms, handsomely furnished, two baths; from Oct. 1 to May 1; $250 per month. For further particulars apply Room 121, 27 Pine St. Tel. 5436 John.

MADISON AV., 358, (at 43d St.)—Two-room, furnished or unfurnished apartment; spacious rooms, large mirrors, shower bath, kitchenette, gas grates, sunshine, maid service; quiet; reasonable; modern; clean. Loffell, Murray Hill 2270.

MADISON AV., (near 62d).—Beautifully furnished, 2 rooms and kitchen, studio apartment; southern exposure; $70 per month; lease. Plaza 9014.

PARK AV., (in 70's.)—Corner apartment, 7 outside rooms, 2 baths, sixth floor. Telephone week days 9 to 5, Bryant 585.

Furnished—West Side.

5TH AV., NO. 618.
Exquisitely furnished bachelor apartment; two rooms, bath; modern elevator building; every convenience; club and valet service; yearly lease; $175 monthly. Apply Mr. Dougherty, Superintendent.

28D ST., 222 WEST, CHELSEA HOTEL.—Stockholder's apartment, No. 86, exquisitely furnished, for rent by the year; four rooms, bath, closets, and small kitchen; for terms to Marsh & Wever, 42 Broadway; present tenant will show.

25D, 449 WEST, (London Terrace.)—Attractive 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, in dentist's residence; steam heat, electric light, telephone; reasonable; most desirable.

36TH ST., 42 WEST, (Hotel Gregorian.)—Attractive apartments, large rooms, outside baths, single or en suite if desired, unusual clothes closets; refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

48D ST., 241 WEST.—1 and 3 rooms, bath, kitchenettes, thoroughly and handsomely furnished, $45 to $65 monthly; $12 up weekly.

44TH, 12 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, high class, adjoining Sherry's, 5th Av.; complete club service; leases being made.

45TH, 341-347 WEST, (a step from Broadway.)—Just completed, elevator fireproof building, unusually furnished, housekeeping apartments, 1, 2, 3 rooms, tiled bath, shower, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 9255.

47TH, 9 WEST.—Beautifully furnished floor, sanitary bathroom, modern conveniences; will divide.

52D ST., 43 WEST.—Exclusive apartment, handsomely furnished, newly decorated, private bath, electricity.

50TH, 208 WEST.—An especially attractive apartment, 2 rooms and bath; just vacated; full hotel service free. Thorndyke Apartments.

64TH, 1 WEST, (Corner Central Park.)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, elegantly furnished, ninth floor, southern exposure; refrigeration; fireplace; piano optional; restaurant connected; exceptionally desirable house; satisfactory references indispensable; manager on premises. Phone St. Nicholas 2858—J.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Duplex apartment No. 315 in new Hotel des Artistes; large living room, two bedrooms, serving room, electric dumb waiter, refrigeration; food cooked free; swimming pool, squash courts in building. Supt., on premises. Owner, Johnston-Wood, Hector, N. Y.

72D, (Riverside Drive,) "Chatsworth."—Six rooms, all outside, beautifully furnished, $200. Apartment 11G.

72D.—Magnificently furnished 5 rooms, 2 baths; $250 month. Tel. Vanderbilt 1451.

72D, 305 WEST.—Furnished two rooms, kitchen, and maid's room, $150 month.

77TH ST., 44 WEST.—Attractive suite, large rooms, bedrooms all having southern exposure, large living room overlooking park; unusual appointments and decorations; handsomely furnished; modern fireproof building. Apply to Superintendent.

79TH ST., NO. 316 WEST.
Magnificently furnished six rooms and two baths; baby grand piano, silver, linen, everything complete; occupancy Oct. 1; rent $275 monthly. Apply Mr. Matterson, Supt.

86TH, 120 WEST.—Doctor's office in high-class apartment, 4 rooms; present occupant will share with doctor or dentist. Dr. A. S. Tenner.

86TH, 200 WEST.—Attractive 5 rooms, new furniture, year's lease, $115. Supt.

87TH, 307 WEST.—Private house, 2, 4 large rooms, bath, kitchenette; service.

90'S.—New building, 8 rooms, baths, handsomely furnished. Telephone Gray, Columbus 3974.

97TH, (758 West End Av.)—Exceptionally complete artistic home, seven front rooms; elevator; responsible tenant, $165; concession yearly. Apt. 6B.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

104TH, 243 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—8 rooms, substantially furnished, four side exposure; clean; electricity; good service. Riverside 8221.

110TH, 225 WEST, (Opp. Central Park.) High-class elevator apartments.
Two, three rooms, kitchenette, two bedrooms, newly furnished; telephone, electricity, shower bath, parquet flooring; near "L," subway.

113TH, 507 WEST.—Desirable seven-room apartment to rent, furnished, reasonable terms for right party. Apartment 4 West.

120TH, 423 WEST.—Four rooms, new, completely furnished, piano; high-class elevator apartment; adults; lease; references required; $125. Thunberg, Apartment 5B, Morningside 8070.

123D, 547 WEST, (B'way.)—Elevator apartment, 5, 6 rooms, bath; $55, $70.

127TH, 611 WEST.—Three-room apartment, all front, elevator service, off Riverside, piano, $67.50; living room 21 feet.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL.
Newly furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views and three exposures to such suite; rates, $80 monthly and up; weekly rates; breakfast and dinner, $8 weekly, optional.)
HOTEL EDGLETON, 120 WEST 73D ST.
One block from subway express and elevated. All cars and bus line. C. M. Bellak, Pres.

APARTMENTS, LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED. Acme Leasing Co., 505 5th Av. Murray Hill 700.

APARTMENTS PERSONALLY INSPECTED Exclusive Renting, 170 West 72d. Col. 848.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments, $35, $45, $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions lease or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts.
THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 60th St., near Broadway.
Two rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $45 to $55 monthly; 3 rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $50 to $75 monthly; phone, elevator service; maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express station, 3 car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park and Drive; references absolutely essential.

ATTRACTIVE studio apartment, 5 rooms; Steinway grand. 530 West 113th, 5B.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY. Personally inspected lists. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, renting specialist, 154 W. 72d. Columbus 836.

BROADWAY, 2,469, (91st.)—Six-room, furnished, elevator apartment, overlooking river, equal corner, silver, linen, $125 monthly. Engel.

CHOICE furnished apartments, long, short lease. Elite Renting Co., 25 West 42d.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, (100th.)—Beautiful fully furnished 11 rooms, 3 baths, 8th floor; 3 master's, 2 maids' rooms; $375 month. Clark Realty. Telephone Vanderbilt 1450.

EIGHTIES.—Handsomely furnished apartment, 7 rooms, 3 baths, 10th floor; modern building; immediate possession. For particulars, apply de Flores, Carlton Chambers, Apt. 10, 402 Madison Av. Tel. 2890 Murray Hill.

EIGHT rooms and three baths, furnished, $2,100. High class apartment house near Park Ave., 70s. Owner, Telephone, W. M., White & Sons, 46 Cedar St.; Tel. John 5700.

FAMILY going South for Winter will rent first floor of detached house; finest residential section in New York; newly, artistically furnished; to responsible party for nominal price of $100 monthly; near subway, elevated, New York Central, 20 minutes to Grand Central; exceptionally large living and dining rooms; 2 bedrooms, kitchen, servant's room, and bath. M 25 Times.

FURNISHED apartments, West End Av. vicinity. Gulick Co., 402 Madison Av. Murray Hill 2890.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
Choice localities; long, short leases.
Clark Realty. 80 East 42d. Vanderbilt 1469.

HANDSOMELY furnished apartments; best localities; long, short leases. Gulick Co., 402 Madison Av., Murray Hill 2890.

Now is the time to secure a furnished apartment for Winter season or longer; let us know your requirements. Slawson & Hobbs, Fur. Apt. Department, 162 West 72d St.

PERSONALLY inspected furnished apartments, Town-Crescent Renting Agency, 200 West 72d. Columbus 5565.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 258.—Luxuriously furnished, high-grade apartment, 7 outside rooms and foyer hall; eleventh floor; unobstructed views of river. Tel. 2042 River.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125, (84th St.)—Eleven light, well-furnished rooms; also unfurnished. W. 16 & J. M. Stewart.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITIES. — Furnished sublet apartments; long, short leases. Wickliffe Gray, Furnished Apartment Specialist, 209 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

Unfurnished—East Side.

4TH AV., 409, (near 32d St.)—A two-room and bath apartment, $45; new, modern; maid service included; central location. Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., 10 East 33d St. Tel. 1100 Murray Hill.

28TH ST., 32 EAST.—Skylight studio apartments; all improvements.

50TH, 127 EAST.—Unfurnished; 6-7 rooms, apartment, single flats, modern, central.

135 EAST 34TH ST.
Apartment, two rooms and bath, steam heat, hot water; maid attendance. REST, $45.
FOLSOM BROS., INC., 127 East 84th St.

4TH AV., 409, Near 32d St.—A two-room-and-bath apartment, $45; new, modern; maid service included; central location. Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., 10 East 33d St. Tel. 1100 Murray Hill.

40TH, 11 EAST.—Two and three rooms; modern elevator apartments; rents, $900 to $1,200 per year. Inquire Superintendent.

55TH, 77 EAST, and 47th, 22 West.—2, 3, 4 rooms, $65 to $100; fine studio rooms. Plaza 6032.

58TH, 222 EAST.—Parlor and basement floor; light outside rooms; bath; steam heat.

76TH ST., Park Av., 823, (adjoining corner 76th.)—Duplex apartments, 12 and 13 rooms, 4 and 5 baths. Rents, $4,600, $5,500.
9 East 44th St. Telephone Murray Hill 8300.

76TH ST., N. W. CORNER MADISON AV. Large room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette. KAVANAGH, 993 MADISON AV.

79TH, 112 EAST.—Eight rooms, 2 baths; strictly private house; adults. 6885 Lenox.

GRAMERCY PARK.—Two large rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $30. Room 702, 49 East 21st. Phone Gramercy 5463.

HIGH-CLASS NEW APARTMENTS,
59 East 54th St.; 2 rooms bath; $65, $75.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

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Unfurnished—West Side.

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West Side.

218T, 50 WEST.—Beautiful large, small rooms, baths, dressing rooms; permanent guests desired; meals optional; convenient "L"; subway.

218T, 55 WEST.—Desirable large room in refined house; permanent guests desired.

94TH, 38 WEST.—Large double room, home-like surroundings; superior meals; reference. Strauss.

95TH, 65 WEST, (The Roselle.)—Elegantly furnished large and small rooms; excellent cuisine; table board.

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106TH, 314 WEST. Near Riverside.—Double room, with private bath; other rooms; private residence; surroundings and service unusual.

107TH, 319 WEST.—A beautiful home in private house one door from Riverside; every convenience; excellent table.

111TH, 351 WEST, (Corner of Manhattan Av.)—"Columbia." Christian boarding house; pleasant rooms and board, $8 up. 9-21 Morning.

120TH, 116 WEST.—Double rooms; modern private house; first-class Jewish table. Brody. Morningside 2128.

128TH, 174 WEST. Corner 7th Av.; (The Norwood.)—Room and board; special rates; baths; telephone; home cooking; convenient cars.

149TH ST., 544 WEST.—Near subway, the Audubon, thoroughly renovated; light rooms; every comfort; 2, $15 to $20; daily 8 to 12. Audubon 2757.

150TH, 420 WEST.—Two large rooms, adjoining bath; steam, electricity, telephone.

COMFORTABLE ROOM and board in modern bachelor apartment; unexcelled Southern cooking; all home comforts to refined business man; references exchanged. X 260 Times Annex.

COMFORTABLE HOME, near Central Park West, for invalids and convalescents; complete care; permanent arrangements if desired. Physician, Box M 84 Times.

CONVENT AV., 356, (Corner 145th.)—Elegant home, electricity, front rooms, steam, running water, connecting baths, superior table; subway, "L."

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 740.—Private family has large front rooms; refined culture atmosphere. Telephone 4570 Audubon. Apartment 6B.

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WEST END AV., 693, (94th.)—Large, cool, front and back rooms; newly furnished; also suite; private bath; automatic elevator; table guests; cuisine excellent; references.

WEST END AV., 531.—Large, comfortable rooms in exclusive home; electricity, steam heat; excellent Southern cuisine; references exchanged.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th.)—Rooms, floors, suites; excellent board; Winter reservations.

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GENTLEMAN, wife, and two boys, aged 10 and 12, desire two bedrooms, sitting room, and bath, with board, in family on the west side between 70th and 100th Sts., where no other boarders are taken; must be a refined home, plain but good table; will pay for proper accommodations. Answer, stating full particulars, to M 70 Times.

Wanted, for gentleman and daughter, two small bedrooms—bath room on same floor —with board in vicinity of Hotel Biltmore; state terms. V 106 Times.

BY business woman, room with board; apartment; state locality; below 100th St.; give terms. V 129 Times.

Young Irishman wants good home with refined private family; west side apartment preferred; references. G 137 Times.

Gentleman wishes two connecting rooms, if possible with refined Spanish family and with board. M 81 Times.

ROOM and board for elderly Jewish lady with refined family; must be strictly kosher. M 88 Times.

Gentleman and wife, double room below 40th St.; permanent; give terms. G 141 Times.

GENTLEMAN desires room and board with private family. G 164 Times.

COUPLE want board, private family, west side; state terms. Permanent. 61 Times.

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BOARDERS WANTED. — Fine, luxurious Winter home; private baths, sleeping porches, all comforts; no other boarders; unique boarding house; Pelham the station, N. Y. & N. H. R. R., 29 minutes from Grand Central; trolley near house; commutation cheap.

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Charming Family House of High Standard.
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Excellent Chef and Service; Separate Tables.
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"30 Minutes from Broadway."
A parlor, bedroom, and private bath in a delightful family hotel, together with excellent meals for two persons, from $30 to $56 per week; situated in beautiful East Orange; 150 trains a day. Take Lackawanna at Hoboken; hotel one block from East Orange station. Write for Booklet.
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North Munn Av., East Orange. Spend the Fall and Winter in the beautiful Oranges. Large, airy rooms, fully and completely furnished; all known improvements; three minutes to station; thirty minutes to New York; table the very best; reservations now made. Phone Orange 6026.

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LAWYER OF STANDING, AGGRESSIVE, WITH BUSINESS TRAINING, WISHES EXECUTIVE POSITION. X 272 TIMES ANNEX.

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Investor can take whole or part of $30,000 wanted to develop a clean, straight business promising exceptionally good returns. 201 Times, 2 Rector St.

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NOTICE IS HEREWITH GIVEN TO ALL concerned that MR. A. PERLMAN has this day withdrawn his interest from the ANNEX AUTO PAINTING COMPANY, which firm shall not be responsible for any debts hereinafter contracted by him.
ISAAC WEINSTEIN, Proprietor.

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New 1917 Saxon touring, never used; leaving city and will sacrifice. Address Box 85, Room 301 1,493 Broadway.

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PACKARD 16 touring or equivalent; exchange 2 lots in Kissena Park, Flushing; value $1,500 cash. Nolan, 613 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

PACKARD brougham body (used) wanted, fitting 1-35 twin six phaeton. J. W. Shaeffer, 424 Kane Place, Milwaukee, Wis.

PIERCE ARROW truck; state year, price, size. Litauer Oil Co., Guttenberg, N. J.

SEDAN, 1917 model; terms cash; private party; Hudson or Cadillac. F 114 Times.

Will pay good price for high-class cars or bodies; cash. Herman N. Karp, 1,700 Broadway; Columbus 5322.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. classes. "Founded on Honesty at Broadway, 1900. Prospers on Merit."
Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes.

Auto School. Largest and best school in the WEST SIDE U. S. Send for booklet and pass Y. M. C. A., to school. Telephone Columbus 302W. 57thSt. 7920. Spec. classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St. Ladies' classes.
Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ACCOUNTANT - OFFICE MANAGER. — 17 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; THOROUGHLY COMPETENT; SPLENDID RECOMMENDATIONS. O 341 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Open, closes, modern systems installed; charges moderate; personal supervision by expert. The S. K. & R. Audit Co., 340 West 24th St. Tel. Chelsea 3756.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and Typist.—Five years' experience; references; salary $15. G 160 Times.

ATTENDANT—European lady of 30, well educated and of refined taste, trained to take care of invalid, patient and cheerful companion, thorough knowledge of massaging and diet cooking, would like to take care of invalid in New York City, days or afternoons; best references. X 234 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER-EXECUTIVE.—Many years' experience busy offices; can handle successfully credits, collections, and general correspondence; $25. Janet Welsaman, 78 East 96th St.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, Christian, 21, experienced, quick and accurate; high reference; salary $18. Advertiser, 325 West 29th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Nine years' experience, capable taking charge, typist; $20; Christian. V 372 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Five years' experience, young lady; reference former employer. V 360 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST.—Thoroughly experienced, capable, accurate, live wire, neat. V 312 Times Downtown.

DAY'S WORK, washing, ironing, cleaning; $2 day, carfare. Lawson, 202 West 149th.

DRESSMAKER.—Artistic, expert fitter, street, dinner, dancing frocks, remodeling, out, home preferred. Kelly, 873 6th Av. Circle 1180.

HOUSEKEEPER, Jewish, experienced managing, desires position with family or small hotel; references exchanged. G. Mahler, 691 West 182d St.

HOUSEWORK.—Middle-aged lady will assist cooking; neat seamstress; suburbs. 100 West 120th.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Arranges apartment for Winter; act working housekeeper. Taylor, 566 West 171st St.

LAUNDRESS, first-class, wants family hamper at home. 469 Amity St., Flushing.

LIBRARIAN, expert, employed by corporation, wants make change; best references. V 366 Times Downtown.

MODEL.—Size 16, willing to do bookkeeping and stenography. O 331 Times Downtown.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Young English lady; experienced; one or two children. Apt. 4, 501 West 121st. Tel. 4887 Morning.

REPRESENTATIVE-SECRETARY. Well educated young woman, capable representing New York office for out of town concern or promoting new business venture; stenographer; executive ability. G 156 Times.

SECRETARY, OFFICE MANAGER, STENOGRAPHER.—Well educated American, executive ability, dependable, desires connection reliable concern. V 112 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly competent; executive ability; educated; knowledge Spanish; $22. V 380 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Long experience, efficient, executive ability, some knowledge French. V 385 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (28,) refined, seeks position of confidence to executive; 8 years' experience in law; has initiative, tact; understands office routine; best references. Refined. 209 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Spanish, English, French, German; thorough knowledge; can translate and write them without dictation; good references. Box 244 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience, good grammarian, neat appearing, desires permanent position; unierstands office detail; $15. D. A., Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in executive work and banking office details; accustomed to important duties; exceptional references. V 56 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, four years' experience, high school graduate, wishes position; salary $15. Box 400, 780 Broadway, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER. — Capable young lady; Christian; well educated; experienced; able to handle correspondence efficiently; $20. V 127 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Gentile; high school education; six years' experience; salary $18; reference, F. M. Kyle, 1,304 57th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER. — Competent, two years' experience, American, college education; $20. V 307 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Rapid dictation; fast typist; good worker; some experience. $12. Miss G., 220 West 42d St. Bryant 1315.

STENOGRAPHER. — Permanent position; 7 years last position; excellent references; $22. X 279 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Experienced; high school graduate; refined; best references. V 356 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, college education, like responsible position broker's office; high credentials. 121 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Work for part time; rapid, accurate, and reasonable. V 133 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, American, five years' general office work, desires change position; salary $18. O 357 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; knowledge of bookkeeping; reliable. A. Goldfine, 929 Whitlock Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' practical experience, American, excellent references; $18. V 318 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—5 years' experience; high school education; $12. O 356 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Thoroughly competent; valuable assistant; excellent references; $18. V 395 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly competent, desires permanent position; best references; $22. O 345 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience, law, commercial; best references; salary $15. V 357 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, employed daytime, desires few hours' work evenings. V 361 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience, desires permanent position; salary moderate. V 349 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience; $12, with advancement. V 386 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, 7 years' law experience; $22. O 343 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, few spare hours evenings, clerical work. M 74 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, live wire; $16. Box 3, 20 East 10th St.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, 3½ years' experience. 348 East 41st St.

SUPERINTENDENT in club or managing housekeeper in large private establishment, by woman of experience. G 447 Times Annex.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Experienced in all office details, filing, &c.; $10. O 344 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, stenographer, $9; high school graduate, Jean Jacobson, 202 West 110th St. Phone 1480 Morningside.

TUTOR.—College student desires to tutor; elementary or high school subjects. G 432 Times Annex.

TYPIST, switchboard operator, bookkeeper, general office work, 5 years' experience; references; Christian; $14. L. H., 605 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

VISITING TEACHER, in kindergarten and primary; references; mornings free. R. R., 418 East 50th.

WOMAN, English, refined, wishes position as attendant to an elderly lady; best references. G 141 Times.

YOUNG LADY of ability wishes position where initiative is required; can dictate on and handle large correspondence efficiently. H. B. L., 1,976 Belmont Av., City.

YOUNG WOMAN, executive ability, capable taking charge office, knowledge bookkeeping, wants position of trust. V 67 Times.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 79th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

SELECT colored houseworker, cook, chambermaid, couple, laundresses, other helps; investigated references. Augusta Agency, 333 West 53d. Columbus 3129.

COOKS, waitresses, nurses, houseworkers. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av., (75th St.) Schuyler 9138.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, balance sheets, P. and L. statements, reports, systematizing, special supervision of new personnel, representation of drafted men's business interests, tax reports. Kenmore, 10 Wall St. Tel. Rector 928.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. 52 Broadway, Room 852. Telephone Broad 7227.

ABLE EXECUTIVE, (35,) AGGRESSIVE, FORCEFUL, EXPERIENCED, UNUSUAL TRAINING, DESIRES POSITION. X 269 TIMES ANNEX.

ACCOUNTANT.—Opens, closes, audits, systematizes books; charges moderate; personal service. W. H. Smith, 149 Broadway. Telephone 2141 Cortlandt.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, 34; auditor, cash accountant. Webster, 1,074 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT" or BOOKKEEPER, (24,) university graduate; experienced; thoroughly competent. O 338 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT. — Audits, financial statements; books opened, closed; public accountant. P. O. Box 1239, N. Y.

ACCOUNTANT, McGill, experienced, credit man, cost accountant. G 162 Times.

AFTER 4 o'clock young university student is at liberty; knows advertising and newspaper work. Lief, 1475 Washington Av.

AGGRESSIVE MAN (27) desires position with growing possibilities; 10 years' sales and general office experience; references. V 377 Times Downtown.

AGGRESSIVE hustler, 32, seeks sales opportunity on salary and commission basis. Master, 655 West 177th; Phone St. Nicholas 2886.

ARTIST.—First-class photo engraving, commercial letterist, and retoucher; eighteen years' experience; $40. V 123 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 30, married, American, at present head bookkeeper large concern, desires change; 13 years' practical experience; executive ability; highest references; discharged from draft; compensation $30 week. M 63 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER.
Public, high, business school education; five years' experience double-entry books; capable taking charge of office; exempt from draft. G 163 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, exempt from draft; 7 years' experience; expert ledger clerk, general knowledge of bookkeeping; A1 credentials; salary $18. Phone Harlem 4652.

BOOKKEEPER, cost accountant, age 27, married, thoroughly competent and experienced, desires responsible position. V 294 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stock clerk, 30, wishes position with Stock Exchange firm. O 351 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Eight years' experience; thorough office man and good accountant; $30. M., 191 Keap St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, experienced, controlling accounts; best references; moderate salary. O 325 Times Downtown.

BOY, (17,) with insurance experience, desires position. H. Silverberg, 112 Ridge St.

CARETAKER on country estate; recommended by present employer. Address 153 East 90th.

CARPENTER in apartment house or hotel, part time. V 351 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young colored man, married, desires position, either private or commercial; several years' experience; understands all makes; expert mechanic; can furnish best of references. Raymond Matthews, care of Baker, 151-3 West 143d St.

CHAUFFEUR, Swedish,

HELP WANTED—Male.

AUDITOR wanted for accounting department of large club; must be thoroughly efficient in this character of work, and must have held similar position before; state age, salary expected, and previous experience. F. M., 45 Times.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANIC,
with not less than 5 years' shop experience; good pay; steady employment. Detroit-Cadillac Motor Car Co., 37 Atlantic St., Newark, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER to take charge of books of publishing house; state age, education, experience, salary desired, and present and previous employers; permanent. J 285 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly competent accountant, experienced in handling machine factory accounts, to prepare monthly cost statements and direct others; only reliable men having had actual experience in this work need apply; bond and first-class references required. Walter Scott & Co., Plainfield, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced with manufacturing accounts; one who has handled trial balances, statements, controlling accounts; well versed in vouchers system; age about 28; salary $23-$25. W. V., 238 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; must be quick at figures; salary $15 per week to start, with splendid chance for advancement. Address in own handwriting, giving age, experience, and references. V 368 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced young man, 18 to 21, for downtown office; write fully. O 354 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, ABOUT 18; AMBITIOUS; ONE DESIRING POSITION WITH FUTURE. G 144 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPING TEACHER, with practical business world experience; two evenings per week. Y. M. C. A., 155 East 86th.

BOYS AND YOUNG MEN.
One of the largest manufacturing corporations in the United States has a limited number of positions open for intelligent, ambitious American boys and young men; elementary school education essential; splendid opportunities for advancement. Apply in own handwriting, stating salary expected, to Post Office Box No. 302 Madison Square Station, New York.

BOY, 17 to 19, wanted by private banking house; fine opportunity for right boy. Address age, business and personal references and salary expected to T. H., P. O. Box 63, New York.

BOY WANTED, TO HELP IN SHIPPING DEPARTMENT. SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. $8 PER WEEK TO START. APPLY CORTINA ACADEMY OF LANGUAGES, 12 EAST 46TH ST.

BOY WANTED.
Good opportunity for a number of bright, clean-cut, energetic boys, 18 to 19 years old, for positions as order fillers and stock clerks. This is not a manufacturing plant, but a mail-order house, and the working conditions are the best.
NATIONAL CLOAK & SUIT CO.,
207 West 24th St.

BOYS.
CAMPBELL, MEIZGER & JACOBS,
8 EAST 22D ST.,
require services of office boys, 16 years old; must be public school graduates; also boys to run errands; good chance for advancement.

BOY WANTED, OVER 16, QUICK AT FIGURES AND GOOD PENMAN; SALARY AT RATE OF $35 PER MONTH; LIFE POSITION; GOOD OPPORTUNITY. G 143 TIMES.

BOYS wanted, quick, intelligent, and strong; good education, to act as cle ks in stores and order department; good opportunity for experience and advancement. Apply by letter, Knox Hat Co., 501 Grand Av., Brooklyn.

BOY.—Opportunity for a boy, age 18-19, in auditing department of newspaper; work will be in editorial rooms from midnight to 7 A. M.; salary $8 per week; state age and education, if possible give telephone number at which you can be reached. O 350 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in wholesale jewelry house; salary $5 per week; state exact opportunity; answer in own handwriting, giving references, which must be salt factory in every particular as to character and ability. Address J 290 Times Downtown.

BOY, office, not a pack boy; refined surroundings; fine opportunity to learn all details office work; progressive Christian concern; regular short hours, half day Saturdays. Babcock Perfumer, 116 West 14th.

BOY WANTED BY REAL ESTATE OFFICE; BRIGHT BOY, 17-18 YEARS, FOR GENERAL OFFICE WORK; SALARY $7. V 388 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY WANTED by long-established, downtown Christian real estate firm. Address, with full particulars, Box V 388 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, 16 to 18, in office large wholesale house; must be neat and quick, a fair penman, and a willing worker. B. Fischer & Co., 190 Franklin St., N. Y. C.

BOY for position with large daily newspaper; excellent chance for advancement; $6 a week to start, hours 8:30 to 5:30 P. M. Apply Mr. Eckhardt, 229 West 43d St.

BOY, 17, quiet, intelligent, as attendant in law library; start at $7; good chance for advancement. Call 10 A. M. with reference, Bar Association, 42 West 44th St.

BOY in office; courteous, alert, well recommended, experienced in use telephone; $30 month to begin. V 870 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, bright and energetic, by wholesale concern; good chance for advancement; must come well recommended. G 138 Times.

BOY, office, 16 or 17 years old, grammar school education, neat; salary $6 to start. 6th floor, 120 West 32d St.

BOY wanted, general office work, hours 9 to 6, at $7 week to start. V 397 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Wanted in a wholesale dry goods house, a bright, active, gentlemanly boy; good opportunity. V 89 Times.

BOY wanted, for stock deliveries and general office work. Address Box 89, care Dismus & Co., 44 Broad St.

BOY, bright, of neat appearance, high school training, age 15 to 16, wanted by large corporation. R. N., P. O. Box 70, Sta. D.

BOY to work in handkerchief stock; references required. Apply 9 A. M., Tobler Bros. & Co., 307 4th Av.

BOY wanted for office export and import business; state age, experience if any, and salary expected. V 394 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in the office of a wholesale tea and coffee house; must be bright and quick. O 361 Times Downtown.

BOYS, 14 to 16, wanted as messengers in the Wall St. district. Apply to Dow, Jones & Co., 44 Broad St.

BOY to answer door and make himself generally useful; references. Apply 5 West 66th St.

BOY, 16 years; good chance to learn the shoe trade. Albaum & Goodman, 344 Grand St., Brooklyn.

BOY wanted at once, who has experience in shipping; answer in own handwriting. M 81 Times.

BOYS wanted. Kramer Brothers Lamp Co., 583 Broadway.

BOY in law office. Call, Room 502, 90 Wall St.

BOY wanted for office of French art firm; salary to start, $5. Address A. G., 16 Times.

BRIGHT, EXPERIENCED MEN
Wanted immediately for following temporary positions:
Bookkeepers,
Clerks,
Time Checkers,
Assistant Cashiers,
Assistant Paymasters,
Comptometer Operator,
Stenographers.
Call in person (do not write or telephone) on A. J. Hudson, Camp Upton, Long Island. Salary depends upon proficiency.

BUYER
FOR LINENS, DOMESTICS,
AND BLANKETS.
Applications entertained only from men experienced in department store methods. Apply, by letter only, to E. V. Koch.
H. C. F. KOCH & CO., INC.,
125TH STREET, WEST.

CARETAKER and handyman; $55 month. Leebron, 2,005 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—APPLY SUPERINTENDENT, A. A. VANTINE & CO., INC., 5TH AV. AND 39TH ST.

CLERK wanted, under or over draft age; must be quick at figures, bright on following up contracts; one who can work comptometer preferred; pleasant position, eight good hours, in downtown corporation; state age and salary. V 375 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR.—Young man for large furniture house; salary $12 weekly. Address, giving age and references, F., 3,013 3d Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

COMMERCIAL ARTIST.
We have an opening for a young man—an experienced commercial artist. His salary will be moderate at first, but he will be given an opportunity to build up an art department of a standard that will warrant our paying an excellent salary. His work will consist of retouching photographs, designing borders, and general art work for our domestic and foreign advertising. Apply to Mr. Brown, Vulcan Steel Products Co., 120 Broadway.

CORRESPONDENT. — Capable and forcible letter writer wanted by Stock Exchange house; one who has exceptional ability in writing follow-up letters that will bring positive results; your reply to this will guide us in determining your fitness; state full details, including salary expected. V 337 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT. — By large publishing house, an educated, versatile correspondent in their collection department; none but those experienced in this line need apply; give age, experience, and reference. Apply by letter only, Ferdinand Trep, 44 East 23d.

CORRESPONDENT.—Fluent French, Spanish, and English; familiar with bookkeeping; must have exceptional references; state details and salary wanted. Box 26, 21 East 17th St.

CREDIT MAN, CAPABLE, WANTED BY MANUFACTURER OF MECHANICAL RUBBER GOODS AND AUTOMOBILE TIRES; OFFICE LOCATED NEAR NEW YORK CITY; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR HIGH-CLASS MAN EXPERIENCED IN THE HANDLING OF CREDITS; ONLY THOSE HAVING HIGH-CLASS CREDENTIALS NEED APPLY. ADDRESS J 288 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CUTTER.—First-class fur cutter wanted. A. Mursten, 23 East 8th St.

DESIGNING DRAFTSMAN — Man experienced in design and construction of water tube marine and stationary boilers and superheaters only need apply; good position for competent man. state education and experience in detail, age, and salary expected. Address Box X 211 Times Annex.

DOOR BOY for Fifth Avenue establishment; uniform furnished; references. Write C. C., Box 90, Room 1201, 220 W. 42d.

DRAFTSMEN.
Men experienced in the design of small mechanical or electrical apparatus; to men of ability and technical education we offer permanent positions with excellent opportunities for advancement. Call or write, Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

DRAFTSMAN,
ELECTRICAL, FAMILIAR WITH HIGH-TENSION LAYOUT, FOR POWER HOUSE DESIGN; OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE AND EXPERIENCE. EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, BOX 37, STATION D.

DRAFTSMAN wanted by eng neer; must be experienced in design and detail of reinforced concrete factory buildings; state age, experience, salary, married, single. G 148 Times.

DRESS DESIGNER.
First-class dress designer for out-of-town concern; state references and past position. Call at French American Fashion Pub. Co., 210 5th Av., Thursday, 10-12 A. M.

ELECTRICIAN.—Foreman to take charge of winding automobile bodies, starter systems, and electrical service. Address G. O., Box 89, Room 1201, 220 West 42d St.

ELECTRICIANS familiar with wiring of automobile bodies and starter systems. Brewster & Co., Queensboro Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.

ELEVATOR BOY.—Experienced. Apply Chief Engineer, Hotel Gregorian, 42 West 35th St.

ENTRY CLERK.—Wanted, an experienced entry clerk who can operate billing machine; lace and embroidery house; reply, stating age, salary, and reference. R. E., 240 Times Downtown.

FACTORY MANAGER.
LARGE ART EMBROIDERY
concern requires man capable taking full charge of factory; only man experienced in this or similar lines will be considered; all replies strictly confidential. Address, stating age, experience. "Permanent," 310 Times.

FARMER WANTED for gentleman's country place; must have had thorough experience with horses, cows and all kinds of farm machinery; also well versed in care of chickens; must be married man with wife willing to aid in work and also make butter; man and wife with children preferred; school less than one-quarter mile; farm situated in northern New York State; good wages; must have highest references as to honesty and sobriety. Apply in writing to Mr. S. C. Moos, 435 Fifth Av., New York City.

FLOOR SALESMAN.—Wanted by highest class filing house, floor salesman; must be a man with experience in the line, and must have the best of references; salary and chance for advancement; in answering give full particulars and references. V 391 Times Downtown.

FRANKLIN SIMON & CO.,
FIFTH AV., 37TH AND 38TH STS.,
REQUIRE
EXPERIENCED SALESMEN
FOR
MEN'S GLOVES.
Liberal salary, permanent position, and opportunity for advancement to competent salesmen accustomed to selling the highest class merchandise.
APPLY SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE.

FRENCH PROFESSOR wanted who speaks excellent English and who is capable of teaching large class; permanent position, salary and bright future. Apply Mr. Thompson, 2,009 Tribune Building.

HAT SALESMAN.—First-class man in large retail hat department of an old-established New York store. Write for appointment, giving name, age, nationality, salary desired and business history; also clothing salesman; same qualifications as above. Box Y 117 Times.

HEAD RECIVING CLERK WANTED, A MAN OF 27 TO 35 YEARS OLD, COMPETENT TO TAKE COMPLETE CHARGE OF DEPARTMENT. ABERCROMBIE & FITCH CO., 45TH ST. AND MADISON AV. ASK FOR MR. ORTH, 7TH FLOOR.

HIGH-GRADE bond and security salesmen of proved ability wanted, by big food-products corporation undertaking extensive financing. An unusual opportunity of attracting timely appeal with big human interest element that should mean good sales under present conditions. Liberal commission basis. State previous experience and address W. A. C., P. O. Box 822, New York City.

INSURANCE COMPANY (casualty) wants intelligent, experienced man to investigate and adjust negligence claims; must have had experience in this line; state age, experience, education, business experience, nationality, languages spoken, and address V 379 Times Downtown.

INSURANCE COMPANY (casualty) wants intelligent, energetic, experienced man in compensation claim department, medical branch; stating age, nationality, education, business experience, address 380 Times Downtown.

JANITOR.—Five 5-story apartments, 50 families, steam heat, telephone; must do small repairs; rent free and $65 per month. Apply Wednesday, 8:30 A. M., Arena, 1,029 East 163d, corner Southern Boulevard.

MACHINISTS, moulders, an around men, engine lathe, planer, boring mill, steady work; no layer trouble; good wages. Apply Room 6, Barge Office, Battery Park, New York City.

MANAGING FOREMAN to take charge of 25 sewing machines; knowledge of contracting desirable; A1 opportunity for live man. Apply by letter only, D. R. Mahoney & Co., 139 Middleton St., Brooklyn.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN on automatic machine work; must be a good detailer, rapid, and accurate, and have at least 4 years of drawing room experience; excellent opportunity; steady position to bright man; must furnish first-class references. Gefco Machine Co., 1,401 Clinton st., Hoboken.

MECHANICS.—Several first-class repair men wanted at once for good and steady positions; applicants must know magneto repairs thoroughly; others need not apply. Wisconsin Magneto Co., 32 33d St., 6th floor, Brooklyn.

OFFICE BOY, over 18 years; must be intelligent, active, and willing to work hard for advancement. Stating age, nationality, education, previous experience, address V 381 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted immediately in office large mercantile house; neat, bright, and ambitious; good chance for advancement. Apply 482 4th Av., 7th floor.

OFFICE BOY wanted, of excellent character; high school graduate preferred; experience not essential; state salary desired. J 296 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted in an importing house; intelligent; good opportunity and quick advancement; according to ability. Apply 185 Franklin St.

OFFICE BOY wanted in draftsmen's office; good prospects for right boy. Apply in own handwriting, V 364 Times Downtown.

OPTICIAN wanted; an assistant surface grinder; one who understands roughing. Yenus, 3 East 23d St.

PHOTOGRAPHER.—Dark room man; steady position; bright future for good man; $15 to start. Marceau, 624 5th Av.

PORTER with reference, strong man, for wholesale dry goods. Apply L. E. Mills & Co., 56 Mercer St.

PORTER wanted by large importing house. P. O. Box 16, Station A, New York City.

PROMINENT firm of Public Accountants desire two senior accountants for their New York office; must be able to handle engagements without supervision; salary, $2,500 to $3,000; give particulars, previous experience. V 387 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.
NEW YORK DRESS HOUSE WANTS JUNIOR TRAVELING SALESMEN.
Next season we will require six more traveling salesmen to sell Virginia Dare Dresses.
Preference will be given to single young men between 18 and 25 years of age. Actual road experience is not necessary. Ambitious young men employed in wholesale or retail mercantile houses are eligible, provided they are hustlers, of neat appearance, and good breeding.
Six months' efficient training in salesmanship will be given free by a sales expert. Candidates for traveling position will be expected to work faithfully and make themselves generally useful in our manufacturing department during training.
This is a splendid opportunity for ambitious young men to learn a good business and become full-fledged traveling salesmen for a large, well advertised house. The salary will be small until real ability and actual results are shown.
Apply by letter only, stating age, religion, education, experience, &c. No personal interviews granted unless arranged by letter.
KING & APPLEBAUM.
39 West 32d St. New York City.

SALESMAN
With energy, nerve, and ability, who has never had the chance to prove it, but knows he is worth $10,000 a year, and is willing to pay the price of success—with hard, energetic, consistent work, assisted by intelligent co-operation. Salary and commission. Best references required.
HYNSON, DERR & CO.,
140 Broadway,
Singer Bldg.,
New York City.

SALESMAN WANTED.
A corporation of many years' standing, with expanding business, must have A1 salesman for eastern territory; will give every possible co-operation, including drawing account, but demand good character, high-class appearance and genuine salesmanship ability; advancement assured good man. Mr. Hartman, 6th floor, 120 West 32d St., N. Y. City.

SALESMAN-CORRESPONDENT.
STURDY, AGGRESSIVE, DYNAMIC ORGANIZER AND ADVERTISER, CONTEMPLATES CHANGE; AGE THIRTY; NOW PROGRESSING ACTIVELY WITH WELL-KNOWN FIRM; NOT INTERESTED LESS THAN SIX THOUSAND ANNUAL PARTICIPATION. B. R. L., 1,775 BROADWAY.

SALESMAN, neat appearance and selling ability; opportunity to make from $3 to $8 a day, selling our special $10 accident and sickness and automobile accident policies; big commission; get in touch with our proposition immediately. Fred J. Schaefer & Co., Managers, 1,123 Broadway, New York.

SALESMAN who thoroughly understands trimmings used by clothing manufacturers and is aquainted with this class of trade; no others need apply; good opportunity for right man; commission, drawing account. Freydberg Bros., 44 West 18th St.

SALESMAN.—Crackerjack A1 salesman, with best of references and experience; don't call, write giving full qualifications and references; one familiar with the automobile trade preferred; drawing account against commissions. Sickling Enameling Corporation, Long Island City.

SALESMAN wanted with some experience to sell paper, cardboard, envelopes on commission for large Baltimore house; one with some acquaintance among the printers preferred. Address Box 6,003, Sun Office, Baltimore, Md.

SALESMAN wanted, to sell to large dress-making houses for dressmaking supply house; must have previous experience and know the trade; salary or commission. Address M 80 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, experienced in silks and ribbons; must be acquainted with retail trade in New York City and nearby towns; commission. L. Dannenbaum's Son Co., 285 4th Av.

SALESMAN to handle commercial delivery car, Bergen County (N. J.) agency; commission basis with drawing account. Address, giving experience and references, O 347 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN with connections among stationers, confectioners and department stores throughout the United States to carry a side line on a commission basis. Mrs. I. Davidsohn, 1,450 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Closing contracts on first interview essential; want man of strong personality and large physique; salary and commission. Apply Mr. Donnelly, Room 505, 1,416 Broadway.

SALESMAN for liquid soaps, &c.; excellent opportunity for energetic man; good salary to start, with prospects. Harral Soap Co., Lexington Av.

SALESMAN wanted for paper and paper products business; salary and commission. Apply the American and Foreign Paper Corp., 238 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—Georgette and crepe de chine house carrying large stock, wants salesmen on commission to call on underwear manufacturers M 39 Times.

SALESMEN to make $40 to $50 a week commission; those with experience in selling tires preferred. National Rubber Co. of New York, 240 West 54th St.

SALESMAN.—Representative fancy linen house has Middle West open for live wire with following; kindred line; commission; Phoenix Art Linen Co., 100 Grand.

SALESMEN wanted; will pay big commission; some one with Ford preferred. Apply M. M. & E. Sales Co., 842 Bergen Av., Jersey City.

SALESMEN, experienced in retail men's hat store; good salary. Apply 8 to 11 o'clock, Young's Hats, 805 Broadway.

SALESMAN, middle-aged; steady position; salary or commission; A1 proposition to right party; home territory. 170 Times.

SHIPPING AND RECEIVING MAN.—Wanted, thoroughly competent shipping and receiving man; experienced in deliveries to local trade and routing out-of-town shipments; state fully experience, age, salary required, &c. M 66 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, reliable, and thoroughly experienced, to take charge; permanent position, good salary. Reply, stating religion, experience, and salary desired. M 77 Times.

STENOGRAPHER ambitious for advancement; must be accurate, neat, considentious, energetic, with ideas, and ginger necessary to make a successful salesman. V 115 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man for large concern; state fully age, qualification, salary desired; work Sunday instead of Saturday; splendid opportunity to develop. M 41 Times.

STENOGRAPHER with thorough mail order and card system experience; able correspondent with original ideas; $15. V 279 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper's assistant wanted; state salary desired. M 87 Times.

STOCK SALESMEN.—Experience unnecessary; very liberal terms; commission. John M. Gregory, 10 Wall St., Suite 514.

STOCKBOYS in large ribbon house; excellent chance for advancement; apply by letter. V 170 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT WANTED.
General Superintendent, one with executive ability and who understands the construction of wooden ships, give full particulars for New York interview; yards near Seattle. J 225 Times Downtown.

TEACHER, science college, graduate; small country boarding school, $650 and home; chance for advancement; give details. V 182 Times.

TEACHER.—Experienced male teacher wanted at New York Catholic Protectory, Westchester, N. Y.; board and lodging furnished.

TIMEKEEPER, Assistant.—Young man acquainted with timekeeping detail, experienced in handling time records; salary $12. T. A., 239 Times Downtown.

TIMEKEEPERS AND STATION AGENTS
who are telegraphers, good wages and working conditions; weekly pay; vacation after one year service; several attractive relief agents' positions vacant.
WAGES $25.30 PER WEEK.
Call or address Superintendent, New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, Harlem River Station.

TOOL DESIGNERS. — FIRST-CLASS, EXPERIENCED TOOL DESIGNERS FOR WORK ON AERONAUTICAL MOTORS. APPLY TO EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT, GENERAL VEHICLE COMPANY, BORDEN AND STAR AVS., LONG ISLAND CITY.

TRADE REPORTER wanted by an established weekly trade paper, one having newspaper experience on local markets and commodities; state qualifications in letter and salary desired. X 276 Times Annex.

UPHOLSTERY MAIL ORDER CLERK.
Young man wanted with mail order experience in the upholstery section of a department store. Write, giving full particulars as to previous experience. Box A. B. 43 Times.

WAGON HELPERS. — THOSE HAVING CHAUFFEURS' LICENSES PREFERRED. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT, A. A. VANTINE & CO., INC., 5TH AV. AND 39TH ST.

WINDOW DRESSER.—Experienced; permanent position; men's furnishings. L. Hess, 25 Dey St.

YOUNG MAN
to take charge of junior help; must be capable of supervising throughout the store the wrapping of parcels.
H. C. F. KOCH & CO., INC.,
125TH STREET, WEST.

YOUNG MAN wanted, with dependents, industrial experience, to engage in time, study, betterment work, large business in Jersey City, N. J.; position requires one keenly interested in the development of industrial eficency, open to changes, with an inventive or analytical turn of mind; in reply state education, experience, salary required, ambition in work; reply confidential. X 2 0 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN of good address and habits, who has decided to take up sales work as a profession; we have an opening carrying with it moderate compensation; unlimited opportunity for securing all-around sales experience, and an excellent oportunity for a hardworking, aggressive, and ambitious chap; sales experience neither necessary or desirable. Apply 310 Broadway. Ask for Mr. Price.

YOUNG MAN of education and experience as instructor in manual training for a unique child-caring institution conducted under the auspices of the City of New York; instruction on week days only from 4 to 6 P. M.; salary $40 per month. Apply personally on Thursday at 4 P. M. at Children's Clearing Bureau, West Tremont and Andrews Avs., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN.
Aikin-Lambert Company have opening for one young man, 16 to 18 years of age, to take charge of outgoing mail desk and to assist in Stock Department; must be alert, painstaking in his work, ambitious to advance himself.
Apply in person, 10 Cortlandt St., 2d Floor.

YOUNG MAN to learn advertising business; high school graduate preferred, about 19 years old; excellent opportunity if you have ambition and stick-to-it-iveness. Address, stating age, references, phone number, and salary expected, X 252 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN.—An excellent opportunity is offered to one who is desirous of connecting with a large commercial house where ability and conscientious effort are appreciated; give full qualifications, age, and salary expected. Ability, J 289 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted, Spanish, English, about 18 years of age, with some knowledge of typewriting, to assist in export department of mercantile firm; state in own handwriting experience and salary expected. J 291 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, from 17 to 18 years of age, wanted in office of manufacturing jewelers; competent to operate an Elliott-Fisher billing machine. Apply in own handwriting, giving references and stating salary desired. Box 90, New York City.

YOUNG MAN wanted, by large manufacturing concern, about 30 years of age, as timekeeper, and for general office work; one with some clerical experience preferred. Apply in own handwriting, X 274 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN wanted for schedule and order department, having analytical turn of mind, diplomatic and accurate; technical education preferred; salary to start $17, with advancement on proving worth. Apply by letter, Knox Hat Co., 501 Grand Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, about 18, some high school education, for active credit career; unusual chances advancement; Christian firm; state full qualifications and salary desired. M 64 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18 to 21, able to write up neatly and extend mail orders accurately; $12 to start; advancement if worthy; state education, experience, and religion. X. Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 16 to 20, for clerical position in a reinsurance concern downtown; previous experience unnecessary; hours 9 to 5, 1 o'clock on Saturday; write, stating age and nationality. J 284 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted to assist in office of a large insurance company; must be good at figures; high school graduate preferred; state age, experience, and salary. Assistant, P. O. Box 1,425, New York City.

YOUNG MAN wanted as salesman in high-class retail store; salary, $12 per week to start. Address in own handwriting, giving age, experience, and references, V 396 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN for stock room; rapid advancement for those with ability. Phillips Jones & Co., 829 East 134th St., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, understanding stenography and typewriting, to work in stock with wholesale silk concern; excellent chance for advancement. Apply by letter, P. O. Box 198, Madison Square Station.

YOUNG MAN for messenger and office work in large organization; will advance if trustworthy and ambitious; $7 a week to start; hours 9:30 to 12:30 P. M. X 285 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN.—High school graduate to learn wholesale stationery business; experience unnecessary; write, stating qualifications. Adress H. X., 272 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted for junior clerical work and messenger service; salary $10 a month; state age and religion; answer in your own handwritine; good opportunity. G 128 Times.

YOUNG MAN of good address and character to take care of books and do general office work in real estate office; state age, references, and salary. Write Z. L., 1,304 B'way.

YOUNG MAN wanted as office boy, to make himself generally useful; good opportunity for advancement to promising boy. Address box J 1, Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, thoroughly experienced in dress line, to take complete charge; contractors; also acquainted city trade; good opportunity. Room 1106, 44 East 23d St.

YOUNG MAN for office work; carefulness essential; state age, salary expected. M 60 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Law office desires young man over 18, with some experience; state salary expected. V 354 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, energetic, trustworthy; light window work; steady position. Grant Sales Co., 18 Park Row, New York.

YOUNG MEN OVER 18 YEARS.
Clerical and general work in savings bank; salary $50 per month to start; advancement; permanent positions. V 348 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN, 17-20, for stockrooms and assist in salesrooms; permanent positions; good opportunities. Revillon Freres, 26 West 56th St.

YOUNG MAN, about 16, to make himself generally useful; opportunity for advancement. Room 1003, 79 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN to sell rolls; state experience, salary; replies confidential. G 152 Times.

Employment Agencies.

NO REGISTRATION FEE.
HIGH-CLASS Americans, exempt from draft, for the following permanent openings:
2 MINING ENGINEERS, (South American openings,) $200 month and lodging.
1 DRAFTSMAN, (South America,) $200 month.
1 STENOGRAPHER, (purchasing experience, hardware,) $1,800.
1 Stenographer, (clothing experience,) $1,000.
1 Stenographer, (Federal Government,) $1,000.
5 LEDGER CLERKS, (Jersey City,) $14-$16.
5 NIGHT CLERKS, (Jersey City,) $70.
50 JUNIOR CLERKS, (inexperienced,) $8-$10-$12.
50 OFFICE BOYS, $7-$8.
AMERICAN COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE,
37 Liberty Street.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.
J. J. McLAUGHLIN, C. P. HASSON,
ACCOUNTANTS, $1,500-$2,500.
BOOKKEEPERS, $900-$1,500.
STENOGRAPHERS, $800-$1,300.
CLERKS, $720-$1,100.
MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN, $2,000.

DELIVERY MANAGER, transportation experience; must have considerable executive ability, oversee entire shipping department of large store; $35 to $40 a week. Apply before 12 or from 2 to 7 P. M. at Central Branch Y. M. C. A., Employment Department (Agency), 55 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

WAREHOUSE EXECUTIVE, $1,800; export clerks, $25; bookkeepers, accounting clerks, claim clerks, stenographers; many others. Mighill, (Agency,) Flatiron Building.

CLERKS, railroad, shipping, switchboard, $8 to $30. Pan-American Agency, 59 Pearl.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The following army orders were issued by the War Department today:

Medical Reserve Corps.

Conley, Capt. C. H. Freiberger, 1st Lt. M., and Lane, 1st Lt. M. P., to Garden City.

Fiske, 1st Lt. E. W., and Clarke, 1st Lt. H. G., to Allentown, with Base Hosp. No. 27.

Davis, 1st Lt. G. F., to Salt Lake City, with Red Cross Amb. Co. No. 27.

Malone, Maj. W. B., and King, 1st Lt. J. E. Jr., previous orders amended to direct them to report at Rochester Inst. for Med. Research, N. Y., Sept. 10, instead of Sept. 1.

Lile, 1st Lt. L. M., to Ft. Ethan Allen, with 1st Ver. Inf., N.G.

Sharpe, Capt. W. T., previous orders amended to relieve him from present duties, to Memphis, Mich., instead of Memphis, Tenn., to enlist personnel of Red Cross Amb. Co. No. 45.

Clark, Capt. J. B., previous orders revoked.

Mitchell, 1st Lt. C. H., hon. discharged.

Jayne, Maj. W. A., to Camp Lewis to make examinations in his specialty, then to his home and stand relieved active duty.

Gamble, Capt. C. B., Jr., to Annapolis Jct., 4th Div., as specialist in cardio-vascular examinations, then to his home and stand relieved.

Coleman, Maj. T. D., to Camp Pike as specialist in cardio-vascular examinations, then to his home and stand relieved.

Following to camps mentioned for duty at base hosp.:

Board, Maj. M., Camp Taylor.
CAPT. A. NS.

Crowe, T. S., Camp Dodge.
Hutchings, R. R., Camp Jackson.
Rainey, M. W., Camp Meade.
Rosanoff, A. J., Camp Upton.
Sample, J. T., Camp Beauregard.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Caro, H., Camp McClellan.
Cleasby, H. W., Camp Gordon.
Davis, R. L., Camp Lee.
Hayes, H. J., Camp Funston.
Risch, T. J., Camp Logan.
Robbins, F. C., Camp Jackson.
Sicard, C. L., Camp Pike.
Singleton, D. E., Camp Dodge.
Small, V. R., Camp Howie.
Smith, R. P., Camp Lewis.
Wilbor, L. M., Camp Dix.
Woolsey, C. L., Camp Kearney.
Zimmerman, R. F., Camp Shelby.

Weaver, 1st Lt. W. S., to Ft. Benj. Harrison for inst.

Eshner, 1st Lt. A. A., to Ft. Niagara, to examine men for tuberculosis and cardio-vascular conditions.

Miller, 1st Lt. O. R., will report to Surg.Gen.

Eggers, 1st Lt. H. S., to Ft. Oglethorpe for inst.

Glass, 1st Lt. F. A., to Ft. Oglethorpe for inst.

Mendez, 1st Lt. A. A., to Ft. Oglethorpe for inst.

Butler, Capt. J.; McBride, Capt. W. L.; Donhauser, Capt. J. L., and Pennock, 1st Lt. W. J., previous orders revoked.

Mull, 1st Lt. W. F., hon. discharged.

Malone, Maj. W. B., previous orders amended to direct him, on completion of instruction at Rockefeller Inst. for Med. Research, to Ft. Oglethorpe for training with hosp. unit "P."

Kelly, 1st Lt. R. A., and Young, 1st Lt. H. M., previous orders revoked.

Levy, 1st Lt. M. D., relieved active duty.

Trau, 1st Lt. P. A., to Canal Zone.

Westerman, 1st Lt. C. M., to Ft. Benj. Harrison for inst.

Bacon, Capt. J. E., to home.

Morrill, 1st Lt. L. G., to Camp Grant.

Dexter, Capt. T. H., previous orders revoked.

Taylor, Capt. R. M., to Camp Logan, in cantonment laboratory.

Bradbury, Maj. B. F., hon. discharged.

Colson, 1st Lt. J. D., to Camp Hancock, with 1st Penn. Eng.

Following to camps indicated to make examinations in their specialty:

CAPTAINS.

Gilbert, J., Camp Upton.
Peck, E. N., Camp Dix.
Van Poole, C. M., Camp Gordon.
Prehorn, J. A., Camp Custer.
Littig, J. V., Camp Taylor.
Dorsett, T., Camp Travis.
MacConnell, J. W., Camp Jackson.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Rayburn, C. E., Camp Travis.
Stanbery, H., Camp Sherman.

McMahon, 1st Lt. H. O., to Battle Creek.

Zeliz, Maj. M. G., to Washington for duty in office of Surg.Gen., with the Brain Division, section of surgery of the head.

Stokes, Capt. J. E., hon. discharged.

Carrington, 1st Lt. C. V., hon. discharged.

Following to Camp Mills:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Tibbins, Ft. M. Storer, E.
Stackpole, R. L. Fatchell, W. F.
O'Brien, A. M. Krieger, G. L.
Katherman, F. C. Hatteiger, P. O.
Ellis, 1st Lt. A. L., private orders revoked.
Mickey, Capt. J. J., to Pittsburgh for inst.
Bierwaerth, Capt. J. C., to Camp Dix.
Mason, 1st Lt., to Camp Beauregard, in cantonment laboratory.

Following to camps indicated to make examinations in their specialty, &c., laryngology:

CAPTAINS.

Schlichter, C. H., Camp Dix.
Gillen, H. B., Camp Lee.
Haskell, A. W., Camp Devens.
Herriman, F. R., Camp Upton.
Noyes, W. L., Camp Dodge.
Hutchings, R. K., Camp Lewis.
Proxmire, T. S., Camp Grant.
Richards, W. E., Camp Pike.
Thomas, L. C., Camp Lee.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Gorman, H. A., Camp Taylor.
Laurent, F. V., Camp Jackson.
Meyers, M. M., Camp Pike.
Smith, R. H., Camp Gordon.
Collins, J. D., Camp Devens.
Novak, F. J., Jr., Camp Grant.
Shields, L., Camp Dodge.
Spalding, A. W., Camp Funston.
Effler, L. J. R., Camp Sherman.
Gullion, W. T., Camp Lewis.
Holmes, B. H., Camp Custer.
Scales, L. L., Camp Funston.
Swindell, W. F., Camp Meade.
Kendall, M. R., Camp Meade.

Following to camp indicated and report to Cmdg. Gen., National Army Division, to make examinations in their specialty, then to their homes and stead relieved active duty:

Morris, Maj. R. S., Camp Sherman.
CAPTAINS.

Agnew, J. H., Camp Gordon.
Jennings, C. G., Camp Grant.
Smith, 1st Lt. S. C., Camp Dix.

Cadwallader, Capt. R.; Deas, Capt. W. R.; Brown, 1st Lt. J. R.; Houston, 1st Lt. E. C., and Jones, 1st Lt. R. M., to Camp Lewis.

Keyes, 1st Lt. H. S., to Camp Kearny.

Stewart, Capt. P. H., to Camp Taylor, and Stone, Capt. J. S., to Camp Jackson, as Chiefs of Surgical Service.

Blues, Maj. J. W., to Camp Grant, as Chief of Surg. Service.

Nims, 1st Lt. C. H., to Camp Beauregard as a roentgenologist.

Allan, Capt. W., to Ft. Ethan Allen.

Ingen, 1st Lt. P. V., and Satterlee, 1st Lt. H. S., previous orders revoked.

Jewett, 1st Lt. E., to Camp Wadsworth, and Shipp, 1st Lt. F. N., to Camp Logan as Chiefs of Med. Service.

Runnells, Capt. S. C., previous orders revoked.

Stapleton, Capt. W. J., Jr., hon. discharged.

Daly, 1st Lt. W. J., to Army Med. School for inst.

Ellis, 1st Lt. A. L., previous orders revoked.

Weiss, 1st Lt. W. N., to Camp Greenleaf for inst.

Peat, Capt. E. W., to Ft. Benj. Harrison for inst.

Horn, 1st

FIX CANADIAN WHEAT PRICES

Grain Supervisors' Figures Range from $2.21 to $2.15.

OTTAWA, Sept. 11.—The Canadian Board of Grain Supervisors has fixed the prices of the Canadian wheat crop of 1917 at Fort William and Port Arthur as follows:

Manitoba Northern, No. 1, $2.21; Northern, No. 2, $2.18; Northern, No. 3, $2.15.

Alberta red Winter, No. 1, $2.21; red Winter, No. 2, $2.18; red Winter, No. 3, $2.15.

It is understood that the Canadian prices are the same as for the three grades of dark Spring Northern and dark hard Winter at Minneapolis and Duluth.

It is stated that prices for other Canadian grades will be announced as soon as the authorities have more information.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Diamond, platinum lavalliere containing 2 large stones and several small ones, on Long Island train leaving Oyster Bay 8:17 A. M., Sept. 10, or in New York City. Suitable reward will be paid by Beials & Cohn, 19 Dutch St. Telephone 1717 John.

LOST—Left in ladies' washroom, Pullman car Clayton to Buffalo, Sept. 6, diamond ring, platinum setting, and 14-karat wedding ring marked R. H. F. to E. S. E. 1-22-15; liberal reward. Notify 315 Berkeley St., Rochester, N. Y.

LOST.—$250 reward. Platinum, diamond and sapphire bar pin, on Aug. 21, between Bob's and Hotel Claridge and immediate vicinity. Return to E. Stear, 47 West 45th St. Telephone Bryant 1516.

LOST, or picked up by mistake, outside Desbrosses Street Ferry, Monday night, tan leather bag; reward of $20 for return of bag and contents. Hudson River Day Line.

LOST — In Washington Square, Saturday night, black leather traveling bag, containing papers. Suitable reward if returned to Cashier, Hotel Brevoort, 5th Av. and 8th St.

LOST.—Black pocketbook; lady in gray, knitting, who found same Strand, Monday, return 48 St. Nicholas Place, Apt. 4, receive reward; name on purse. Audubon 6937.

LOST.—Liberty Loan Bonds Interim Certificates No. 895998 and No. 895969, $1,000 each. Finder communicate with L. A. Norton, 25 Broad St. Telephone 2805 Broad.

LOST—Thursday afternoon, silver mesh bag, name "Ewart" engraved inside. Reward, no questions. Telephone Greeley 4150, Room 408.

LOST—Green parrot from apartment house at 505 West 154th St., on Sunday; property of Mrs. Fairchild, 5 East 47th St. Liberal reward. Phone Vanderbilt 4241.

LOST.—Gold cigarette case on road near Centreport, L. I., with initials S. H. C.; finder can obtain very liberal reward by addressing T 50 Times.

LOST.—Diamond platinum bracelet, at Biltmore Hotel or Columbia University grounds or building; reward. Meredith, Biltmore Hotel.

LOST.—Open-faced gold bracelet watch; return to B. B. Magruder, St. Andrew's Hotel, 72d and Broadway; reward.

REWARD.—Pocketbook, wedding ring, keys, inscription "A. R. to E. W.," 6-30-17. M. 88 Times.

LOST.—Gold Tiffany watch marked "V. G. B." Monday; reward if returned. M 63 Times.

LOST—Lady's gold ball cuff links, 5th Av., or West 23d St.; reward. X 288 Times Annex.

LOST—Gold band ring with diamond, sapphires, vicinity 44th, 36th; reward. Audubon 3990.

LOST—Sunday or Monday, diamond bracelet; large reward. Kleinhaus, Hotel Biltmore.

REWARD for return of platinum wrist watch surrounded by rose diamonds; initials on back, "D. L. F., 1915"; no questions asked. Falk, 151 Central Park West.

Tea Rooms.

THE GREEN WITCH
IN
GREENWICH VILLAGE
AT
FORTY-NINE EAST TENTH STREET.
Outdoor Dining Room.
Table d'Hote Francaise and a la Carte.
Club Dinners a Specialty.

DOWNTOWN'S MOST DELIGHTFUL MID-DAY TEA ROOMS
THE BROWN BETTY 142 FULTON ST. 72 WALL ST.
Delicious Home Cooking.

THE DUTCH OVEN 135 Macdougal Street nr. Washington Sq. So.
Luncheon, 50c; Afternoon Tea, 25c; Dinner, 60c. Also a la carte. Closed Sundays. OPEN AIR DINING ROOM.

Old Chelsea 51 West 16th St. Open Sundays.
Fine home-cooked, well-balanced BREAKFASTS—LUNCHES—DINNERS. Rooms, suites, floors—furnished or unfurnished.

Green Parrot Tea Shop 38 E. 58th St., Opp. Altman's.
Specially Attractive Luncheon A la carte and Afternoon Tea.
LEMON MERINGUE PIE A SPECIALTY.

The OAK ROOM 36 East 57th St. near Madison Av.
Breakfast; Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Dinner. Meals served in Summer Garden (weather permitting.)

Luncheon, dinner and always a hearty welcome at SCOTCH TEA ROOM, Inc. 21 E. 47th St.
Afternoon Tea
Home-made Scotch Shortbread and Scones.

The Dorothy-Louise, 1 WEST 30TH ST. (Opp. Lord & Taylor.)
Luncheon, Fifty Cents. Dinner, Sixty Cents. CHICKEN DINNER EVERY SATURDAY.

THE FERNERY 22 EAST 33D STREET.
8 to 8, Except Sundays.
"Club" or a la carte. Shooting in Garden.
The Oldest Tea Room in New York.

MARY LOUISE 175 Madison Ave., near 34th.
Breakfast or Luncheon, 35c.
Tues., Thurs and Sat., Chicken Luncheon, 40c.
BASEMENT FOR BUSINESS TO RENT.

SAVORY TEA SHOP 45 E. 30th St.
Summer Garden
Lunch, 40c. Southern chicken dinner, Wed., 60c.
"WONDERFUL APPLE PIE ALWAYS."

Dine at OLD GRAMERCY PARK, No. 20.
Breakfast, 30c; Luncheon, 50c; Dinner, 75c.
Saturday night, New England Supper, 65c.
Entrance on Irving Place, Downstairs.

THE TALLY HO 20 East 34th St. Opposite Altman's
Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Southern Chicken Dinner

THE MARYLAND 112 West 73d St. Just off Columbus Av.
Breakfast, 40c; Luncheon, 50c; Dinner, 75c.

THE PIROUETTE, 22 East 45th Street, bet. Madison & 5th Avs.
Luncheon, 35-40c; Afternoon Tea. Dinner 55c

The Hart Schaffner & Marx Varsity Fifty Five Fall Suits Are Here

Come in and see the new all-wool Fall Suits and Top Coats, especially the new sport suits and the designs that strike a military note.

Suits, $20 to $50.
Top Coats, $20 to $38.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
346-348 West 125th } Open
3d Ave., cor. 122d } Evenings

BAKERS PLEDGE SALE OF BREAD AT COST

1,500 Members of New York Association Declare for Patriotism Above Profit.

BIG CONCERNS OUT OF IT

Action Taken by Organization of Small Manufacturers May Cause Similar Action by Others.

The New York State Master Bakers' Association at its convention in Terrace Garden, Fifty-eighth Street and Third Avenue, resolved to sell bread at cost during the war. The association went on record, also, as opposing the members of the trade who would bargain with the Government for the last cent of profit, deferring their patriotism until their pockets were filled. This, it was said, is to be the bakers' contribution to the war-time service of the country. All this was not done, however, without discussion. The second day's session of the convention had its exciting moments.

The New York State Master Bakers' Association includes in its membership more than 1,500 retail bakers, of whom 1,000 are doing business in this city. The large manufacturing bakers are not members of the organization. Members of the association said last night that it remained to be determined just what weight could be given at cost. The action of the association will be far-reaching, it is predicted, because if the association cuts the price of bread or increases the weight of the loaf competition may cause others to follow their example.

The official action of the bakers followed a spirited discussion of the situation now confronting the makers of bread. Many of the delegates deplored the fact that there seemed to be a very general disposition on the part of the public to blame the baker for the increased cost of bread. This, they said, was not the case, and in the clamor for cheaper food the public was often led to disregard the fact that the baker, like men in other industries, had to face increased cost of labor and materials, a greater overhead charge along with the usual depreciation of his plant. The following statement presented by Maximilian Strasser on behalf of the Executive Committee was adopted by the convention:

When hundreds of thousands of our fellow-citizens offer not only their services but their very lives to our country, honest, patriotic business men must forget the word profit. We do not agree with so-called leaders of our trade in bargaining with the Government for the last cent and become patriotic after their pockets are filled.

We herewith resolve to uphold the standard of good, wholesome, nutritious bread, and during war time sell same at cost of production, plus administration expenses and the usual per cent. for depreciation and upkeep of our plants. The practice of charging delivery to overhead expenses shall be discontinued, and the cost of the same be made a direct charge to those demanding it. This will assure a minimum price over the counter.

We are not prepared to state at what price bread can be produced, because data on cost of flour are not as yet available. We assure the public, however, that with flour down below $11 a barrel, the customary loaf of fourteen ounces will be sold for less than 10 cents, contrary statements of large wholesale bakers notwithstanding. We approve the action of the officers of this association in directly communicating with the officers in Washington in reference to the bread question.

In introducing the resolution Mr. Strasser contended that the larger baking concerns were creating a false impression by claiming that under present conditions it was impossible to sell a pound loaf of bread for less than 10 cents.

"When the price of flour is boosted to $17, or more, the baker is powerless to reduce the price of his loaves," he said. "But the public has not taken this into consideration in the past and the small baker is accused of dishonesty and a desire to profit at the expense of the poor. The smaller bakers are willing to do their share and content themselves with the small profit they may make on pies, cakes, and other luxuries in their line of business. In the baking and sale of bread we bakers will be content with a salary sufficient to support ourselves and our families and forget the profits."

The following officers were elected: President, Adolph J. Gundermann of New York City; Vice President, F. H. Stegmeier, Buffalo; Secretary, Philip Modry, and Treasurer, Julius Zink, both of New York City.

Jewelry Workers Face Lockout.

Eight hundred union jewelry workers face a lockout as a result of a split in the Newark Manufacturing Jewelers' Association. Notices were posted in the factories of fifteen members of the association yesterday informing the men that they must resign from the union or leave their employ. These manufacturers bolted a meeting of their own association when a motion to accept the union's peace proposal was adopted, 20 to 15. The twenty firms who have signified their willingness to meet the men's demands are employing men who are on strike from one of the other faction's shops.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Wisdom In Few Words

IX.

MEND THY FAULTS.

Benjamin Franklin believed in social justice. And he didn't believe that individual thrift was a substitute for it. But he preached courage to the man with a hard row to hoe, and hard work and self-denial, in order that personal character, and strength and independence might result. These, he knew, would help a fellow to rise above an adverse environment, and thus attain larger opportunities and influence in the age-long struggle for better and juster social and political conditions. He would have men mend themselves while contending for mended laws.

He said:

"How few there are who have courage to own their faults or resolution enough to mend them."

A lot of Franklin's sayings useful for character-building in young and old, are to be found in the little pamphlet, sent free for the asking by an institution that for 30 years has been proving to many thousands the wisdom of self-help.

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Have the laugh on the fellow

who pays more than our price. Only your pocketbook--not your friends or your mirror --can tell a Kaufman from a high priced hat.

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Provide yourself NOW with articles needed for winter wear.
Overcoats, Shoes, Blankets, Bedding Rolls. Sheeplined Trench Coats, Woolen Underwear, O. D. Wool Shirts, Sweaters. Raincoats, Puttee Leggings, Trunks.
And 5,000 other articles ready for immediate delivery.

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U.S. — National Guard Enlisted Men's Button. 20c. each, postpaid.

ARMY & NAVY STORE CO., Inc., 245 W. 42d St., N. Y. City.
BET. B'WAY AND 8TH AVE., North Side of Street.
BRANCH STORES—18 School St., Boston; 437 Wood St., Pittsburgh; Richmond, Va.; Petersburg, Va.
Largest Military and Naval Outfitters.
Don't confuse our store with other firms who have adopted similar name.

Tomorrow He May March Away

Have You His Photograph—Has He Yours?

We will help you both to remember and think of one another. Cut out the coupon below. Bring it to any one of our studios and you or any member of your family will receive

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French Gray Photographs, on heavy mounts, size 7x10 inches, each one set in double-page portfolios. Proofs submitted. Photos guaranteed not to fade.

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This Coupon Should Be Presented for Sitting on or Before Oct. 10th.

Another Great Mountain Range Conquered by Electricity

The mighty Rockies, the Belts and the Bitter Roots have bowed their lofty heads before the onward progress of man. The limitless energy of their tumbling cataracts has been harnessed to furnish power for the giant electric locomotives that haul the trains of the *"St. Paul Road"* across their rugged slopes.

And now another great mountain range—the snow capped Cascades in Washington has felt the hand of the conqueror. The work of electrifying the 211 miles of line through this range is well under way. When completed the *"St. Paul"* will have 651 miles of its main transcontinental line under electrical operation.

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You can't tell anything about unproven, untried gasoline until *after* you have used it.

Then your knowledge, as often as not, is in terms of carbonized cylinders, tardy starts, and sluggish pick-ups.

Don't be misled. Don't take unnecessary chances—use So-CO-ny (accent on the second syllable) Motor Gasoline and be sure. Every gallon is like every other gallon. No trouble with your carburetor or your mixture.

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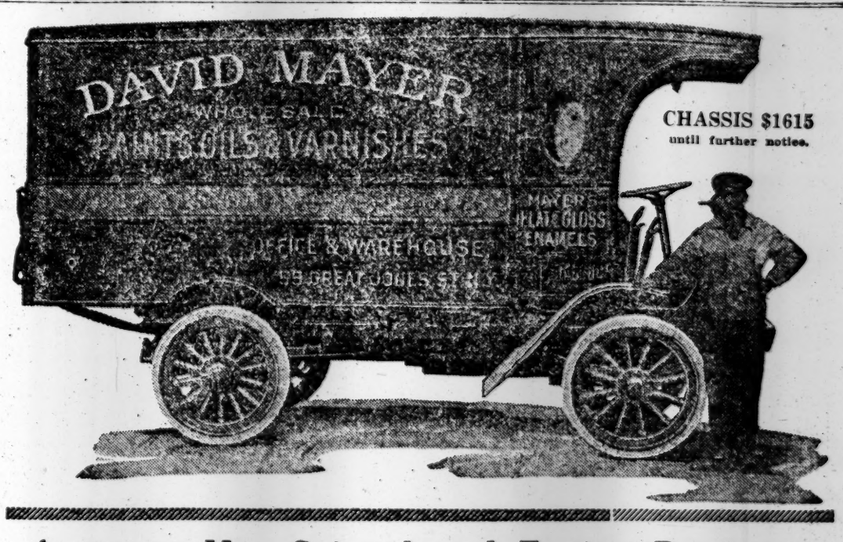

Autocar Has Stimulated Entire Business

"The marked improvement in our shipping and delivery department since we bought an Autocar a year ago has stimulated our entire business," says David Mayer, of New York City. "It is always ready for any job we have for it, and the service we get from the Autocar Company is very gratifying."

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